THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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L. TWENTY-THREE NUMBER 21. THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT, LIMA, OHIO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1906. PRICE TWO CENTS.

OTH PARTIES

New York Gubernatorial Fight

re According to Statements Today, Received No Campaign Funds.

DS ARE ON HUGHES.

ll Street Gamblers Betting Four to One Against Hearst.

'cest Political Battle New York Ever Saw, Coming to Close.

York, Nov. 3.—The last day of work in the political campaign is state finds the Wall street g favoring Chas. E. Hughes, the lican candidate for governor, at of 4 to 1. At the opening of the sign the Wall street betting was 1, then for a time it was 2 1-2 to within the last week bets have made at 3, 3 1-2 and 4 to 1 st.

candidates today kept up the work they have been doing ever they began their canvasses of late. Mr. Hughes began with a ay speech in Brooklyn to be folby eight others before midnight. Hearst rested through the day beeginning his evening task of deg seven packages in Manhattan gh to-night.

Murphy's Statement.

lliam R. Hearst has not coned one cent to Tammany Hall's aign fund," said Chas. F. Murphy, Tammany leader.

e have not asked him for money e would not accept it from him e offered it. Neither has Mr. ller or any of the candidates upe state ticket contributed to the many Hall fund."

Murphy said that it is not the n for state candidates to con e to this Tammany Hall fund.

Hughes Confident.

m growing more and more con every hour that the people are me in this fight," said Chas. E. es, the republican candidate for nor as he was starting today on aking tour through Brooklyn and atan boroughs. The day's pro e called for nine speeches by ughes.

irman Woodruff said today that publican state committee during campaign has received several s from various corporations. In instance, he said, the checks been returned promptly with the s of the committee and the no hat the law forbids the committ receive such contributions.

Woodruff reiterated his state of yesterday in which he claimed he election was just about all but for the shouting and de l that conditions up the state improving hourly.

grams from up-state chairman the effect that the Hughes lity will have to be increased their first estimate.

Hearst Also Certain.

Evening Journal, William R. st's evening newspaper in this today estimates that Mr. Hearst be elected governor of New York Tuesday by a plurality of 200,000 estimate the Journal says is on a careful canvass of every y in the state. The greater New is claimed for Hearst by 150,000 lity. The claim is made that Mr. st will receive 95 out of every 100 cast in Schenectady. Kings y is claimed by 30,000. Erie y by 7,000 to 10,000; Chemung by 5,000 and Albany county by Rensselaer county also is ed.

TO IS IN RIVER; DRIVER MISSING.

ssociated Press.

lkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 3.—An autolc driven by Fred Williams, of ton, who took it out of a local e last night, was found today in Susquehannah river. Williams is ng and it is believed he was ned. It is not known whether any persons were in the auto or not. e point where the machine went the river is at the end of a street h curves sharply away from the The bank at this point is 40 high.

HUMAN ICE BERG MAKES A FINISH.

Indianapolis, Nov. 3.—Vice President Fairbanks today closed the campaign in Indiana and his four days' speaking tour of the state. Starting from Terre Haute he was scheduled to make fifteen speeches in the South-western part of the state and close with a night meeting at Evansville. Notwithstanding the heavy drain on his nervous energies Mr. Fairbanks is in excellent health and is enjoying the trip. The large crowds which have greeted him everywhere have greatly pleased him.

MAY WAS MARRIED BY KING'S CONSENT.

By Associated Press.

London, Nov. 3.—By permission of King Edward, the marriage occurred at the Chapel Royal, St. James palace, this afternoon, of May, daughter of Mrs. William George Cavandish-Bentinick, formerly Miss Livingston, of New York, to John Ford, secetary of the British embassy at Constantinople, and formerly attached to the British embassy at Washington, D. C. The church was filled with prominent people and a very large crowd of members of society attended the reception subsequently held by the bride's mother. The king presented the bride with an amethyst and diamond pendant and Ambassador Reid and Mrs. Reid and all the leaders of the American coleny, as well as many friends in the United States figure on the extended list of donors of jewels and costly presents.

DARK CLOUDS

Hover Over Cleveland Fish Concerns.

Fifteen Dealers, Large and Small to Be Prosecuted Soon

FOR BREAKING LAWS.

Warrants Sworn Out By Fish and Game Commissioner.

Fish Handlers Alleged to Have Used Nets of Too Small Mesh.

By Associated Press.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 3.—Fifteen fish concerns, big and little, will be prosecuted before the middle of next, on warrants sworn out by Fish and Game Commissioner Paul North, and Warden Crossley, of the fish commission. The arrests will be made as the result of a trip of inspection made some ten days ago in the Patrol boat Oliver Perry. Affravits have already been sworn out and Crossley has gone up the lake to serve the warrants.

According to Commissioner North, it was found that with but three exceptions the fish companies are deliberately violating the new state law, prohibiting the use of fine mesh nets. The laws provides that in all the "pots," where the fish are held in the water pending removal, at least a third of the netting must be of sufficient size to permit the escape of undeveloped fish.

The fishermen, however, have been working a game on the commission. Those parts of the "pots" that protrude from the water have been fitted with the coarse mesh net but beneath the water it was found that practically every one was inclosed with the fine netting, holding fish fit for scarcely anything but fertilizer.

The Ranny Fish company and the Buckeye Fish company of this city, the first companies to fall into the toils of the commission on this charge, were fined $100 and costs each before Justice Brown Thursday on a plea of guilty.

CAR HIT A WAGON; DRIVER INJURED.

Cleveland, Nov. 3.—A crowded Broadway car struck a beer wagon in the middle of the east 34th street bridge today. The wagon was hurled over the rail into the gulley below, the driver Geo. Wesler was seriously hurt and several passengers were trampled down in the panic which followed the collision. Part of the bridge is a wreck.

PEARY'S DASH

Brought Him Nearer the North Pole

Than Any Living Being Has Yet Been Able to Accomplish.

NATIONAL REJOICING

Result of American Flag Being Carried Farthest Northward.

Explorers Endured Terrible Hardships, Even Faring on Dogs.

Peary's Message.

"Topedale, Labrador, Via Twillingate, N. F., Nov. 2, 1906.

"Herbert L. Bridgeman: Roosevelt wintered north coast Greenland, somewhat north Alert winter quarters. Went north, with sledges, February, via Heckla and Columbia. Delayed by open water between 84 and 85 degrees. Beyond 85 six days.

"Gale disrupted ice, destroyed caches, cut off communication with supporting bodies and drifted due east. Reached 87 degrees 6 minutes, north latitude, over ice; drifting steadily eastward. Returning ate eight dogs. Drifting eastward. Delay by open water. Reached north coast Greenland in straightened condition. Killed musk oxen and returned along Greenland coast to ship.

Battle With Ice.

"Two supporting parties driven on north coast Greenland. One rescued by me in starving condition. After one week recuperation on Roosevelt, sledged west, completing north coast Grantland and reached other land, near 100th meridian.

"Homeward voyage, incessant battle with ice, storms and headwinds. Roosevelt magnificent ice fighter and sea boat. No deaths or illness in expedition. PEARY."

Cause for Rejoicing.

Commander Robert E. Peary, who was heard from last night after his long sojourn in the frozen north, failed to reach the north pole, Secretary Bridgeman, of the Peary Arctic Club, believes that his feat in reaching furthest north ought to be a subject for national rejoicing. Mr. Bridgeman who received the message from Commander Peary announcing the latter's return to civilization telephoned the news of Peary's safety to Mrs. Peary, who happened to be in the city.

"Thank God he is safe," was her first comment and then she plied Mr. Bridgeman with questions regarding the details of the news. Mr. Bridgeman told her that her husband, while he failed to reach the pole because of drifting ice had now the distinction of having gone farthest north., having reached 87 degrees, a point 32 minutes nearer the north pole than that reached by the Duke of the Abruzzi expedition in 1900. "I am very glad my husband is coming home so soon and that he has been so successful," Mrs. Peary then said.

In discussing Peary's dash late last night, after he had had time to study the commanders message more closely, Mr. Bridgeman said:

"Commander Peary's achievement ought to be a subject for national rejoicing for I am sure it has been the ambition of every true American to see the stars and stripes first at the Arctic pole. And that it should be an American to reach the furthest north is but little less gratifying.

"Peary started out with the determination to reach the pole at all hazards and it is certain that only the impossible prevented that.

"It is evident that Peary has had the same experience of getting on drifting ice and being carried away from his goal that other explorers have had. Probably no other man living would have got off so well as Peary has. He found himself on ice that had been broken up by a storm and was taking him in a contrary direction. It is likely that he and his party went to the limit of human endurance before they gave up, as instance the eating of the dogs. Without doubt the explorer is now on his way home and when he reaches here will hear a wonderful story.

"Will Peary ever make the attempt again? I do not know, although it was said by the newspapers when he sailed that if he failed this time he would never try again, he never told me that and I was quite close to him. The commander will undoubtedly bring back with him a wealth of scientific matter. I consider that one of the wonderful features of this expedition is the fact that the Roosevelt is coming home with the entire party, despite the hardships they have experienced."

Peary probably reached within two hundred and three miles of the north pole. He surpassed the D'Abruzzi party by about 35 miles.

This was Peary's fifth attempt to reach the pole. The sledge journeys were made in the years 1892, 1895, 1900 and 1902.

The Roosevelt Damaged.

St. Johns, N. F., Nov. 3.—The fact that Commander Robert Peary's steamer Roosevelt was damaged by ice during its long stay in the Arctic region while the explorer made his last dash to the pole, was reported today from Moravian Mission station at Hopedale on the Labrador coast, where the Roosevelt has arrived. The extent of the damage is unknown. Commander Peary also reported that the steamer was in need of coal.

Peary Congratulated.

New York, Nov. 3.—The following message of congratulation for Commander Peary was received today by Herbert L. Bridgeman, secretary of the Peary Arctic Club:

"Peary, care Bridgeman: New York—Very hearty congratulations upon your splendid achievement.

WM. S. BRUCE,

Edinburgh, Scotland, Nov. 3."

Mr. Bruce was the leader of the Scottish expedition and spent two years exploring the Antarctic region with the Scotia.

Mr. Bridgeman said today that he did not believe Commander Peary's steamer had been seriously damaged by the ice or Mr. Peary would have so reported to him. Mr. Bridgeman said Peary would have no difficulty in obtaining coal in Labrador. He expects to hear from Peary at Sidney, Cape Breton.

New York, Nov. 3.—Mrs. Robert E. Peary, wife of the explorer, received today the following message from Commander Peary, dated at Hopedale, Labrador:

"Homeward voyage incessant battle with ice, storms and head winds. Propeller damaged and progress very slow. Waiting here for coal from mail steamer. Have no anxiety. Expect wire from Chateau Bay. Am perfectly well."

Mr. Bridgeman said that Commander Peary's mention of Chateau Bay, might indicate that he expected to touch there on the way to Sydney. Mr. Bridgeman believed that Peary obtained coal from the mail steamer which carried his message to Twillingate, N. F.

PIANO FACTORY FIRE

Throwns Hundreds of Men Out of Employment Indefinitely.

MONEY LOSS IS HEAVY.

Varnish and Other Combustibles, Increase Violence of the Flames.

By Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 3.—Hundreds of men were thrown out of employment and money loss in excess of $250,000 was caused early today by a fire which destroyed the piano factory of Jacob Bros. company in west 39th street. The fire started in the cellar where oils, varnish and other combustible matter were stored and worked steadily upward until it burst through the roof of a seven story structure. About fifty firemen who were sent into the building during the early stage of the fire were forced to flee for their lives when barrels of oil and paint in the cellar began to burst.

CHIEFS WILL TALK TO WHITE FATHER.

By Associated Press.

Sheridan, Wyo., Nov. 3.—A conference between the Indians and troops today, resulted in an agreement on the part of the Utes to return with Col. Rogers to Fort Meade, S. D., to be taken care of there by the government while Chiefs Red Cap and Black Whiskers go to Washington to talk the matter over with President Roosevelt. The Utes will go overland with troops of the sixth cavalry. The Indians have not been disarmed and will not be so long as they take no threatening actions.

BOSS BOODLER

Suddenly Appreciates the Law

When it Can Be Utilized to Further His Own Interests.

DELICATE FEELINGS

Of the Burly Boss of San Francisco are Deeply Injured.

Antiquated 'Signature Law' Is Dug Up in a Libel Suit.

By Associated Press.

San Francisco, Nov. 3.—An almost forgotten section of the penal code, known as the "Signature law" which provides that all newspaper articles tending in any way to impeach the honesty or integrity of any person must be published with the writer's signature thereto, has been revived by the filing yesterday of two suits, of $2,000 each, against R. A. Crother, and Fremont Older, publisher and managing editor respectively of the Bulletin.

The suits were filed by Bert M. Meadly and are based upon editorials published in the Bulletin on October 5th and 9th. The editorial of October 5th, in which Abraham Reef has already caused proceedings to be commenced against R. A. Crothers for criminal libel connects Ruel with alleged grafting in the acquisition of a municipal water supply, and also mentions the name of Will S. Tevis, president of the Bay City Water company. The article of October 9th is headed "Boodlers cannot hide behind the shield of Abuse." Section 290 of the code passed by the legislature in 1899 provides that all articles in which any dishonest acts are attributed to any person ro in which any suggestion is made which might be injurious to character must, when published in a newspaper bear the signature of the author. A failure to do this, according to the law, is subject to a forfeit or penalty of $1,000 for each such article, which may be sued for and recovered through civil action by any one who wishes to bring such action regardless of personal connection with the case. If the forfeit is recovered, the plaintiff retains half and it to pay the other half into the state treasury.

ANOTHER GOOD USE OF THE WIRELESS.

By Associated Press.

Marshfield, Mass., Nov. 3.—The wireless telephone, it is claimed, has successfully entered into the deep sea fishing industry. For the past week experiments have been conducted by the wireless telegraph station at Brint Rock which is equipped with a wireless telephone, with a small vessel stationed about the fleet of South Shore fishermen 12 miles out in Massachusetts Bay. Recently, it is asserted, the fishermen wished to learn the price ruling in the Boston market. The operator on the wireless fitted boat called up Brint Rock asked the price of fish in Boston and received the information asked for.

UNFORTUNATE MAN SWEPT OVERBOARD.

By Associated Press.

Boston, Nov. 3.—The plant line steamer Halifax which sailed from Halifax at midnight, Wednesday, arrived here today, 20 hours late after a dangerous experience in a storm during which the ships carpenter, John McLean, of Halifax, was swept overboard and lost. The steamer was considerably damaged by the gale and heavy sea, doors and windows having been broken and a plate started on the starboard side forward. The Halifax encountered the storm Thursday Morning. From 2 p. m., for 24 hours the vessel was hove to.

WISCONSIN CRIPPLED.

By Associated Press.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 3.—For the foot ball game this afternoon between Wisconsin and Iowa Universities the players on the Wisconsin team were not in good condition, several of them being crippled from hard work in practice play early in the week. The visitors were reported in splendid form.

RUSSIANS OBJECT TO FUEL OIL PRICE.

By Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3.—A conference was held at the ministry of commerce today, under the presidency of Commerce Minister Filisoff, to consider measure for alleviating the fuel crisis. A project for the abolition of the duties on fuel oil, in order to permit the importation of American oils to compete with the Russian fuel residuum, the price of which now is almost prohibitive, was discussed.

The abolition of the duties on fuel oil is advocated by Minister Filisoff and the central Russian industries, who claim that oil can be imported by way of Libau at rates twenty per cent below the present prices. The representatives here of the Baku oil interests oppose the proposition.

MOULDERS WAGES HAVE BEEN RAISED.

By Associated Press.

Hazelton, Pa., Nov. 3.—The wages of two hundred moulders and coremakesr of the Weatherly Car and Foundry company have been increased fifteen cents a day effective November 1st. Announcement of the voluntary advance was made by the company today.

HOLY WARRIOR ARRESTED.

By Associated Press.

Tangier, Marocco, Nov. 3.—The sultan has ordered the arrest of the famous Sheref Rouazzaoui, who has been preaching a holy war.

GUNS DAMAGED

When Battleship Virginia was Struck

In Collision With the Old Dominion Liner "Monroe."

IMMIGRANTS SCARED

Women Foreigners Grew Panicky When the Accident Occurred.

Fortunately the Ship Most Damaged Was About to be Laid Up.

By Associated Press.

Norfolf, Va., Nov. 3.—The battleship Virginia was rammed today in Hampton Roads by the Old Dominion Liner Monroe. Both afterwards came to this port. The Monroe inward bound from New York, landed her passengers at her pier, while the battleship following shortly under her stern to the Norfolk navy yard. The Virginia sailed from Old Point about nine o'clock bound for Norfolk. Shortly afterwards the Monroe came in following the battleship through Hampton Roads. Off Sewels Point, the Virginia slowed down, apparently, and the Monroe immediately ran it down.

The Virginia's stearing gear seemed to have become deranged and she went out of her course. The Monroe could not stop or could she change her course in time so she struck the battleship on the after part, and raked her starboard quarter. One set of the battleship's davits were turned in board while two of the battleship's six-inch and one of her 3-inch after guns were raked and probably materially damaged. The monroe had a bad twist of her steel prow and the damage to her may prove more serious than now apparent.

A survey will be made of both vessels.

There were many immigrants aboard the Monroe and when the ships crashed the women set up a loud outcry. They were soon calmed.

It is stated at the navy department that the accident to the Virginia will not delay the department in making use of the vessel, as she had just been ordered to the Norfolk navy yard to be laid up for two months for the purpose of making necessary changes in her ordnance outfit.

CASTRO PRESIDES OVER HIS CABINET.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 3.—A cable dispatch received at the Venezuelan legation announces that president Castro who recently returned to Caracas, had presided over the meeting of the cabinet yesterday.

DUN'S REVIEW

Points to But One Great Draw Back.

Business World Has Difficulty in Moving Freight.

BUILDING ACTIVITY

Is Somewhat Deterred by Advance in Prices of Materials.

Cool and Favorable Weather Has Helped Retail Trade In Ohio.

By Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 3.—Dispatches to Dun's Review indicate that the only drawback of any importance is the business world is the difficulty encountered in moving freight. Boston reports that wool has become very active, many cotton mills have sold their entire output for next spring; shoeshops start the spring run under favorable conditions and there is a confident feeling in all branches of trade. Textile plants are active at Philadelphia and sale of wool increases. Building operation is large although the advance in prices of material curtails profits in some cases. The iron and steel industry is very active. Cold weather at Pittsburg has improved retail trade, but dry good lines still drag.

Baltimore reports that a late fall has retarded retail trade and collection but forward business is on a large scale and furniture factories have orders up to the end of January. October trade at Richmond exceeded that of the previous month or the same month last year, and factories are behind with orders, but rain retarded payments. Jobbers and manufacturers at Nashville operate extra forces, retail plants work full time at Louisville and there is much complaint of the poor supply of labor. Movement of merchandise at New Orleans continues fully up to expectations and collections are steadily improving. House business at St. Louis is above normal, and collections are fair. Merchandise moves freely at Kansas City and shipments would be still heavier but for the car shortage.

Stormy weather at Chicago, increased retail sales of seasonable good manufacturing plants increase capacity, and building operations are pushed because of the approaching winter. Retail trade at Cincinnati is now normal and there is much pressure for iron and steel. Cool weather at Columbus has increased retail business, factories are busy. Improvement is noted in retail trade at Cleveland and payments are more prompt. Colder weather at Minneapolis caused a brisk demand for clothing and footwear. But collections are only fair.

Wet weather affected distribution of seasonable lines at St. Paul and collections are not up to expectations. Trade and collections are satisfactory at Omaha.

Bank exchanges this week at all leading cities in the United States are $2,673,033,979 a loss of 3.5 per cent compared with last year and 2.5 per cent compared with the corresponding week of 1904, but the loss is mainly at New York city and in part is due to smaller transactions in the stock market this year then in either of the two preceding years with which comparison is made; also in part due to the fact that the week this year includes only one day in November against two days in the corresponding week of last year and three days in 1904, and settlements falling due the first of each month always increase the bank exchanges during the first three days of the month to the disadvantage of this year's figures at all cities. There are some small losses at cities outside of New York and some considerable gains, notably at Cleveland and New Orleans, and in the aggregate those cities show an increase of 2.7 per cent over last year and 11.5 per cent over 1904.

STRUCK HIS WIFE A TERRIFIC BLOW.

By Associated Press.

Washington, C. H., Nov. 3.—Late last night John Titman, in a domestic quarrel, struck his wife with a large stone, fracturing her skull. She is unconscious and her recovery doubtful.

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SOCIETY AND THE CLUBS.

NEW PHONE NO. 533.

Club Calendar.

Monday, November 5.—
Chatauqueans.....Miss Fraunfelter
Arbutus.....Mrs. Gooding
Philomathreans.....Mrs Stradley
Twentieth Century.....Miss Badeau
Sorosis.....Mrs. B. Simpson
Clionian.....Mrs. E. E. Emery
Duplicate Whist.....Mrs. DeGray
Tuesday, November 6.—
Auld Lang Syne.....Mrs. Bowers
Thursday, November 8.—
Sappho.....Mrs. Wells
X. L.....Mrs J D Jones
Friday, November 9.—
U. O. T.....Mrs. W. J. Richie

"Down earth-time meets gray heaven,
And all the land looks sad,
But Love's the little leaven
That makes the whole world glad."
—Anne Reeve Aldrich.

In November.

One of the most enjoyable of Halloween affairs was the six o'clock dinner enjoyed by the members of the Epicurean club on Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Tom Brodenick, in Shawnee township. The house was prettily trimmed in true Halloween style. The table was especially beautiful, the center piece, a large pumpkin filled with fruit, the favors, small pumpkins containing bon bons and the place cards in pumpkin shape adding much to its attractiveness. The following menu was served:

Waldorf Salad in Apple Cups
Wafers
Oyster Patties, Potato Chips
Fried Chicken
Mashed Potatoes, Sweet Potatoes
Olives, Hot Rolls, Fruit Gelatine
Pumpkin Pie, Orange Sherbet, Cake
Coffee

The guests of the club were Miss Etta Boysell and Miss Anna Hover.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bogart entertained at dinner on Saturday night complimenting Mrs. Blake, of St. Louis. Covers were laid for Dr. and Mrs. George Hall, Mrs. Blake and the host and hostess.

The Fortnightly club had its opening meeting Halloween, at the home of Frances Lawlor on North Main street. Five Hundred was the game and Mayme Cunningham held the high score and received a dainty Japanese vase. Halloween games were also enjoyed, after which a delicious lunch was served. The young ladies belonging to the club are Kathryn Longmier Anna Kane, Nora Sullivan, Bertha Werner, Cecilia Dimond, Kathryn Sullivan, Bess Cassidy, Laura Dimond, Nellie Sullivan, Mayme Cunningham, and Mayme Kempker of Delphos.

Monday evening about fifty of J. C. Flesh's friends called on him unexpectedly and reminded him of his 39th birthday. After pulling him out of bed they enjoyed themselves with cards and music, after which a fine lunch was served. He was presented with several fine presents. At a late hour they left wishing him many more such happy birthdays.

Monday afternoon was guest day for the Round Table and a very delightful time was found at the home of Mrs. J. M. Campbell, on south Cole street. Each member brought a friend and every detail was arranged for the pleasure of each guest. A short time was consumed in becoming acquainted after which roll was called and each lady present responded with "Her Birthplace" and anything of note in connection with it. The following excellent program was much enjoyed by all:

Piano olo....Mrs. Harry McDonald.
Duet...Mesdames Wells and Black
Vocal Solo.....Miss Helen Badeau.
Piano Solo....Miss Frances Meyers.
Vocal Solo...Mrs. Ira Longsworth
Recitation.....Miss Fletcher.
Vocal Solo.....Mrs Wells

After a very clever contest in which all participated, dainty refreshments were served, escalloped oysters gelatine, olives, pickles, bread and butter squares, ice cream, cake and coffee.

Aside from the regular members the following ladies were present: Mrs. R. C. Eastman, Mrs S M. Craig, Mrs. Chas. Black, Mrs. E. V. Wells, Mrs. Geo. Newson, Mrs. T. R. Thomas, Mrs E M Stradley, Mrs. John Black, Mrs T. C Pennell, Mrs. F. G. Clark, Mrs. G M Simpson, Mrs. Clark Miller, Mrs G. M. McCullough, Mrs A. Miesse, Mrs D. C. Dunn, Mrs. J. N. Fletcher, Mrs. T. H. Campbell, Mrs. G. M Plate, Mrs. C. B. Plate, Mrs. Arbaugh, Mrs Adkins, Miss Curtis and Mrs Remy, Mansfield, O

Mrs McLaren and daughter Helen, of New Philadelphia, are guests of Dr and Mrs A F Knisely, west Market street.

The Avalanto club held a very enjoyable meeting on Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs A L Richmond Mrs. A. H. Creps, Miss Reynolds, and the Misses Disman were guests of the club

Mrs. A M. D. Weese, who attended the funeral of her brother-in-law, Mr. George Myers, returned yesterday to her home in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs Ira P Carnes and son John, spent Sunday in Detroit, the guests of Mrs. Hugh Hall Phelps.

Dr. and Mrs Frank Steiner entertained a few friends at cards on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Taylor Smith, of New York, is the guest of Mrs. C F Lufkin.

The Twentieth Century club will meet on Tuesday evening with Miss Badeau, instead of with Mrs. Basinger.

Miss Mildred Catt entertained a number of her little friends in celebration of her brithday anniversary.

Mrs. Irvin Detwiler and Mrs J. P. Finnell entertained at Bridge on Friday afternoon honoring Mrs. Chas. Sagman. High score was held by Mrs. Asa Catt. Dainty refreshments were served by the hotesses at five o'clock.

Miss Louise Beebe is spending several days in Dayton.

Miss Edith Argue is the guest of friends in Jackson Michigan.

The following invitations were issued this week:

Christ Episcopal Church,
Lima, Ohio.
Special Harvest Home Services
in Christ Church
Sunday, November the Fourth
7:30, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
and
Congregational Reunion
8 o'clock
Monday Evening November the Fifth
at
Residence of Mr. Geo. E. Mehaffey
1044 west Market street
Being an Opportunity to Meet Our New
New Rector and Mrs. Molony
Newcomers Particularly Invited
The Rector will Give a Short Address.
Hallowe'en Lunch.
Impromptu Musical Program.
Be Sure You Come.
St. Agatha's Guild. St. Mary's Guild

The Etude club met on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Miss Grace Cover, the following program being given:

First Centuries of Christian Music.
Venantius Fortunatus, Pange Lingua Gloriosi.
Ancient Melody, Alleluia, Dulce Carmen.
Program of Compositions by American Composers.
Stephen S. Foster, "My Old Kentucky Home,".....Miss Badeau
E. A. MacDowell, Scottish Tone Poem.
Ethelbert Nevin, Water Nymphs.
.....Miss O'Connor
Julia Ward Howe, "Battle Hymn of the Republic,".....Miss Bannister
Edgar S. Kelly, "The Lady Picking Mulberries:" Reginald DeKoven. 'Cradle Song,".....Mrs. Hover
S. B. Mills, Tarantelle, Op. 13,.....
.....Mrs. Pierce
E. A. MacDowell, "Flowers from an Old Garden,".....Miss Swan
George W. Chadwick, "A Ballad of Trees and the Master," Mrs. Black
Henry Holden Huss, Prelude, Op. 17, No. 2; L M. Gottschalk, "Last Hope,".....Miss Gamble
Miss Golley, accompanist.

Aside from the club members, Miss Cover's guests were Mrs. George Mehaffey, Mrs. Paul Agerter, Mrs. F. E. Harman, Mrs E. Owen, Mrs. F. T Hepburn, Miss Pearl Grosjean, Mrs. Kemmer, of Oberlin; Miss Bach, of Fremont; and Miss Buell, of Cleveland.

Mr. and Mrs M D Owens have gone to Dayton and Columbus for a few days visit.

Mrs Catherine Tingle and Mrs Herman Eckhardt have returned from a visit in New York City

The Auld Lang Syne circle will meet on Tuesday evening with Mrs. D. Bowers, of 726 west High street.

The Round Table will meet with Mrs Harry Hiner, on Monday afternoon.

On Thursday afternoon Mrs. Frank Lewis at her home on south West street very delightfully entertained the Wimodaughsis Circle. There was a good attendance At the close of the afternoon, a dainty lunch was served

On Monday night, October 29th, fourteen ladies with their husbands or a friend, spent a most enjoyable evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gensel on west North street The vocal and instrumental music was enjoyed by all. A clothes-pin contest was next on program, Mrs. Ed Porter having the most practice, captured the prize a bar of soap The men competed in a peanut contest and Mr Simpson won a sack of peanuts A delightful lunch was served at the close of the evening.

The X. L. club will meet on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. J D Jones on south Elizabeth street.

The Congregational Ladies Circle will meet on Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. Abner Jones on west Spring street.

There will be a called meeting of the Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul Lutheran church, at the home of Mrs Frank Keve, 541 west High street, at 2:00 Thursday afternoon.

Miss Mildred Olinger entertained a merry party of young people on Wednesday evening at her home on north Pierce street. Halloween games, a musical program and an excellent lunch were the features of the evening

The W. E. S. T. club were entertained on Wednesday evening at the home of Miss Clarmel Clizbe. High score was held by Miss Mullen for the club and was given a silver spoon, Mrs. Curtis, of Zanesville, was given the guest prize, a dainty handkerchief. The guests of the club were Mrs. Al Applas, Miss Charlotte Clizbe, Miss Anna Taylor, Miss Lillie Taylor and Mrs. Fred Curtis, of Zanesville. At the conclusion of the game, the following excellent luncheon was served:

Fried Oysters
Fruit Gelatine, Sandwiches,
Pickled Onions
Sherbet, Devils Food
Salted Almonds
Coffee

Miss Frances Myers, of Cincinnati, is the guest of miss Helen Mackenzie

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of Trinity church will meet with the president, Mrs John Black, 216 west North street, next Wednesday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. C. F Lufkin entertained very delightfully at bridge on Thursday fternoon, her guests being members of the Woman's Bridge club, the Elwell Bridge club and the Matinee club The first prize a hand-painted plate was given to Mrs. W L Mackenzie, Mrs. W. M. Cooney receiving the second prize a bridge whist cabinet. The following lunch was served:

Cold Turkey
Sandwiches, Olives
Fruit Salad
Sherbet, Cake
Salted Almonds, Candies
Coffee

Master Bernard McKerren entertained a number of his friends at a masquerade party on Wednesday evening. Willie Thompson was given the prize, being the most comical character. Halloween games and a good supper were enjoyed by the little folks. Haller Curtis, of Zanesville, was an out-of-town guest.

A number of young people enjoyed a dance at the Auditorium last evening.

The Ideal club met on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. B. Longsworth Fancy work and social chat occupied the afternoon At five o'clock the hostess served a delicious supper of

Hot Cream Rolls
Salmon Salad, Creamed Potatoes
Gelatine
Cherry Conserve
Fig Pudding, Coffee

Miss Madge Mitchell has returned from a month's visit in Vincennes, Ind

The country club was the scene of a very pretty dancing party on Wednesday evening, the guests going en masque. The rooms were decorated with pumpkin and other Halloween decorations and pumpkin pie, doughnut and coffee were served during the evening

Mrs. William Wemmer will entertain the Saturday Night club this evening.

The home of Miss Rita Collins, on Belefontaine avenue, was a scene of a very pretty Halloween party on Wednesday evening Pumpkins and corn were used in decorating and Halloween games were enjoyed by Misses Marguerite Thompson, Lucille Albright, Forest Leland, Louise Holdridge Frances Robinson, Katherine O Day, Lucille Orchard, Helen Clark, Helen Sanford Rose Agerter, and Lynn Timmerman, Emmett Lawlor, Homer Hughes, Ralph Price, Leal Batchelderite Clyde James Hurst Campbell Albert Hence Charles Batchelderite Harry Drake Allen Shaw Hugh Simpson and Boyd Simpson.

Mrs. John Hays, of Indianapolis, is the guest of Mrs W. O Davis, of West Market street

The Ideal club gave a masquerade party at the home of Mr and Mrs George Conners, on west High street, Wednesday evening, the only additional guests being Mr and Mrs Hilliard Mrs. Conners was assisted in serving the Halloween lunch by her daughters, Mrs. Linco, of Cincinnati and Miss Mable Conners.

The Franklin club will postpone its meeting for an indefinite time.

Mr. and Mrs Chas. Banta, of 130 south Collett street delightfully entertained the Progressive Euchre club Friday evening. Mrs. Frank Priest, holding high score, was presented with a beautiful handkerchief. A delicious lunch was served consisting of the following:

Veal Loaf. French Cream Cheese.
Hot Biscuits.
Fruit Gelatine. Olives.
Ice Cream. Cake.
Coffee.

It is a well known medical fact that pine resin is most effective in the treatment of diseases of the bladder and kidneys. Sufferers from back ache and other troubles due to faulty action of the kidneys find relief in the use of Pine-ules $1.00 buys 30 days treatment. Sold at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store

EXCURSION TO DETROIT, SUNDAY, Nov. 11th.

The Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Ry., will run special excursion to Detroit, Sunday, Nov. 11th. Special train will leave Lima at 6:00 a. m. Fare for the round trip $1.50. Returning leaves Detroit at 6:00 p. m.

Any skin itching is a tormentester. The more you scratch the worse it itches. Doan's Ointment cures piles, eczema—any skin itching. At all drug stores.

ELECTION DAY IS ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER SIXTH.

ROWDY CARD GAME ENDS IN MURDER.

By Associated Press.

Kansas City, Nov. 3.—A dispatch to the Times from El Paso says:

Negro soldiers of the 25th infantry at Ft. Bliss, five miles from here fought in a saloon outside the reservation last night.

Private Mathews was killed and Private Lewis and Alexander Johnson, a saloon keeper were wounded. Other troops from the fort have been dispatched to arrest the men.

Advices concerning the origin of the trouble are conflicting but a card game is said to have prompted the affair. It is said Johnson will die.

It is enough that a woman should be well and strong to be charming and beautiful, in order to be this she must take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, one of the greatest beautifiers known Tea or tablets, 35 cents.—H. F. Vortkamp.

NOTICE TO VOTERS.

The Board of Deputy Supervisors will be in session at room 10, court house:

Saturday, from 9:30 a. m. to 12 m
Monday, from 9:00 a. m. to 12 m.; 1 p. m. to 5:30 p m., to correct errors in registration. 20-3t

Are you troubled with piles? One application of ManZan will give you immediate relief. H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

GANS AND HERMAN MEET NEW YEARS.

By Associated Press

Cincinnati, Nov 3.—Joe Gans, light weight champion of the world, met "Kid" Herman, of Chicago here today and signed articles to fight twenty rounds or to a finish as the club may desire on New Years day, before the Tonopah (Nev.) Athletic club The purse is to be $20,000 winner to get 60 and the loser 40 per cent

Foley's Honey and Tar cures the most obstinate coughs and expels the cold from the system as it is mildly laxative. It is guaranteed. Do not risk any but the genuine in the yellow package. Wm. M. Melville, Old Postoffice corner.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Disorders.

50c. each: Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c. $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

BOOK MAILED FREE.

Zell Nerve Tablets, the greatest nerve food and tonic in the world, are sold with a written promise of your money back if they fail of the desired result!

ZELL Nerve Tablets

cure insomnia, nervous dyspepsia, loss of vital energy, impure or impoverished blood and restore you to perfect health and strength.

Zell Nerve Tablets have a long record of successful cures of nervous diseases. You can only afford to use the best.

PRICE 50 CENTS A BOX
to any address, in plain package.

THE ZELL DRUG CO.
Galion, Ohio.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, Druggist, Lima, Ohio.

STOCK MARKET

Opening Registered a Small Advance.

First Transactions Today Were Generally of Moderate Nature.

READING WAS SHADED.

Northern Pacific and Chesapeake & Ohio Rose Slightly.

Quotations on Live Stock, Grain, Produce and Provision.

By Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 3.—First prices of stocks showed moderate advances over last night on light transactions. Reading was the only important exception and was shaded a small fraction. Northern Pacific rose 1½ and Chesapeake and Ohio ⅝.

The market closed firm. A rally set in which became more pronounced after the appearance of the bank statement. Prices were established at a fraction above last night's closing level. Canadian Pacific and New York Central gained a point.

Market Review.

New York, Nov. 3.—Stocks were depressed in a dull market in the early part of the week but more than recovered later. A rising tendency of money rates, a desire to await the outcome of the elections, some disappointment over the retention of the previous dividend rate on United States steel and the growth of agitation for increased wages and shorter hours by railroad employes were responsible for the restraint and depression of the trading. The recovery began with the announcement of the increase in the Pennsylvania dividend. The money market was also a factor in the improved tone of the latter speculation.

Chicago Cattle.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Market steady; Cattle receipts estimated 5,000. Cows and heifers $1.50@5.25; calves $5.00@7.75; stockers and feeders $2.60@4.50

Hogs estimated receipts 11,000; market steady; mixed and butchers $5.90; good heavy $6.30@6.45; rough heavy $5.85@6.05; light $5.85@6.10; pigs $5.40@6.25, bulks of sales $6.05@6.25.

Sheep estimated receipts 3,000; market steady. Sheep $3.50@6.75; yearlings $5.50@6.50; lambs $4.50@7.80.

Occasionally one has the fortune to meet women who are ideal in looks and figure. Ninety-nine nine times out of a hundred you will find she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Tea or Tablets, 35 cents. H. F. Vortkamp

WONDER WHAT FOR.

By Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3.—M Davidoff, president of the Gomel section of the Russian people, was arrested at the railroad station on his arrival in St Petersburg

How to Cure a Cold.

The question of how to cure a cold without unnecessary loss of time is one in which we are all more or less interested, for the quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger of pneumonia and other serious diseases. Mr. B. W. L. Hall, of Waverly, Va., has used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for years and says: "I firmly believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be absolutely the best preparation on the market for colds. I have recommended it to my friends and they all agree with me." For sale by all druggists.

EXCURSION TO CINCINNATI AND RETURN VIA

C. H. & D. Ry, Sunday November 4th. Tickets good going on trains leaving Lima at 3:00 a. m. and 5:35 a. m. Good returning leaving Cincinnati at 5.30 and 9:30 p. m. Rate $1.75 for the round trip.

HERMAN ECKHARDT,
Ticket Agent.

One of the splendid results of physical beautifying is it's tendency to create an ambition to be beautiful in every way. When a woman gets a good start by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea she is all right. Tea or tablets, 35 cents. H. F. Vortkamp.

HAIR DRESSING PARLORS.

Mrs Myrtle Kautz, 536 west High street Massage, manicuring, shampooing, hair dressing New Phone 1222 C The patronage of the public is solicited nov2-1mo

Tickets for "Story of Scottish Reformation," at Faurot opera house, Nov. 12th and 13th, on sale at the South Side Drug Store and at Melville's drug store. 17-9teod

Free Cooking School

Free Lectures on Cooking.

And practical demonstrations of the various uses for culinary purposes of the

CHOCOLATE & COCOA

Manufactured by

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd

(Established 1780.)

DORCHESTER, MASS.,

WILL BE GIVEN BY

MISS ELIZABETH L. BURR,

Domestic Science Dept., Boston, Y W. C. A.

—AT THE—

AUDITORIUM,

LIMA, OHIO,

Daily for One Week Commencing

Friday, November 2nd, 1906.

at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Samples of Miss Burr's preparations, such as Cakes, Puddings, Meringues, Fudge Souffles, Ice Cream, Bavarian Cream, etc., will be served at each lecture, and she will be pleased to answer all inquiries regarding the same. A different menu will be prepared and served at each lecture.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, November 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th, 1906,

Sample cakes of the Walter Baker premium No. 1 Chocolate, the Vanilla Sweet Chocolate and little sample cans of the Breakfast Cocoa, also a book of "Choice Chocolate Recipes" will be presented to all persons attending these lectures, and all who are interested in scientific cooking should not fail to attend as they are

FREE TO ALL.

FOR SALE.

At the right price and terms: A nice 8 room house situated No 525 Ontario street. A nice 20 acre farm with good improvements on the Hume pike, 6½ miles from Lima. For particulars see

GUS KALB,

Real Estate and Loans, 206 Opera House Block.

Office—9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. New 'phone 818 M.

Democrats whom Rosser or any of his satellites are endeavoring to persuade to vote for Rosser for congress should remember that last year when the late Governor Pattison was a candidate for election, Rosser would not permit a lithograph of him to remain in the window of the Shelby county auditor's office, Rosser being the incumbent of that office. A man who is as narrow-gauge as that is not entitled to the vote of any person. He is not broad-minded enough to occupy any public position.

Enthusiasm.

As you slide along past youth into middle age get a good grip on your enthusiasms. Life looks black after they are gone. It is a good thing, too, to renew your own life in an intimate interest in the life of some young friend. Few things are more helpful or more beautiful than friendship between the young and the old. They have everything to give to each other. What is most pitiful in both—youth's uncertainty and need of encouraging sympathy, age's unfulfillments and need of softening tenderness—is soothed and neutralized by a sharing of interests and affections.

Local Morality.

One never hears of a duke going wrong. Every one bearing any other title in the peerage may be perhaps subjected to the temptations of "the world, the flesh and the devil," but a duke never! Indeed, the old Scotsman's verdict that dukes are "verra, verra respectable people" seems one about which there can be no doubt.—London Tatler.

Free.

"Johnny," queried the teacher of the juvenile class, "what is the difference between electricity and lightning?"

"You don't have to pay nothin' for lightnin'," answered Johnny.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Dangerous.

Kind Lady—Here is a glass of water. Certainly you can drink that. Tramp—No, mum I've got an iron constitution, and the water would rust it.

In childhood be modest, in youth temperate, in manhood just and in old age prudent.—Socrates.

TRUSTEES CHOSEN

And Officers Elected by the Lima Club for Year.

The annual meeting of the Lima club showing the condition of this popular social organization more prosperous than during any year of its history was held last night

Trustees were chosen as follows W B Richie, J. P King, J E Chenoweth, F D. Carpenter, A L White and J C. Linneman. W. B Richie was re-elected president; J. P King was president and a new secretary named in George Chisholm The house committee is composed as follows J P King, W E Booth and H K Fricke.

FOR NEW TRIAL.

Attorneys Argue Motion in Bates Case.

Judge Hugh T. Mathers came down from Sidney at three o'clock this afternoon and is hearing a motion of attorneys for the defense for a new trial in the bigamy case against Dixie Bates. Should the motion be overruled the court will at once pass sentence upon the prisoner.

PRUDENT BRIDE.

Bride (on her honeymoon journey)—"O, Edgar, how heavenly it would be, if there were to be a railway accident, to die together like this! (After a pause.) You are insured, darling, aren't you?"—Fliegende Blatter.

"I'm sure Herr Meier loves me and wishes to marry me."

"Has he proposed?"

"No, but he looks at mamma exactly as if she were already his mother-in-law."—Meggendorfer Blatter.

Schmidt—"I haven't felt well for a long time now, doctor, and I suffer continually from loss of appetite

Doctor—"Well, you should be extremely grateful, considering that everything is so dear just now."—Fliegende Blatter.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

CAL BRIEFS

Personal Mentions of Interest.

ed by Other Mentions a Newsy Nature as Observed

IN SOUTH LIMA.

day's Fire of Small sequence, But Origin a Mystery.

Leffie's Mother Celeed Her 74th Birthay Anniversary.

ora Jamison, of Independ-, who has been a guest of ph Durnbaugh, on south Main eft this morning for Ports-

loverman and daughter, of ille, came over on the morn-

arrivals on the morning Erie re Mrs. H. M. Ashton, of ille, and her sister, Mrs. Dr. of Bluffton, Ind.

Hotruff, who has had charge ack work in the L. E. & W. several years, has purchased en White property on south venue, lately vacated by the s family.

anging of time on the Erie postponed for probably two account of the fact that the trying to lessen the time of

Bonnie and Ocie Nunemaker, Avenue, went to Kenton this to visit their sister, Mrs. Tina

Clarence Mitchell left last Meadville, Pa., where he will series of evangelistic meet-

. E. Thurlow, of Boston, is a his son, Rev. H. Marshall of south Elizabeth street. r will occupy the son's place ilph at the Main street Preschurch tomorrow morning.

layton Miller, of east Eureka entertaining a sister, Miss pray, of Dayton.

d Mrs. Harry Pullman, of N. Y., will arrive this evenpend a few days with their and husband, Mr. and Mrs. hoonamaker, of west Kibby

vival at the south Lima Bapch is progressing nicely, and ontinued all next week.

Stayner, of Spencerville, was oday of the J. W. Arnold famecond street.

Eva Hayes returned to her Dayton today, after having uth side relatives during the days.

d Mrs. J. R. Randolph, of ferson, O., are guests of their aghter and husband, Mr. and yton Arnold, on Fairview

Been Married Two Weeks.

just leaked out in this city ry Leming, an employ of the ve works, was married two go Sunday at Elgin, O., to a rtha Wolfe. Mr. and Mrs. will reside on south Tanner

Yesterday's Fire.

re yesterday afternoon in a Grove avenue was not very g, probably $25 worth, but the as somewhat mysterious. It

oks and Magazines
—AT—
UTH-SIDE
RUG-STORE
ER OF MAIN AND KIBBY STREETS.

zines for November are in, have a fine line of latest copyoks.

body cordially invited to nd examine them, whether chase or not.

L. BUTLER,
PROPRIETOR.

originated between a lath and plastering partition on the opposite side of the room from where the stove sat.

Today's Blaze.

The alarm sounded from box 38 this morning at 10:30 was occasioned by burning oil which had gathered in a ditch which runs through under Pine street, just south of the Jacob's grocery, and the blaze threatened to extend to nearby buildings. Small boys could not resist the temptation to touch a match to the oil.

Was 74 Years Old.

The Spencerville Journal this week contained the following account of a surprise party tendered Mrs. Mary Leffle, mother of Philip Leffle, proprietor of the Lake Erie House, and will be of interest to friends in this city:

"October 28th occured the birthday of Mrs. Mary Leffle, of Kossuth, being her 74th birthday anniversary, her children and grandchildren gathered at her home to remind her of the event. Those present were: Philip Leffle and wife of Lima, George Leffle and family, David Leffle and wife, Edward Leffle and wife of Spencerville, Charles Leffle and family and Anna Gracely of Kossuth, and her two grand children, Mrs. Derosh and husband, Mrs. Schroll, husband and daughter, of Lima.

"All brought well-filled baskets and when the noon hour had arrived all partook of a sumptuous dinner. She received some nice presants. At a late hour all went to their homes wishing her many happy returns of the day."

TUESDAY, NOV. 6TH

Is Election Day in Ohio. Do Not Forget it.

On Tuesday, November 6th will be election day in Ohio, and upon that date the democrats will present for the suffrages of the people of Allen County the following named county ticket. All the gentlemen named are candidates for re-election:

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—A. L. CONRAD.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR—C. H. MOSIER.

FOR SURVEYOR—CHAS. E CRAIG.

ALL DEMOCRATS AT THE COMING ELECTION SHOULD PUT THEIR CROSS MARK IN THE CIRCLE AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST TICKET ON THE BALLOT.

At the meeting of the directors of the First National bank, a semi-annual dividend was declared of four per cent.

Professor (writing to his colleague who has just announced his engagement within a year after the death of his wife)—"Allow me to congratulate you, old friend, on your engagement, and forgive me, that on account of great stress of work, I have quite forgotten till now to condole with you on the death of your wife."—Lustige Blatter.

Lawyer (in the court)—"Gentlemen of the jury, if you think my client's former sentences damaging, you should consider his wooden leg as extenuating circumstances. If it had not been for that he would have been in trouble much more often."—Simplicissimus.

A Kansas City Girl named Elizabeth Parkinson, has become a famous singer. So to match all the rest she changed her name to Parkina. We wish we ran a newspaper in Kansas City: We would like to call her Elizabeth Parkinson, a nice sounding, old-fashioned name, and show her that Parkina, which sounds like a breakfast food, wouldn't go with us.

ROYAL Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Healthful cream of tartar, derived solely from grapes, refined to absolute purity, is the active principle of every pound of Royal Baking Powder.

Hence it is that Royal Baking Powder renders the food remarkable both for its fine flavor and healthfulness.

No alum, no phosphate—which are the principal elements of the so-called cheap baking powders—and which are derived from bones, rock and sulphuric acid.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

BOTH ELEVENS LOST

Piqua's Fullback Robbed Lima High of a Draw Contest.

SCORED A FIELD GOAL

A Safety Gave Columbus Grove Two Points and a Game.

Whether fullback Levering made a drop kick or a punt is left the question as to the defeat of Lima High school yesterday afternoon on the college grounds.

Both teams put up a remarkably fast game, and played to win from the kick off until the ball was sent sailing fairly between the posts from the toe of the clever Piqua full back two minutes before time would have been called in the last half.

The discussion as to officials was cleared by the withdrawal of Lima's objections to Dr. Crawford and forunately for high school sport, that young gentleman was not acting as referee at the time of the field goal. Dr. Crawford acted as referee in the first half, and no flaw could be found with his decisions and Warren McLaughlin was serving in that capacity in the second half, when Levering made his grandstand and able effort, winning honors for himself and victory for his team in his goal from the twenty yard line. McLaughlin declared the kick fair. Score; Piqua, 4; Lima, 0.

Lima College Lost.

Lima College lost to Columbus Grove in that village yesterday on a fumble, resulting in a safety for the Grove boys. Score: Lima, 0; Columbus Grove, 2.

ELECTION DAY IS ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER SIXTH.

ARMY-YALE.

Girdiron Contest at West Point This Afternoon.

By Associated Press.

West Point, Nov. 3.—The Cadets faced the Yale foot ball eleven today with a stronger team than they had in the contest with Harvard. Full Back Smith and Quarterback Johnson have recovered from the sickness which kept them out of the game a week ago. In consequence there was much confidence among the West Point boys that their team will at least be able to score, thought last year's game between these teams was 20 to 0 in favor of Yale.

The line up is as follows:

West Point.	Position.	Yale.
Hanlon	L. E.	Forbes
Weeks	L. T.	Paige
Edwin	L. G.	Brides
Sulton	Center.	Hackenburger
Christey	R. G.	Irwin
Pullen	R. T.	Bigelow
Stearns	R. E.	Alcott
Johnson	Q. B.	Jones
Mountford	L. H. B.	Knox
Hill	R. H. B.	Veeder
Smith	F. B.	Morse

Referee—Dr. J. C. McCracken, University of Pennsylvania. Umpires—B. Vail, University of Pennsylvania and H. S. Langford, Trinity. Head Linesman—A. E. Whiting, Cornell.

DRS. A. AND J. W. DIMOND.
Dentists.
Over City Book Store 141½ N. Main.
wed-sat-oct26-2wks

MAX LUTTBEG

Has Started Another Gabfest,

Probably Hoping to Get Another Loser's End of a Wrestling Match.

LIMA SPORTS LAUGH

When He Says Akerman Weighed 155 Pounds Last Winter.

A Reply Has Been Forwarded to the Enquirer's Sporting Editor.

The following, in reply to the letter published by Max Luttbeg, yesterday, has been forwarded by Al. Akerman's manager to the Enquirer:

Lima, Ohio, Nov. 3, 1906.

Sporting Editor, Enquirer.

Dear Sir:—Max Luttbeg's communication, published Friday, concerning Al. Akerman's claim to a championship title, is too contemptable to be worthy of consideration from decent sports but as it was probably read by many people who are not informed as to the facts, a word might be said.

Al Akerman has won, holds and defends the title of champion welterweight wrestler of the world and if any man has a welter-weight who aspires to a claim on that title let him be trotted out and matched in a business like way and then let the best man win. If Luttbeg thinks he can four-flush through again and get a match where he hasn't a ghost of a chance to win, just to get a little piece of loser's money, he is dreaming. His newspaper talk is rot and will not get him a penny. His statement that Akerman weighed 155 pounds when he wrestled him last winter is a lie, pure and simple. Luttbeg had failed to post a forfeit to make weight or appearance and consequently Akerman did not weigh in but he did not weigh an ounce over 140 at the time. He wrestled George Bothner but a short time before the Luttbeg match and weighed in under 138 pounds. He never weighed as high as 145 pounds in his life and will not weigh over 141 now, but he can make Max Luttbeg look like a dub at any time just as he did when they wrestled last winter. They were only on the mat forty seconds when Akerman stood him on his head and deliberately sat in his face, crushing him to the mat. Luttbeg can't get on here unless he will bet some real money for he wouldn't draw an audience of ten people.

FOOTBALL GAMES TODAY.

Cincinnati vs. Ohio, at Cincinnati.
Michigan vs. Vanderbilt, at Nashville.
Princeton vs. Dart, at Princeton.
Harvard vs. Brown, at Cambridge.
Yale vs. Army, at West Point.
Bowdoin vs. Tufts, at Tufts.
Wesleyan vs. Springfield, at Middletown.
Utah vs. Montana, at Salt Lake City.
Oberlin vs. O. S. U., at Oberlin.
Missouri vs. Texas, at Columbia.
Swarthmore vs. John Hopkins, at Baltimore.
Pennsylvania vs. Lafayette, at Philadelphia.
Hobart vs. Rochester, at Geneva.
Minnesota vs. Nebraska, at Minneapolis.
Hamilton vs. Trinity, at Hartford.
Mississippi vs. Tulane, at New Orleans.
Lehigh vs. Dickinson, at South Bethlehem.
Amherst vs. Massachusetts Aggies, at Amherst.
Bates vs. New Hampshire, at Lewiston.
Tome vs. A. and N. P. S., at Port Deposit.
Washburn vs. Fairmount, at Topeka.
West Virginia vs. George Washington, at Washington.
Navy vs. Pennsylvania state, at Annapolis.
Wisconsin vs. Iowa, at Madison.
Gallaudet vs. Rock Hill, at Washington, D. C.
West Maryland College vs. Maryland Aggies, at Westminster.
Lebanon vs. Mt. St. Mary's, at Emmits.
Indians vs. Syracuse, at Buffalo.
Wittenberg vs. Otterbein, at Springfield.
Case vs. Dennison, at Cleveland.
Indiana vs. Colorado S. M., at Bloomington.
Wooster vs. Mt. Vernon, at Wooster.
Perdue vs. Wabash, at Lafayotto.

THUNDERS OF OLD LONDON

The Most Famous Storm of the Last Century Was in 1846.

The most notable thunderstorms on record in London have generally occurred in the month of August. That which made the greatest impression on contemporary observers during the nineteenth century happened on the 1st of the month as long ago as the year 1846, and remarkable accounts of its ravages may be found in the journals of the day. A thunderstorm is not a good subject for a picture, but there appeared in one of the illustrated papers a view of "London during the storm—from Blackheath," which, whether a work of pure imagination or actually drawn from nature, was exceedingly realistic and impressive. The special feature of the storm was the hail with which it was accompanied, though the thermometer stood at 93 degrees in the shade. The panes of glass which were broken by the icy shower were to be counted by hundreds of millions, and so great was the damage inflicted upon the florists and nurserymen that a month or two afterward a charity fete was held at the Old Surrey zoological gardens for their relief. It is impossible, we are told, to imagine the aspect which the windows in London streets presented before the glaziers, whose services were for a long time at a premium, had repaired the destruction. It is a fact, indeed, anomalous though it appears, that historic hailstorms have usually coincided with periods of great heat, and, whatever may be the precise relations of heat and electricity, a heavy fall of hail is seldom noted except as the adjunct of a thunderstorm.—London Globe.

BAD SLEEPING HABITS.

Snoring. Grinding the Teeth and Nasal Whistling.

Man is the victim of bad habits in his sleep as well as in his waking hours. So distressing are some of these bad habits of sleep that they oblige wife and husband to occupy separate rooms, even at times causing divorce.

Snoring is of course the commonest if not the worst of sleep's bad habits. Snoring may be remedied. There are a dozen patented devices that, holding the mouth shut tight, prevent the snore.

Grinding the teeth is a disagreeable habit of sleep. It is impossible to sleep in the same room with any one who emits at irregular intervals this hideous sound. The trick is said to be incurable, but a rubber cap worn on the teeth renders the grinding almost noiseless.

Nervous persons sometimes leap in their sleep a foot or more in the air, shaking the bed and the whole room. The man who gives eight or nine of these leaps in the course of the night soon becomes an intolerable bedfellow. Nerve tonics and exercise should be prescribed for him.

Nasal whistling is a habit less easy to cure than snoring. The sleeper keeps his mouth closed, but breathes with a distressing sound through his nose. The sound resembles a low whistle and, heard in the small hours, is guaranteed to madden.

Great Men Who Drank.

Cato was a hard drinker, while, in the language of one writer, old Ben Jonson was constantly "pickled." The poet Savage used to go on the hardest kinds of "tears," and Rogers observed, after seeing his own statue, "It is the first time I have seen him stand straight for many years." Byron says of Porson, the great classical scholar, "I can never recollect him except as drunk or brutal, and generally both." Keats was on a spree once that lasted six months. Horace, Plato, Aristophanes, Euripides, Alcaeus, Socrates and Tasso of the old timers and Goethe, Schiller, Addison, Pitt, Fox, Blackstone, Fielding, Sterne and Steele were all hard drinkers at intervals.—London Times.

He Was Realistic.

A newly enrolled volunteer was rather alarmed during his first experience of a sham fight, especially as he heard the colonel in command declare that everything was to be done "the same as in actual warfare." No sooner was the first blank cartridge fired than the frightened soldier dropped his gun and took to his heels.

"Hey, why are you running away?" shouted his captain as the man dashed by him.

"It's all right, sir. I'm doing the same as I would do in actual warfare."—London Answers.

Jealousy.

The beautiful girl's sweet smiles changed to dark frowns.

"You deceiver!" she hissed. "I hate you!"

The young man dropped his cane in astonishment.

"Hate me!" he gasped. "Why, it was only yesterday you said you loved every hair on my head."

"Yes, but not every hair on your shoulder," she retorted as she held aloft a golden bit of evidence.—Chicago News.

Softly Sentimental.

"Have you any new song that is soft and mellow?"

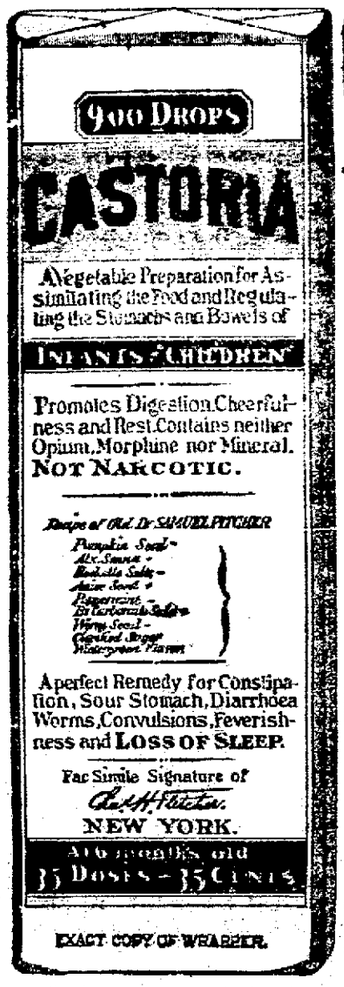
"Well, here's one that just came in. It's called 'I Love My Little Oozy, Moozy Moo.' That sounds mushy, doesn't it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The London Child.

The London child's life is often very like a rabbit's—one long scurry from superior beings.—London Spectator.

Reason governs the wise man and cudgels the fool.—From the Italian.

When two old ladies and an old man walk down the street, the man generally walks along behind.



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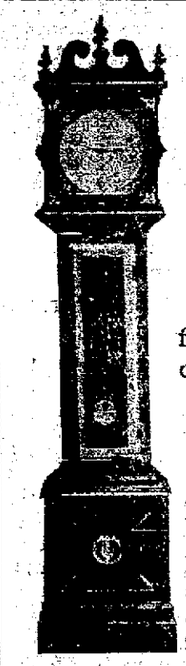

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Your choice of 20 year gold filled cases fitted with Elgin, Waltham or Hampden movements

7 Jewel $12.50.
15 Jewel $15.00.
17 Jewel $17 to $20.

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NEW ORPHIUM FAMILY THEATRE
Market Street, Opposite Interurban Station.
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THE MARVELOUS HEIM CHILDREN.
Character Comedians.

WESSON, WALTERS AND WESSON,
Comedy act "Off to Philadelphia."

BLAMPHIN AND HERR,
Operatic Soloists and Duettists.

CORRIGAN AND HAYS,
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Official paper of the City of Lima and County of Allen.

Persons desiring the Times-Democrat delivered to their homes may secure the same by postal card address, or by order through telephone No. 84.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 3.—For Ohio, fair tonight and Sunday; warmer in southeast portion tonight.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State Ticket.
For Secretary of State
SAMUEL A. HOSKINS,
Of Auglaize.
For School Commissioner,
CHARLES W. HAUPERT,
Of Wayne.
For Dairy and Food Commissioner,
RODNEY J. DIEGEL,
Of Erie.
For Board of Public Works,
GEORGE NYSWONGER,
Of Darke.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.
For Congressman,
WM. E. TOUVELLE,
of Celina.

JUDICIAL TICKET.
For Circuit Judge,
MICHAEL DONNELLY,
Of Napoleon.

COUNTY TICKET.
For Commissioner,
A. L. CONRAD,
(Second Term.)
For Surveyor,
CHAS. E. CRAIG,
(Second Term.)
For Infirmary Director,
C. H. MOSER,
(Second Term.)

When you unfold your ballot on the 6th you will find the democratic ballot the first one on the sheet, where the republican ballot has heretofore appeared.

Vote for Alex Conrad for county commissioner and endorse a competent official for faithful service by giving him a second term.

Charles Haupert is the men to vote for for commissioner of public schools. His nomination was a blow to school book concerns that combine for graft in the controll of school books supplies.

There is no reason why any Allen county democrat, in his search for the best man for county office, should this year scratch his ticket. The ticket is made up of good men who have the confidence of the people.

No mistake will be made by voting for C. H. Mosier for infirmary director next Tuesday. His official record is an open page. His work is an endorsement for him and he is entitled to another term.

No not neglect to cast a ballot next Tuesday for Charles E. Craig, the democratic candidate for re-election for county surveyor. He has made an excellent official during the term that he has served and he will be continued in the position for a second term.

No one regrets having voted for Pattison a year ago and aided in shaking up the old political gang in Ohio, and no will regret voting the democratic ticket this fall. Gov. Pattison died and the same "old gang" has again taken charge with Dick at "chief of staff."

The important position of county surveyor of Allen county is ably filled by Charles E. Craig, now serving his first term and a candidate for re-election. It is a matter of public record that the affairs of this office are in the very finest condition. He is just the man to keep in that important position.

Alex Conrad has been one of the most efficient county commissioners that Allen county has ever had. He is diligent in his attention to the public affairs, careful in the expenditure of public funds, conservative in his ideas and is in all respects a most competent official. His re-election next Thursday means the retention in office of a most capable man.

COMPARE THEM.

We wish to ask the reading public of Lima to compare the Times-Democrat of today with any other Lima newspaper and then pass judgment upon them. The Times-Democrat today contains sixteen pages and every one is a newspage. Each page is brim full of matter that people want to read. Every department is covered. Telegraph, society, sporting, churches, theatrical, political and all other departments are covered. There is something in this edition for people of all tastes, and no other Lima publication approaches it. They are outclassed in every department.

The Times-Democrat feels the public demand for a modern newspaper, the publishers of which are not averse to spending the newspapers income to provide this city with all the news obtainable whether obtained over a leased wire from a foreign field or by skilled news gathers on the local field.

Compare the newspapers and pass your judgment.

Hon. Wm. E. TouVelle, for congress, should receive the vote of every democrat and independent republican in this district. He will prove himself to be a representative in congress by and for the people. Vote the first ticket on the ballot.

The democratoic candidate for food and dairy commissioner, Rodney J. Diegle, if elected, will not be like the republican nominee. Dunlap, who is on record against the farmers' interests and wants another term to do more damage. Vote the democratic ticket.

One of the most competent men who has ever occupied the important position of county infirmary director in Allen county, is C. H. Mosier, of Marion township, who has served for one term and is now a candidate for re-election for his second term. Mr. Mosier is a business man and has applied business methods in the management of the county infirmary. His work speaks for him.

CAPABLE OFFICIALS.

The democracy of Allen county never presented for the votes of the people a cleaner ticket than is offered this fall. There are but three candidates to be elected on the county ticket—commissioner, infirmary director, and surveyor and all are candidates for re-election. Alex Conrad for commissioner; Henry Mosier, for infirmary director, and Charley Craig for surveyor. They have all been tried for one term and have filled their respective offices to the full satisfaction of the entire people. Their service is one of their chief recommendations for re-election. Their official work has been well performed. All of their acts have been conscientiously and capably done, they are entitled to substantial endorsement by re-election.

POLITICAL OBLIVION FOR TRUSTS CANDIDATES.

All of the trusts' congressional candidates in the house are in imminent danger of political oblivion. They are openly opposed to the re-establishment of a direct vote in the people and must take the consequences. Ex-Chairman Babcock in Wisconsin is opposed by a majority rule democrat; as also is Speaker Cannon, Mr. Hepburn, Mr. enkins, Mr. Wadsworth, and nearly every one of the republican chairmen of the congressional committees. There are some notable exceptions, among them being Mr. Moon of Philadelphia, chairman of committee on revision of laws, who says:

"The general principle of the Advisory Initiative and the referendum are certainly steps in the right direction toward giving the people a more direct and controlling voice in national legislation. This principle I would advocate and would lend my influence and my vote to re-establish.

"Whenever the will of my constituents is made known to me through any present constitutional means or through any other recognized medium of registering their will respecting national legislation, I shall cheerfully obey their instructions."

What answer to this can be offered by the Ohio republican nominees for congress? Yet all of them are opposing it while all the democrats are its champions. This is the case in 174 districts throughout the country. Autocracy is openly pitted against majority rule—the People's Rule.

REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT OR MACHINE RULE?

Representative government is government in which the interests of the voters are represented. In order that this may prevail the voters must possess the power to instruct their representatives.

Historically the voters have possessed this power, for they could withhold their votes from those who should refuse to obey instructions. One of the noted cases in history is Edmund Burke's failure to obey instructions and his forced retirement by his constituents.

In the United States previous to the convention system, the voters instructed by direct vote at town meetings and mass meetings, and representatives were pledged by the voters in each district instead of by state and national conventions. Then came the convention system, which gradually developed. Its first object was to select the state and national nominees. And each convention stated the public measures which the nominees would vote for if elected. This was an improvement, for it enabled the voters of an entire state to co-operate, also the voters of the entire United States. With this system in operation the voters ceased to instruct at town meetings and mass meetings. Afterwards the convention system was debased to machine rule. The remedy that is the easiest to apply is to re-establish a system for instructing by direct vote—the advisory referendum and the advisory initiative. Under these systems the entire people of the nation can act in unison on public questions.

The re-establishment of a system whereby the people can instruct will re-establish representative government in place of machine rule. The issue is squarely before the American voters. Do you want representative government or machine rule? Do you wish to be the sovereign power or continue as slaves to the trusts?

Nearly all the democratic nominees for congress are pledged to the people's cause. Nearly all the republican nominees are beholden to the trusts for their campaign funds, and therefore cannot pledge for the people's cause. If they do pledge, and are receiving trust funds the voters cannot trust them. It is one thing to pledge to the people in order to get into office, and an entirely different thing to pledge because one believes in the re-establishment of majority rule.

CANDIDATE W. E. TOUVELLE

Has Always Been Ardent in His Support of Mr. Bryan Is and Always His Been a Democrat Tried and True.

"W. E. TouVelle as a citizen, and W. E. TouVelle, as a democratic candidate for congress, are entirely different propositions to confront the voters of this county on election day. Whatever your admiration for him as a citizen may be, as a candidate for congress he is a democrat, representing the principles of his party and if elected will support all party measures that will come before congress."—Celina Observer.

Our esteemed contemporary is the only simon pure republican organ in Mercer county. It often sees things exactly as they are. It is quite right in observing that all our people, without regard to party, have an admiration for W. E. TouVelle, candidate for congress, as a citizen. His private life is beyond reproach. He is a liberal, public spirited citizen. He is a kind, affectionate son, husband and father.

He is a democrat, representing the principles of his party. Mr. TouVelle has been active in upholding the principles of democracy. He always has been an ardent supporter of Mr. Bryan. He made many speeches in the campaign of 1896 and 1900, and was mainly instrumental in Mercer county giving Mr. Bryan a majority of 2787, the banner majority in Ohio that year.

Certainly, he will support democratic measures that will come before congress. He will be true to his convictions and he will be found at his post of duty contending by voice and vote for measures that will aid the common people and relieve them from the wrongs inflicted by avarice and greed under protection of law.

Yes, our republican neighbor states the conditions fairly, although the purpose is to warn republicans not to vote for Mr. TouVelle because he is a democrat, notwithstanding their admiration for him as a citizen. He is a democrat faithful and true, but his republican neighbors know him to be just and fair-minded and they will vote for him. The indications are that Mr. TouVelle will receive one-half of the republican votes in our county. This result is natural since our candidate is a man of such high standing at home and our county has had but one representative in congress, Hon. F. C. LeBlond, forty years ago.

Mr. TouVelle was never a candidate for office. He was appointed postmaster during Cleveland's first administration and served three years when he resigned to enter college. He was very popular as a postmaster. Democrats and republicans alike know him to be worthy and so fully equipped for representative in congress, that he will unquestionably receive the largest vote cast for any candidate in Mercer county for many years.—Celina Standard.

HON. M. DONNELLY FOR CIRCUIT JUGDE.

We are almost on the eve of the election in which no more important matter is involved than the selection of a circuit judge. The successful candidate for this exalted position should be equipped in every way, by nature, education and experience, to discharge properly the sacred and varied duties of his high office. He should be possessed in an eminent degree of physical, mental and moral courage and strength, and should be a man of studious habits, analytic thought and judicial mind, whose high sense of honor and justice and purity in public and private life will inspire universal confidence and command the profound respect of all the people.

Hon. M. Donnelly, of Napoleon, Ohio, the democratic candidate for judge of the circuit court, is possessed in a marked degree of all those rare qualities and attributes of mind and heart, so indispensable to him who properly wears the judicial ermine.

He is upright and honest in his intercourse with his fellow citizens and has a keen apreciation of the rights of others. He has abundant energy and great executive ability as is attested by his marvelous success and accomplishments in professional and business life. His address combines firmness with courtesy and always shows his tremendous energy and his ultimate capacity and willingness for hard work.

His great natural ability and his long and successful experience as one of the most active practitioners of law in the state, and his many years on the bench are indubitable evidence of his thorough qualifications for this very important position, and give every assurance of his election by a majority that will be decisive and highly complimentary.

Political bosses are being dethroned everywhere. Ohio made a record in this respect last year and should do the same this year. It can only be accomplished by the defeat of the machine-made ticket.

COX REWARDS CARMI.

SPEAKER THOMPSON SUPPRESSED A LEGAL INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE AND SMILINGLY ACCEPTS HIS REWARD.

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET IS THE FIRST TICKET ON THE BALLOT. DON'T FORGET IT.

The political situation in Ohio today is growing stronger and stronger in favor of the election of the demouratic tcket on Nov. 6. In the Ohio republican camp the strife simmers down to Foraker-Dick vs. Roosevelt, Taft and Burton. The former has thrown down the party by corrupt machine methods, while the latter is trying to uphold it on principle. A vote for the republican ticket this year is not an endorsement of President Roosevelt or good government but an endorsement of trust combines, grafters and boss rule.

As the people are just beginning to biuld their houses of cement, the steel trust is casting a coveous eye in that trust ic casting a covetous eye in that er monopolies proposes to now control the Portland cement industry. The name of the new company is the Universal Portland Cement company.

The Ohio legislature you remember commenced investigating public affairs in Cincinnati after Pattison was elected governor and it was found that the official gang there under the Cox plan were robbing the people. The republican supreme court of the state has decided that the legislative committee had no authority to reveal the Cincinnati rottenness. The supreme judges were elected before Cox "retired" from politics.

Before an audience which filled the Lyric theatre, Baltimore, Senator Isador Rayner delivered what will prove perhaps the most important speech of the democratic congressional campaign. Senator Rayner addressed himself chiefly to the subject of the tariff, saying in part:

'I am not a revolutionist on the subject of the tariff. I believe in a revenue tariff and I would not destroy or impair a single business interest in this country that was making a legitimate profit out of its enterprise, but I am an inveterate enemy of these colossal combinations that are making their own prices for the American consumers and who no longer require the protection of the government for their support.

"The United States street trust," he continued, "can go to Canada, Mexico or any place else, pay the freight and undersell the foreign market, and here it declares it cannot compete with the foreign market and is given a prohibitive duty of 40 per cent ad valorem to keep the foreign product from our shores." Senator Rayner then took up the free list and in an ironical tone treated some of its provisions. He said it was true that $500,000,000 worth of goods came in free, but he agreed entirely with the Democratic leader in the house of representatives that they ought not all of them to come in free, and that there ought to be some equitable division between the free list and the protective.

"You will readily understand why there are so many of these trust combinations in the land, nearly 300 of them are alphabetically arranged. They amounted to about $800,000,000 before the Dingley tariff bill was passed.

"The president says we ought not to interfere with the tariff upon these trusts, because it might affect the profit of individual enterprises, that are in competition with them. With great respect, what a perfect farce this is. There are no private enterprises in competition with them." The senator quoted from the testimony of Mr. Havemeyer before the industrial commission in which the latter is quoted as saying he would not have embarked in the sugar business unless it had been protected by the tariff ,and proceeded:

"Is there any wonder that the President was not in favor of the bill prohibiting corporations from contributing to federal elections? It passed the senate unanimously, but it met its quietus in the house of representatives. It would never have done to have passed this bill before an election, because where would the funds come from that will enable the republicans to carry the elections? They must come from the corporations that are protected by the republican party, because this is a business transaction, and the republican party according to its code of ethics, has a perfect right when it furnishes a man with the profits of his business to lay a tribute upon that man for the purpose of keeping it in power so that he can continue to reap a profit from his business."

ALL DEMOCRATS AT THE COMING ELECTION SHOULD PUT THEIR CROSS MARK IN THE CIRCLE AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST TICKET ON THE BALLOT.

Vote for Samuel A. Hoskins for secretary of state. He is the right man for the place. His election will be victory for the people.

ALL DEMOCRATS AT THE COMING ELECTION SHOULD PUT THEIR CROSS MARK IN THE CIRCLE AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST TICKET ON THE BALLOT.

VOTE FOR MEMORIAL HALL.

One of the important questions that will be submitted to the voters on election day will be that of the Memorial Hall for Lima. It is necessary, if our people would have this measure carry, that every voter in Lima cast his ballot in favor of it. There will be a separate ballot upon this question and the ballots will be deposited in a separate box. Do not go away from the polls without having voted upon this subject and be sure that you vote in favor of it.

The need of an auditorium such as is contemplated in the Memorial Hall is daily apparent in Lima. There is not a suitable hall in Allen county that is adequate to accommodate a large crowd, such as was in Lima last spring at the Eisteddfod and there is no good reason why we should not avail ourselves of the authority granted by a recent legislature of levying a sufficient tax to procure ground and erect a Memorial Hall where all sorts of meetings from a county convention to a state convention can be held.

The proposition is a good one. Its adoption means much for Lima and Allen county. Let every man who is working for the welfare of the community work and vote for the Memorial hall.

ALL DEMOCRATS AT THE COMING ELECTION SHOULD PUT THEIR CROSS MARK IN THE CIRCLE AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST TICKET ON THE BALLOT.

ROSSER IS LOST.

J. C. Rosser, the republican candidate for congress in this district, who will lack 4000 votes of being elected next Tuesday, realizing the perfect hopelessness of his situation, has made one last desperate appeal to the republicans of Allen county to stand by him. He is fully persuaded that even the republicans of Allen county do not intend to vote for him and has sent out broadcast a letter in which he says:

Sidney, O., Oct. 24, 1906.

My Dear Sir:—Have been selected to make the race for congress on the republican ticket this year. I am particularly desirous of receiving a large vote in Allen county, as the fight depends almost entirely upon your county. With that end in view, I am writing to ask you to try and secure me at least two or three democratic votes. In doing so, it would be a good plan to pick out some relative, close friend or other person that you could influence in the matter.

"I assure you that anything you can do for me will be great yappreciated.

Yours respectfully.
J. C. ROSSER."

It is his last wail and is a confession that unless each republican voter in Allen county changes about three democratic voters and persuades them to vote for Rosser, he is a badly defeated candidate.

AN ELEVENTH HOUR ATTACK.

We believe the eleventh hour attack by the Republican-Gazette on the good name of county commissioner Conrad, and Surveyor Craig will meet with the rebuke at the polls next Tuesday that such debased strategy deserves. Their good work and character will not be destroyed in such a cowardly manner.

Watch for campaign roorbacks published by irresponsible newspapers and inspired by prejudicial partisan pap seekers. They will be given publicity for the next three days for the purpose of injuring the democratic candidates. Pay no heed to them for they do not contain any elements of truth.

These are the days when the campaign liar gets in his work. In invidious paragraphs, and innuendos in partisan newspapers, he will seek to injure candidates upon the democratic ticketet, but the people well know the character of both author and publisher of the election canard given publicity at election times for partisan purposes and the utterance has neight weight nor effect.

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USING BANQUET OF SENIORS AT Y. M. C. A. ANNUAL GATHERING

ng Address Made by Dr. Campbell Who Illustrated Character and Its Power.

unced Character the Power Which Rules Nations nd Individuals, Accomplishes the Greatest Successes and a Necessary Possession of the Man Anywhere and All the Time.

EE HUNDRED YOUNG MEN PRESENT

Davison, as Toastmaster, Delightfully Handled the Evening's Program and Responses Came from the Leaders in the Battle of Colors Waged in Behalf of New Memberships.

Jacksonian but thoroughly n saying brought about in the struggles of our country, "To rs belongs the spoils" was re- the Young Men's Christian en last evening, when not victors reaped laurels, but eated also enjoyed a social orthy of note in the history ociation.

s the annual banquet, or banquet in commemoration anvass which has been made branches of the association rch for new members. The ng clans were known as the Whites and the Blues, and and honors came to those who nder the White banner, but ed in the large upper room conquered opponents, each at to table, while gracing the ocvere the new members enring the canvass, eighty-two

annual banquet was a function e direction of the senior memthe Young Men's Christianion and was called for seven with fully three hundred hayponded to invitations. The as prepared and served by the ion's strong ally—the Young Aid of Market street Presbyurch, and showing the appreeit by the participants came lose a rousing vote of thanks ladies.

gathered hosts sat down at lock to the following satisfy-u:

am of Tomato Soup
Celery, Cheese Wafers
ost, Brown Gravy, Veal Loaf
Creamed Potatoes
es, Fruit Gelatine, Olives
Rolls, White Bread
Ice Cream, Cake
Coffee, Fruit

ring the repast, W. T. Copechairman of the Membership tee, formally announced the re- the war of colors for member- to paid the tribute due to vic- the whites, the canvass having as follows:

s..... 31
..... 25
..... 26

onal new members..... 82

Copeland briefly spoke of the 's pleasure and turned and in- the popular and ever inter- superintendent of Lima's pubols, Prof. John Davison, who acted as toastmaster during the after-dinner flow.

Mr. Davison said in opening: "I like a scene like this. It makes me feel young again. We are most certainly glad to have these eighty-two young men enrolled with this association. Lima has many things in which it takes great pride, and among the things of our city in which we are happy through possession not second to any is the Young Men's Christian Association. It has done a wonderful work, is doing a grand work here and elsewhere. And now gentlemen, I am very glad and very proud to introduce to you, this evening, as your main speaker, Dr. T. H. Campbell, of Trinity, for whom we have chosen the topic, 'Character; Its Formation and Its Power.'"

Dr. Campbell, who is one of the strongest and most interesting speakers Lima has ever claimed in its pulpits, gracefully thanked the gathered young men for the pleasure which it gave him to be present and said in part:

"I feel highly honored to speak to you this evening on the occasion of this annual banquet. I think the theme and main thought of this subject assigned me is summed up in that old Eastern allegory of the basket of threads, with which the young man went forth and weaved his completed net, after his toil of a night." Dr. Campbell told the allegory in his own pleasing way and continuing said:

"I think our first duty is to separate character from other things so often confused with it. There is a wide difference between character and characteristics. We have our hereditary and our national characteristics." He told three very apt illustrations of national characteristics.

"Character therefore is separated from out acquired habits or traits. This is illustrated in the fact that many highly educated men have been known to be totally destitute of character; being in fact mere negative propositions.

"How, then do we make character since it is a self-product?

"We make character as a sculptor works out his stone," and he cited the great work of Michael Angelo in carving the likeness of Moses. "We must work out our character; first, thinking of lofty things; uplifting; fashioning ourselves by the ideal, by the perfect, the good and the better things of life."

"Secondly, we may speak of the exercise of will power as forming character. No man is stronger than his will power. He may have a thousand abilities and natural talents, but he is no stronger than the will power he uses."

Dr. Campbell cited as examples of character in its fullest meaning—the extremes in life. The Good and the Bad. "These have character strong and mighty."

In speaking of the power of character, he stated the American nation was a people with ambitions of power; are not contented and don't sit down in craven company, but wherein is our real power? We are a nation of speech makers; not men who have kissed a blarney stone, but men of strength. Superb character gives inherent power. He cited many examples of men, who though having no qualifications as public speakers yet worked wonders on the forum, because of the power of their characters. "The men who really succeed are those backed by real, regal genuine character."

He quoted character as winning the war for the Japanese; loss of character by Napoleon as the cause of losing at Waterloo. "Napoleon was not the same Napoleon, after he cast aside his wife, Josephine. Every man without character is likewise sure to meet his Waterloo. Character counts on every field of battle, everywhere, all the time."

In closing Dr. Campbell paid a thrilling tribute to our president as the breathing image of character. "England is proud of King Edward; Germany worships her William the Third, and all America hails out Teddy as a fine specimen of real vigor and christian character."

Dr. Campbell held his audience throughout his talk so that a pin fall might have been heard throughout the hall. He gave a thrilling stirring, exhilerating address highly fitting to the occasion.

Responding to toasts assigned them came tales from A. D. Hildreth, who made a happy reply paying tribute to Dr. Campbell in opening: "Our toastmaster has given us the celery soup; Dr. Campbell has provided the solid stuff and now we come down to the pickles."

F. W. Curtis, of the Whites, responded to the toast, "How We Got There" and closed by stating that Aspirations plus Perspiration Equalled Success."

Rev. Lord was not present and the next reply came from Manly Osgood, who responded to the topic, "Why We Are a Sandwich" he being of the students and clerks brigade who had fought under the colors of the Blue, while Prof. A. F. Blosser, of Lima College, closed the after-dinner talks in a ten minute portrayal of what concentration and application accomplishes.

As a fitting conclusion, R. J. Piate, president of the association, rallied the attendants to the need of energy and hustling members to build up and make even stronger this association, which is doing so much for the young men of the city and was optimistic in what can and will be accomplished.

The banquet was one of the most enjoyable ever held in the association rooms, and undoubtedly will create an aftermath of great worth.

REV. DR. DUVALL,

Dean of Ohio Wesleyan University, at Y. M. C. A. Sunday.

The program for Sunday afternoon at the Young Men's Christian Association will be extremely interesting, as it begins the series of addresses by Dr. T. G. Duvall, dean of Ohio Wesleyan University, who is one of the strongest speakers to men in the state, and who, if heard once, will be heard at every opportunity. His topic for Sunday is "Tolerance," under the general theme of "Problems in Life and Religion." Dr. Duvall has been secured for three Sunday afternoons, November 4th, 11th and 18th. The striking, vivid, penetrating and simple manner in which the doctor speaks will not fail to be highly appreciated. An interesting feature of the afternoon will be the presence of the Association orchestra, who will play from 2 to 3:30. The best commendation of the orchestra is the music they play, which is of the highest class. Immediately after the concert a song service of ten minutes will be led by Mr. I. W. Green, accompanied by the orchestra. Following the song service, Dr. Duvall will speak. It is the doctor's custom to give an opportunity for asking questions and some of the best things he says are brought out in this way.

Boy's Department.

That there has been something doing in the Boy's department of the Y. M. C. A. is fully evidenced by the 27 new members brought in during the month of October. The hustle continues until November 14th, and some strenuous hustling may be expected in the effort to hold the table of honor at the Boy's banquet, about the 20th of the month. So far the Juniors division has the better of it, but not so much so but that a good spurt on the part of the Intermediates would place them in the lead. The winning division sits at the table of honor, and each member bringing in one new member receives a free plate, as does also the new member. Have you got your plate at that banquet secure? If not, get to work and secure one new member.

Special for Intermediates.

Saturday night from 7 to 9 o'clock the Boy's room will be reserved for new members of this class. A good time is assured.

Iron-Ox TABLETS CURE Constipation

Tongue coated? Feel weak and dizzy? Iron-Ox will clear the system of the deadly poisons that cause these trouble.

60 Iron-Ox tablets in a handy aluminum pocket box, 25 cents. Extra large family size, 150 tablets, $1.00. Trial package 10 cents. At all druggists or by mail prepaid. The Iron-Ox Remedy Company, Detroit, Mich.

EISTEDDFOD

In Marion Arouses Interest For Lima Choral Society.

The big contest to be held at Marion, Ind., in which the Lima Choral Society desires to compete, has aroused public interest generally.

A meeting of the officers of the Society with a number of public spirited citizens and representatives of the press, last week, resulted in a movement to augment the chorus to the number desired by Prof. Owens, so that Lima could enter the contest nearer an equal footing in point of size of chorus than she has in the last two contests.

The public spirited citizens of Lima who conferred with the officials of the society, are of the opinion that Lima should be represented in force, and that representing our city in a contest of this magnitude advertises our town and spreads its fame abroad. These citizens urged the officials to take measures to increase the chorus to one hundred and twenty voices, and assured the society that it would have the hearty support of the citizens generally, and to that end suggested holding a concert before the departure to Marion for the contest, to which the citizens would turn out en masse.

With this encouragement the members of the society at once entered into the matter with enthusiasm, and on Tuesday night last, there was a fine body of singers in attendance to begin upon the choruses for Marion. The committees are still at work and it is expected on next Tuesday night to have the full quota at the practice, enlisted for Marion. The male singers are asking the Gomer male voices to unite with them in singing the "Pilgrims" chorus, in the contest, and if this combination is made the celebrated Venedocia male chorus will need to train well for the contest if they expect to win the prize.

The program for the Marion Eisteddfod is of the very highest class, and will command the interest of the singers throughout their preparation. In order to give the people of Lima a chance to hear this fine music and to show their local pride in this organization, the officers of the Society have arranged for a concert on Thanksgiving night, and have engaged Maude Works Macdonald, the famous contralto, who is winning the highest praise in all parts of the country, to appear as the star of the evening. At this concert Mrs. Macdonald will sing the prize song for the contralto at Marion, and aside from her other selections, the program will be made up of the Marion Eisteddfod music.

DANCE TONIGHT, WHEELER HALL.

Everybody knows; everybody goes, not a ticket peddled; but the bunch will be there. Gentlemen 25c, ladies 10c. Selden's popular orchestra.

SUES THE WHITE SOX

Former Manager Callahan Wants Damages From Comiskey.

A CONTRACT BROKEN.

According to the Allegations of the Outlaw Base Ball Player.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—James J. Callahan, formerly manager of the Chicago American base ball team, and during the last season manager of a local club in this city today filed a suit against the Chicago American League club asking damages to the amount of $3,050. The action is based upon an alleged breach of contract, but Callahan's attorneys declare that when the case comes to trial they will show that the American base ball league "is as much a trust as the Standard Oil company." Trouble arose between Callahan and the American League some months ago when President Chas. Comiskey, of the local American League team, according to Callahan, repudiated a contract with Callahan which provided for Calahan's participation in the games with the National League for the world's championship.

THE REMAINS

Of J. E. Reeves' Son Will Be Brought to Lima.

Information was received in Lima today, announcing the death, at Hazelwood, Pa., of Edward Reeves, the nineteen year old son of J. E. Reeves, formerly of this city, who is now employed in the Pennsylvania railroad company's police department at Pittsburg.

The remains of the youth will arrive in this city at 2:50 o'clock tomorrow morning and will be taken to the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Steinbaugh, 739 north Jefferson street. The funeral will be held Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock from the Disciple church at Beaverdam.

MINNESOTA HEARERS.

By Associated Press.

Minneapolis, Nov. 3.—For the Minnesota and Nebraska foot ball game this afternoon, weather conditions were favorable. Minnesota outweighs Nebraska in the line with Nebraska having the advantage of weight in backs.

THE IDLER.

Col. James Rice, of Canton, frequently and favorably mentioned as a democratic candidate for governor is not only a good democrat, a good lawyer, but a genuine joker. Being in this part of the state making democratic speeches he called upon one of our lawyers on Thursday and employed him as a lawyer to aid him on Friday in an important matter. The local attorney was pleased and at 9:20 Friday morning Col. Rice called and said now for the Wapak car. Old friendships were renewed and our home friend was surprised when the car stopped at Shawnee and he first found that his legal services were required to show the Colonel over the golf links of our Country club. The first round the Col. foozled, fell short, missed puts and the local man trod on air. The second round the Colonel woke up and played par golf, making the round in 38. In at least one law shop if you want to hire a lawyer you must bring your bill of particulars with you.

‡ ‡ ‡ ‡

An organization of local cigar makers will hold a public dance at the Auditorium tonight.

A HAPPY CROWD.

No happier crowd of Hallowe'en merrymakers could have been found than that which spent the evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Roush on the Haines farm, southwest of Allentown, a party of fourteen Limaites, in fantastic costumes, joining forces with the neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. Roush for an evening's amusement.

The most enjoyable feature of the evening was an old fashioned country supper served to the forty-five guests. Music and games were also enjoyed, and the hours when the Hallowe'en spirits appear had arrived before the guests departed, thanking Mr. and Mrs. Roush for their hospitality.

Scrofula

Makes its presence known by many signs,—glandular tumors, bunches in the neck, cutaneous eruptions, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, catarrh and wasting diseases.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Effects permanent cures.

Palace of Fashion MILLINERY

233-235 North Main St. Schmidt's Old Stand.

A Beautiful Showing of

LARGE PICTURE HATS

Gracefully Trimmed with Plumes and Flowers.

SPECIAL $5.00, $6.50, $7.50.

See Our Special $2.98 Gage Tailored Hat.

Also a Special $4 98 Gage Hat.

See Us for Children's Caps and Skidoo Hats.

DENTISTRY.

We wish to announce to the people of Lima and vicinity that we have opened the largest and most elegant dental office in Northwestern Ohio, at No. 132 north Main street, Lima, and that we are fully prepared and equipped TO DO ALL KINDS of dental operations WITHOUT PAIN or inconvenience to the patient. We have determined that for a short time we will cut our prices in half and we will make our best

$10.00 set of teeth for	$5.00
$10.00 24kt gold crown for	$5.00
$8.00 24kt gold crown for	$4.00
$5.00 22kt gold crown for	$3.00

and all other work in proportion. These prices will prevail for a short time only.

Lady in attendance.

New 'phone 1607 M.

UNION PAINLESS DENTISTS,

132 North Main Street. Over City Bank.

LIMA CHATTEL LOAN COMPANY

is the place to borrow money if you want LOW RATES, EASY TERMS, PROMPT ATTENTON and A SQUARE DEAL from start to finish. Why is it that applications are pouring in from all parts of the city if it is not for the fact that

WE PLEASE THE PEOPLE.

We have satisfied others and can satisfy you. Come and see us or let us come to you.

Lima Chattel Loan Co.,

Room 209 Opera Block.

New 'phone 382. Old 'phone 624 Y.

IF YOU ENJOY GOOD EATING,

THE METROPOLITAN RESTAURANT.

34 PUBLIC SQUARE

caters entirely to those who appreciate fresh meats, sea foods and the delicacies of the season properly cooked, with exceptional service. Ladies may patronize our restaurant; be assured of prompt service and careful attention. Special business men's mid-day dinner; extra Sunday dinner.

ALL DEMOCRATS AT THE COMING ELECTION SHOULD PUT THEIR CROSS MARK IN THE CIRCLE AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST TICKET ON THE BALLOT.

The men all say, "When you want the truth, come to me, and I'll give it to you."

VOICE FROM THE OTHER SIDE.

"On the other hand," reflected the shifepoke, leisurely unlimbering one of its long legs and scratching its head as it gazed curiously at the sportsman from the city, "what funny loking things you sometimes see carrying a gun!"—Chicago Tribune.

Spread the World's Table

along every line of longitude from North to South; every parallel of latitude from East to West; pile thereon the foods of every clime and

Uneeda Biscuit

will surpass them all in the elements which make a perfect world-food.

5¢ *In a dust tight, moisture proof package.*

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE CHURCHES

Where Divine Services Will Be Held,

And the Topics Chosen For Discussion By the Various Pastors.

THE SUNDAY PROGRAM

And Announcements For Other Events Scheduled For Coming Week.

Union St. Lutheran Church.

Sunday school at 9 15 a. m. Morning services at 10:15. The pastor will preach a sermon commemorative of the reformation. Evening services at 7 o'clock, theme, "The Christian's Armor." The Aid and Missionary Society will meet with Mrs. J. Holzfoster, 420 east Second street on Tuesday afternoon. A full attendance is desired at the services and meetings. Carl Ackerman, pastor.

German Reformed, West Wayne Street.

A. G. Gekeler, pastor Sunday school at usual hour. At the morning service Rev Ph. Steinhage, of Spencerville will preach. An evening song-service will be in charge of the King's Daughters. Wednesday afternoon the Ladies Society meets at Mrs. Fred Snooks, west Wayne street. Wednesday evening the Y. P. Society meets with the Misses Greding

The Ladies Missionary Society celebrates its anniversary on Thursday. They will hold a reception on that afternoon and evening of that day at the parsonage and solicit contributions in canned fruits and money for the benefit of Lima hospital.

United Brethren Church.

Corner Spring and Union streets. W. R. Arnold, pastor. Sunday school at 9 00 a. m. W. R. Aplas, superintendent. Preaching Sunday at 10:00 a. m., and 7 00 p. m. Junior C. E. and class meeting at 2:30 p. m. C. E. at 6:00 p m Prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p m Ladies Aid will meet in the church Thursday at 2:00 p. m Teachers' meeting Friday at 7 00 p. m

Jefferson Street Chapel.

Sunday School at 2:15 p. m., A. S Ackerty, superintendent. Prayer meeting Friday at 7.30 p. m., leader, L. Hudson.

Epworth M. E. Church.

9:15 a. m. Sunday school. S. W. Vancleve, superintendent. This is our Sunday school rally day and we invite and urge members and friends of the Sunday school to be present. Special arrangements have been made for the members of the Cradle Roll and Home Department. 10 30 sermon, theme, "Sons as Plants." At this hour the sacrament of baptism will be administered to adults or children. 11.45 class meeting. 2:00 p. m. Junior League. 6 00 p m Epworth League. 7 00 sermon, theme, "Educational Value of the Bible in Hygiene and Physical Culture" Special meetings each evening during the week at 7.30. All are invited. A. H. Weaver, pastor.

Market Street Presbyterian Church

Market and West streets. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m., A. S Creps, superintendent. At 10:30 a m. and 7:00 p m., Rev H. M. Thurlow will preach. Christian Endeavor at 6:00 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

Grace Methodist Church.

Corner Kibby and Elizabeth streets. Charles C. Kennedy, pastor. Theme of sermon for 10:15 a. m, "A message of the Love of God Seldom Delivered." At 7.00 p. m the first of a series of fact sermons will be given. "The Biblical Ideal of Womanhood;" "Joseph or a Pure Manhood," "Woman Mission," "Daniel or a Brave Manhood." Sunday school at 9:00 a. m., Epworth League at 6 00 p. m. Bible study Tuesday at 7:00 p m Mid-week service Thursday at 7:00 p m Come.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.

Masonic building, second floor Regular service every Sunday at 10 30 a m., subject for to-morrow, "Adam and Fallen Man" Sunday school for the children at 11:40 The Wednesday evening meeting at 7:30. The church maintains a reading room which is open to the public daily except Sunday from 2 to 5 p m A cordial invitation to the services and to visit the reading room

Christ Church, Episcopal.

Corner of North and West streets Harvest home festival. Holy communion at 7:30 a m., and sermon at 10:30 a. m Evening prayer and sermon at 9:30 a m Form of service with hymns provided for visitors Special music, vested choir, morning and evening. All welcome.

First Baptist.

Central avenue, between Market and High streets. Geo. Lord, pastor. Sunday school at 9.15. Morning worship and sermon at 10.30, subject, "The Faith that Removes Mountains" Young People's meeting at 6:15. Evening preaching service at 7 o'clock, subject: "Repentence." The evening services are growing in attendance and interest. A hearty welcome awaits you.

First Congregational Church.

South Elizabeth near corner west Market. Divine worship and sermon at 10.00 and 7.00. The pastor, Dr. Swanson, will preach at both services Bible school at 11:15, Mr. B. F Thomas, superintendent. Junior Endeavor at 2:30, Miss Carrie L. Gamble, superintendent, topic, "What God Sees, II. Chron 16:9. Senior Endeavor at 6:00, subject, "The Blessedness of Communion with Christ," John 14:15-26. Men's Brotherhood meeting Monday evening at 7.30 Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:15, followed by choir rehearsal. All seats free The general public is most cordially invited.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church.

Corner west North and Elizabeth streets. Rev F. P. Bossart, pastor. Services at 10:15 a. m. and 7:00 p m Morning, seventh anniversary of the pastor and reformation services. The pastor will be assisted by the Rev C K. Hunton, of Salem, Va. There will be a special offering for the debt fund.

In the evening the Luther League will have a special reformation service with a report from the delegate to the national convention at Canton.

Sunday school at 9.00 a. m Devine Society Wednesday 7:30 p m All are welcome.

First Christian Church.

Corner of West and Elm streets Sunday school at 9.15 a. m., Prof. C. A. Graham, superintendent Worship with services at 10:30 a. m and 7:30 p m. The Christian Endeavor service at 6 00 p m topic, "The Blessedness of Communion with Christ." John 14:15-26 This will be the "consecration" meeting, when all the members will be expected to be present. Bible study with prayer service Thursday, at 7 00 p. m Al are welcome

Calvary Reformed Church.

Sunday school at 9:15. Sermon by the pastor at 10 30 and 7 The Lord's supper will be observed at the morning service and an opportunity will be given for any who wish to unite with the church Juniors at 2 Christian Endeavor at 6 15 At 7 a song service will be rendered, followed by a short terse, and practical sermon. The general public will be welcomed. Rev E. E. Young, pastor.

Holy Communion Service.

Communion services will be held at Calvary Reformed church Sunday morning at 10 30. The entire membership is urged to be present and the general public invited.

St. John's Catholic Church.

Early mass at 7:30, subject of sermon, "Coins a Picture of Good Works." High mass at 10 o'clock, subject, continued from last Sunday, "Sacrifice of the Mass" Sunday school at a 2:15. Vespers and benediction at 3. Church council at 7:15. Rev. F G. Rupert, pastor.

Wayne Street Church of Christ.

Bible school at 9.15 a. m. Communion at 10:30, and report of the Buffalo International Christian Missionary convention at 11 o'clock. This report will be made by Howard P. Dean, delegate to the convention, and will be very important to every member of the church A missionary offering will be taken for Ohio work. Christian endeavor prayer meeting at 6:25 p. m. At 7 o'clock Prof Newcomer will give interpretive readings, which will be of general interest. Rev. J. N. Scholes, minister.

Spring Street Lutheran Church.

Sunday school at 9 a. m. Divine worship at 10:30 and 7 p. m. sermon themes, morning: "Bread Enough and to Spare;" evening: "A Mighty Man of Valor." Evening sermon especially for men. Young People's League at 6 p m., topic, "What the Bible Says About the Lord's Supper." A cordial invitation is extended to strangers and the unchurched. Rev. F. M. Traub, pastor.

Main Street Presbyterian Church.

Morning worship at 10:30, and Rev. T. E. Thurlow father of the pastor, will preach. Sunday school at 9:15. No evening service. The pastor hopes the congregation will unite with him in their evening worship at the Market street church, at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. H Marshall Thurlow, pastor.

Trinity M. E. Church.

T. H. Campbell, pastor. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Epworth League revotional service at 6 p. m. Love Feast at 11 45 a. m. At 10:30 a. m., the pastor will give a buy communion meditation, after which the sacrament of The Lord's Supper will be observed, followed by a reception of new members. At 7 p. m., the second sermon of the series "Sundays in Europe," will be preached. The subject will be "A Sunday in London, or a Taste of English Christianty." Special music.

South Lima Baptist Church.

Corner Kibby and Pine streets. C. M. Rupe, pastor. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.; morning service 10:45; evening service 7:00. Revival meetings are in progress and will be held all next week. A cordial invitation to all services is extended to all.

Theosophical.

The Theosophical society will hold its first open meeting Sunday evening, November 4th, in their room, 217 second floor, Opera House block. A short lecture followed by an extract from Esoteric Christianity. The public are cordially invited.

Missionary Church, Solarville.

Sabbath school at 2 o'clock. Class meeting at 3 This being our monthly "missionary day" the Children's Missionary Band" will render a program consisting of songs, recitations and short speeches suitable for the occasion, commencing at 7.30. There will be a free-will offering taken. All are cordially invited. W. A. Coulter, superintendent.

Woman's Trials.

The bitter trial in a woman's life is to be childless. Who can tell how hard the struggle may have been ere she learnt to resign herself to her lonely lot? The absence of this link to bind marital life together, the absence of this one pledge to mutual affection is a common disappointment. Many unfortunate couples become estranged thereby. Even if they do not drift apart, one may read the whole extent of their disappointment in the eyes of such a childless couple when they rest on the children of others. To them the largest family does not seem too numerous.

In many cases of barrenness or childlessness the obstacle to child-bearing is easily removed by the cure of weakness on the part of the woman. Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been the means of restoring health and fruitfulness to many a barren woman, to the great joy of the household. In other, but rare cases, the obstruction to the bearing of children has been found to be of a surgical character, but easily removable by painless operative treatment at the Invalids Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., over which Dr. Pierce of the "Favorite Prescription" fame presides. In all cases where children are desired and are absent, an effort should be made to find out the real cause, since it is generally so easily removed by proper treatment.

In all the various weaknesses, displacements, prolapsus, inflammation and debilitating, catarrhal drains and in all cases of nervousness and debility, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the most efficient remedy that can possibly be used. It has to its credit hundreds of thousands of cures—more in fact than any other remedy put up for sale through druggists, especially for woman's use. The ingredients of which the "Favorite Prescription" is composed have received the most positive endorsement from the leading medical writers on *Materia Medica* of all the several schools of practice. All the ingredients are printed *in plain English* on the wrapper enclosing the bottle, so that any woman making use of this famous medicine may know exactly what she is taking. Dr. Pierce takes his patients into his full confidence, which he can afford to do as the formula after which the "Favorite Prescription" is made will bear the most careful examination.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best and safest laxative for women.

ALL DEMOCRATS AT THE COMING ELECTION SHOULD PUT THEIR CROSS MARK IN THE CIRCLE AT THE TOP OF THE FIRST TICKET ON THE BALLOT.

OBEYING THE DOCTOR.

Wife—"Good heavens, Johann! Here you are coming home from the club at 1 o'clock in the morning, and the doctor forbade you more than two glasses a day!"

Husband—"Yes, but remember, he told me to drink them slowly."—Fliegende Blatter

Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar, the riginal laxative cough syrup acts as cathartic on the bowels. It is nade from the tar gathered from the ine trees of our own country, thereore is the best for children. It is ood for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, etc. Try our free offer. old at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

SOMETIMES SO.

"Did Miss Millions buy a duke?"

"No, she only bought a dukedom; the duke got away."—Detroit Free Press.

When you ask for Mrs. Austin's Pancake flour, insist upon having it, and say Mrs Austin's and no other.

SPOILING A GOOD THING.

"I complimented your husband yesterday on his skill in taking care of the baby"

"O' dear, what did you do that for? He thinks he is only playing with him."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of **Mother's Friend** so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

THE LIBERTY CAP.

Its Significance Dates Away Back to Early Greek Times

From very early times one of the distinguishing marks of a slave, both in Greece and oriental countries generally, was the lack of any covering for the head. Accordingly the cap came to be considered the insignia of liberty, and when slaves were given their freedom they were presented with a cap as an emblem of it. In Sparta the helots wore a cap of dogskin, and this was reckoned a badge of servitude, but upon gaining their freedom this was replaced by a cap of a different material, of another shape and ornamented with flowers. A similar custom was observed in Rome where the presentation of the pileus, or cap, was always a part of the ceremony of manumitting a slave; hence arose the proverb, "Servos ad pileum vocare" Also on medals the cap is the symbol of liberty and is usually represented as being held in the right hand by the point. When a cap was exposed to the people's view on the top of a spear, as in the case of the conspiracy against Caesar, it was intended as a public invitation to them to embrace the liberty that was offered them. The Goddess of Liberty on Mount Aventine was represented as holding a cap in her hand as a symbol of freedom. The Jacobins wore a red cap during the French revolution, and in England a blue cap with a white border is used as a symbol of liberty. The custom which prevails among university students of wearing a cap is said to have had its origin in a wish to signify that the wearers had acquired full liberty and were no longer subject to the rod of their superiors.

RESTAURANTS.

The First of Them Was Established in Paris In 1765.

For a long time inns and eating houses in France were only intended for the benefit of travelling people, for the people took their meals at home and restaurants were unknown. The first enterprise of the kind was founded in Paris in 1765. A citizen by the name of Boulanger opened in the Rue des Poulies an eating house where soup, meat, fowl and eggs were served. A chronicler relates that meals were served there on small, round marble tables and everything was scrupulously clean.

Over the entry to this first eating house the proprietor had hung a sign, upon which were the Latin words, "Venite ad me omnes quae stomacho laboratis, et ego restaurabo vos" (Come unto me all ye whose stomachs need attention, and I will restore them). This is a parody on the well known Biblical quotation. "Come unto me all ye who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest," only in place of labor and heavy laden he said, "whose stomachs need attention." The word "restaurabo," from the Latin "restaurare" (restore or refresh), was the main characteristic of the new establishment and gave it its name. Boulanger amassed a large fortune, for his enterprise proved eminently successful, but he was soon imitated, some of his imitators becoming more famous than he.

A Child Wonder.

The French Academy of Sciences in 1729 examined the case of a French lad only seven years old who, in all respects save that of intelligence, was the equal of a man of twenty. His remarkable physical development began when he was two years old. At four he could do the farm work of a boy of fifteen or sixteen, and at seven he was a fully grown man. Although his physique was thus remarkably developed, his intelligence was no greater than that of children of the same age He died before he was twenty. As is usual in such cases of premature development, his strength faded away, and he became prematurely old before other men would attain maturity.

The Pandects of Justinian.

The pandects of Justinian, the most complete body of Roman laws ever collected, were supposed to be lost, but in 1137, when Amalfi was taken and plundered by the Pisans, a private soldier found a copy, which he sold to an officer for a few pence. The value of the discovery was soon apparent, and the precious volume was taken to Pisa and stored in the city library. When Pisa was stormed by the Florentines in 1415 the precious volume was captured and taken to Florence, where it was placed in the library of the Medici.

Needles.

Needles are all made by machinery. The piece of mechanism by which the needle is manufactured takes the rough steel wire, cuts it into proper lengths, files the point, flattens the head, pierces the eye, then sharpens the tiny instrument and gives it that polish familiar to the purchaser. There is also a machine by which needles are counted and placed in the papers in which they are sold, these being afterward folded by the same contrivance.

True Wealth.

A man's true wealth is the good he does in this world. When he dies men will ask what property he has left behind him, but angels will inquire, "What good deeds hast thou sent before thee?"—From the Arabic.

Bribeless.

To be content is to be happy, and Happiness is one of the three who cannot be bribed; the other two are Love and Death.—Papyrus.

A man cannot leave a better legacy to the world than a well educated family.—Thomas Scott.

A specific for pain—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, strongest, cheapest liniments ever devised. A household remedy in America for 25 years.

THE PEOPLE OF PARIS.

Their First Movements In Revolutions Are Usually Generous.

I know the men of the people in Paris too well not to know that their first movements in times of revolution are usually generous and that they are best pleased to spend the days immediately following their triumph in boasting of their victory, laying down the law and playing at being great men During that time it generally happens that some government or other is set up, the police return to their posts and the judge to his bench, and when at last our great men consent to step down to the better known and more vulgar ground of petty and malicious human passions they are no longer able to do so and are reduced to live simply like honest men. Besides, we have spent so many years in insurrections that there has arisen among us a kind of morality peculiar to times of disorder and a special code for days of rebellion According to these exceptional laws, murder is tolerated and havoc permitted, but theft is strenuously forbidden, although this, whatever one may say, does not prevent a good deal of robbery from occurring upon those days for the simple reason that society in a state of rebellion cannot be different from that at any other time, and it will always contain a number of rascals who as far as they are concerned scorn the morality of the main body and despise its point of honor when they are unobserved.—"Recollections of De Tocqueville."

TIDAL FLUX AND REFLUX.

Complicated Movements of the Billows of the Oceans.

Those who see the rise and fall of the tides in our Atlantic harbors seldom think of the wonderful course of the ocean waves which cause the tidal flux and reflux Such billows not only cross the sea, but flow from ocean to ocean, and in this way complicated movements are set going.

Thus, for instance, once in every twelve hours the moon raises a tide billow in the southern Indian ocean. When this billow passes the Cape of Good Hope at noon its successor is already born, and by the time the first billow has reached the Azores islands at midnight the second is rounding the cape, and a third has come into existence in the southern ocean. By 4 o'clock in the morning following its passage of the cape the tide billow reaches the English channel, and there the shallow waters delay it so much that it does not arrive at the strait of Dover until 10 a. m. Here the narrowing channel causes the tide to rise very high and almost puts an end to the wave.

In the meantime another branch of the billow runs around the western side of the British islands, rounds the north point of Scotland and moves slowly down the eastern coast of England, until it finally flows up the Thames and laps the wharfs of London.—Philadelphia Record.

The Palisades.

This uplift of volcanic matter, resting on baked sandstone and inclining westward at a gentle slope, presents in its riverward aspect the columnar or palisaded appearance that so impressed the early voyagers—a gray wall beetling from 300 to 500 feet above the tide, shagged with trees at the summit, half buried behind a scrap of talus, that is also verdurous. At Nyack it bends into the amphitheater where that pretty town has nestled. surges riverward again to form Point-no-Point and, still ascending behind Haverstraw, reaches in High Tor a lift of 820 feet. As the dike extends southward also to Bayonne, its total length is forty miles, but the Palisades proper front the river for half that distance.—Charles M. Skinner in Century.

Called His Bluff.

"What!" cried the brutal husband. "You gave that old overcoat of mine to a tramp? You should have asked me first. I had placed a hundred dollars in bills in one of the pockets of that coat, simply to have the money in a safe place until you should want to purchase some clothes." "William Henry Suddsworthy," replied the fond wife, fixing him with a judicial eye, "you worked that game on me two years ago. I went through the pockets of that coat and found a wornout glove, six cloves, five cardamom seeds, four matches and a suburban time card I'm going shopping for my dress tomorrow."

One Eyed Giants.

Sir John Mandeville saw all sorts of queer things and wrote about them in his celebrated book of travels. It was in 1536 that the veracious John visited a certain group of isles (yles he called them) which was inhabited by a race of one eyed giants. Of them he says: "In one of these yles ben folk of grate stature, as giantes, and they been hideous for to loke upon. An thei han but on eye, and that is in ye middyl of ye front." He also tells of another one of these "yles" inhabited by a race of one legged dwarfs, each having three eyes.

Nothing but Fruit.

"I say, I'd give anything to be as strong and healthy as you are," remarked the lazy man. "What do you live on?"

"Nothing but fruit," answered the other.

"What kind of fruit?"

"The fruit of industry," was the brief but significant reply.

Not Committed.

Subbubs—I thought you said the cottage was half a mile from the station. Agent—Yis, but Oi niver said how far the station wor from the cottage.—New York Sun.

A man may admire resignation in time of grief, but he doesn't like the thought of it in connection with his widow.

ZOROASTRIANS OF PERSIA.

They Are a Much Persecuted and Unjustly Judged People.

Zoroaster, the prophet of ancient Iran, arose about the middle of the seventh century before Christ as a reformer of the older creed of Persia, a primitive form of nature worship which had become debased through corruption and crass superstition His birthplace is believed to have been in the province of Azarbaijan, to the west of the Caspian sea, a region abounding in volcanic mountains, hot springs, naphtha wells and other igneous phenomena. By inheritance he was a member of the sacerdotal tribe of the Magi and by calling a forerunner of the wise men from the east who worshiped centuries later at the cradle in Bethlehem Inspired by ecstatic visions of heaven and warned by prophetic signs of the terrors of hell, he came to teach his people the ethical meaning of the conflict between good and evil under the form of Ormazd and Ahriman as god and devil. Filled with the hope of an eternal existence after the general resurrection of the dead, he sought to lead his followers to a more spiritual life and to teach them the moral significance of the motto of his faith, "Good thoughts, good words, good deeds," and to guide them also in practical ways, inculcating the practice of agriculture, kindness to animals, especially the cow, habits of thrift and industry, together with those of bodily cleanliness and the observance of certain rites and ceremonies in their daily life. His death is thought to have occurred at Balkh, in eastern Iran, about 583 B. C., during the religious war between Iran and Turan, which was called forth by his teaching.

Zoroaster's creed became the religion of an eastern world empire. The law of the Medes and Persians, which knew no change, molded the history of the early kingdom of Iran, and the same decrees prevailed in Bacteria. It was by Ormazd's will that the sovereign rulers of these lands held sway, kings by divine right. Cyrus the Great is called the Lord's "anointed" and his "shepherd" even in the Bible, and "king by the grace of Auramazda" was Darius' own proud claim The inscriptions and the Avesta alike exalt the sacred majesty of the king. But many of those who once were kings of Zoroaster's line are now known only by name. Persia is Mohammedan, the Persians are Mussulmans by faith, and Islam has blotted out much of the ancient history and creed. The Zoroastrians of Persia, stigmatized as Gabars, number not more than 10,000 souls. Yezd is the home of about 8,000 of these. Kirman, a smaller city to the southeast, claims about 2,000 more. Teheran, the capital, near where Zoroaster's mother is said to have been born, has less than 300. Shiraz numbers not fifty of the ancient belief, Isfahan a half dozen and some of the minor towns can each add three or four more to make up the talesman's count. Frowned upon as "fire worshipers," which they really are not, despised or persecuted as infidels, surrounded by business restrictions and social disabilities, the "Jews of the east," as they are sometimes called, maintain their lives at high cost. And yet they possess admirable qualities, and it is these characteristics that have preserved their religion from being utterly effaced. Through ages of misfortune and distress they have remained true to it, and by their sterling traits of truth, uprightness, generosity and devotion they still exemplify what was best in it.—A. V. Williams Jackson in Century.

Justice of Inequality.

The eastern tale is generally a compound of that humor, simplicity and imagination that we associate, rightly or wrongly, with the Irishman, just because Ireland is the nearest country to our own that is not aggressively Saxon. What could be more Irish, for instance, than the behavior of the great Turkish hero of so many stories, Nasr-ed-Din Hodga, when a neighbor came to borrow his donkey. "My donkey is not here," he said. The words were scarcely out of his mouth when the animal brayed loudly. "But your donkey is here; I can hear him," cried the neighbor. "What!" shouted the enraged Turk. "Do you mean to say you believe my donkey before you believe me?"

Wit in the east, as elsewhere, is nothing without its accompanying quality of insight to turn it into exquisite humor, and Nasr-ed-Din Hodga showed himself at his best when asked to divide a bag of nuts among the assembled company. He gave fifty to one, twenty to another, two to another, and so on, until he was asked in astonishment why he divided them in such a manner. "I am doing it as God would," he answered, with a smile.—London Chronicle.

Striking Clocks.

The salesman in the jewelry store was talking of the merits of various wall clocks to a patron and finally pointed out one as a great bargain. "Not for me," interrupted the customer; "that clock strikes, and I wouldn't have it as a gift." "You're different from the usual run of purchasers; they prefer striking clocks," commented the salesman. "Yes, but they don't keep billiard rooms," explained the customer. "I want the clock for my establishment, and a striking clock would lose me money. Pool and billiards are fascinating games and players get so absorbed they forget all about time, which they wouldn't do if there was a clock striking regularly. A clock striking every hour in my place would make a big hole in the receipts, and I guess a clock that struck half hours would put me out of business. No, sir; you don't find a wise pool room keeper hanging a striking clock in his place."

The young man, who can leave his job at two o'clock in the afternoon to go out riding with his girl, never holds an important job

WANTS, FOR RENT, LOST, FOR SALE, ETC.

Advertisements occupying four lines or less will be inserted in this column for 25 cents for one insertion, or 50 cents for three insertions, the order to be accompanied by the cash.

WANTED—Men $91 monthly made passing bills, tacking signs, etc. Life business. No canvassing Continental Distributing Service, Chicago, Illinois

WANTED—A local resident representative in every county in Ohio $12 per week salary paid to those who prove competent Chance for advancement. Address with references. No deposit required. Manager, 423 Quincy Bldg., Denver, Col.

BOY WANTED—A good opening for energetic boy and a chance to learn business methods. Short hours and good pay. Need not interfere with school duties. Steady work all winter. Apply after 3:30 p m Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 124 south McDonel street. 1 2t

WANTED—Two carriage woodworkers for automobile body work Steady work year round Address Pope Motor Car Co, Toledo, Ohio 20-3teod

WANTED—Lady for office work and to take orders. Give age, experience and reference. Salary $15,00 per week. Reply with stamp. F E Barr, Lima, O. 30 21*

WANTED—A first class barber, (White) at the Y. M. C. A. barber shop. J. W. Arthur, Prop. 8-3t*

WANTED—Girl for general housework, middle aged woman preferred Address Alva Breese, R D 4, or stop at stop No. 5 W. O. R R 9 3t*

WANTED—Girl general housework small family, good wages Apply at Mrs. O. B. Selfridge, 650 west Market Street. 9 3t

WANTED—Middle aged woman to do light housework for two persons No washing or baking, 222 west McKibben street. 8-3t

WANTED—Girls to learn the cigar making trade. Will pay $3 per week until learner can make more by piece work. After trade has been accomplished can earn from $8 to $12 per week, depending entirely on speed of worker. The Deisel-Wemmer Co. 207-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Corner lot on west Market street, west of Cole. The price has hit rock bottom. A. D Coss, over Red Cross drug store. 20 2wk

FOR SALE—Good team of horses with wagon and harness. Horses weigh about 1100 each; may be seen at fourth house east of Excelsior factory on north side of Pennsylvania railroad Inquiry may also be made at Frank Merkle's 415 north Main street. 9-3t*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two new houses will be ready to occupy in a few days; also new house for sale, easy payments. H. A. Moore, 742 west North. New phone 610 1t*

FOR RENT—One of the most convenient and pleasant suites of office rooms in Lima. Steam heat. Inquire at Times-Democrat, counting room. 9 6t

FOR RENT—Some nice houses, 5 to 7 rooms, $8 and $10 per month. Also some good barns. Nice modern rooming house, centrally located. A few nice houses still left to sell on renting installments. Some cash bargains.

tf FOYE, 65 public Square.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CISTERNS CLEANED AUTOMATICALLY—New automatic device removing every trace of dirt, gaseous and other impurities; no water removed; remains perfectly clear and odorless. Price reasonable. Call on or write M. L. Sebring, 1129 west High street. 8-12

STRAYED OR STOLEN—A cow was stolen or strayed away from 796 south Elizabeth street, the evening November 1st, 1906. Finder please leave word at McClain's Grocery on south Main street.

ARRANGING FOR TERMINAL FACILITIES.

Percy—"Did you notice that the paper said my remarks at the banquet last night were 'puntuated with applause?'"

Miss Cutterly—"Yes, and I thought it was a mean thing to say. It meant, of course, that the audience was trying to put a period to them."—Chicago Tribune.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

MUSEMENTS.

HING ATTRACTIONS.

Theatre—High class

aurot Opera House.

y night—"My ixie Girl."
night—"Peter ally."
y night—"Buster Brown's

in her whole career has ha been singing more bril- an this fall at the Italian opera in Covent Garden. The papers are all united this. Last spring her voice rom the poor physical con- was in, but a summer of made her perfectly well

Sadie Calhoun as Dixie in "My Dixie Girl."

E. Ellis, of Boston, her is receiving requests from of the country for con- his greatest of living sing- early all of these have to l, for most of Melba's time nt in New York at the new ein Opera.

adie Calhoun, the charm- rn actress, will be seen at next Thursday night as gerfield in the successful rama "My Dixie Girl", is th a good amount of what the "Western spirit", and is, as is every native Kentuckian, an enthusiastic horsewoman. She also plays well, is somewhat of a sculptress, an expert swimmer, tennis and golf player, and, as she terms it, an "all around Tom-boy". She has spent the greater part of her life out of doors, and, with her robust health and sunny disposition, is a living example of what plenty of exercise will accomplish for any woman.

If to laugh is to grow fat, the audience that attends the production of "Buster Brown's Holiday" at the Faurot opera house next Saturday afternoon and evening will have to take anti-fat as the performance is said to be productive of one big laugh from the time the curtain goes up on the opening chorus until it goes down on the closing one. The funny doings of Buster and Tige promis to keep every one in continual laughter and the good scenery and handsome costumes, of which a great many are worn, will be a delight to the eye.

As visitors to Boston know often to their sorrow, it is absolutely impossible to secure seats for the public rehearsals of the Boston Symphony Orchestra which are held on Friday afternoon and unless one speaks far ahead it is equally impossible to get any of the two score seats for the Saturday evening concerts which are held out from the sale by the management for the benefit of those who do not buy seats for the season. This same condition now exists in Washington where five concerts are given during the winter in the New National Theatre. Practically the entire theatre is sold out by subscription for the whole series. Nor are any of the tickets in the hands of speculators.

Lovers of the best in drama will welcome Florence Hamilton in "The Other Woman" which comes to the Faurot opera house on Thursday night. Seldom has a star so thoroughly entranced her many admirers as this great artist. "The Other Woman" is pronounced by everybody who has seen it as the greatest play of the century.

During the season when she is busy giving concerts, Olga Samaroff, makes it a set and fast rule never to take pen in hand except now and then to give her autograph to some one who is particularly insistant. Mme Sumaroff says that it takes two hours good hard practicing to get her hand into shape again after writing a short letter, and that is not worth while. For this reason many admirers in the musical public who write to her get no reply, but the discourtesy is only in appearance and comes from necessity. A pianist on tour is compelled to sacrifice a good many things which she would like to do. As a matter of fact if Mme Samaroff answered all the letters which are sent to her, she would have little time for anything else.

Tomorrow night at the Faurot opera house the Liberty Moving Picture Co. will present an entire different program from any thing seen in this city. Direct from New York they will send here brand new pictures that have met with popular favor there.

DEMOCRATS: DO NOT OVERLOOK THE FACT THAT THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET IS FIRST ON THE OFFICIAL BALLOT THIS YEAR FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE AUSTRALIAN BALLOT SYSTEM WAS INTRODUCED INTO OHIO.

Faurot Opera House

TUESDAY, NOV. 6TH.

The renowned actress,

FLORENCE HAMILTON,

in the dramatic success of two continents.

The Other Woman.

Uninterrupted run of fifty-two weeks in Paris. One year in London.

The Original Production Complete.

Sale of seats opens Monday, 9 a. m.

PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c.

MY DIXIE GIRL

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

THURSDAY NIGHT Nov. 8

Special Engagement---The Dainty Little Comedienne

SADIE CALHOUN

In the Successful Comedy Drama

WAMPUM.

What It Is and How the Indians Used to Make It.

When Columbus discovered America he found the Indians carrying on trade from tribe to tribe with wampum. Anything that has value may be used as money. In ancient Syracuse and Britain tin was used as money, and we find that iron was so used at one time in Sparta, pieces of silk in China, cattle in Rome and Germany, leather among the Carthaginians, nails in Scotland, lead in Burma, platinum in Russia, cubes of pressed tea in Tartary, slaves among the Anglo-Saxons, salt in Abyssinia, etc.

Wampum is from an Algonquin word meaning "white." The Indians have ever been fond of ornaments, particularly of beads. They used to make beads of seashells in the following way: A fragment of stone was with much care "worked down" to the size of a small nail, having one end quite pointed, and it was then fastened to a piece of cane or a reed. With this simple tool the Indian workman chipped off a bit of the inside of a conch shell or a part of the shell of a hard clam and rubbed it down to the size desired. This bit of shell he held in his hand, placed the sharp end of the stone against it and then turned the stone around and around until a hole was drilled entirely through the shell.

The shell beads thus tediously manufactured were called wampum. These beads were either white or of a purple color, the last being valued much higher than the first. It was the very laborious way of making wampum that gave it value. The wampum was artistically strung upon hempen threads and used as necklaces, bracelets and rings. Often it was woven into belts about three inches in width and two feet in length.

The wampum belt served many purposes. It was sent from tribe to tribe with solemn promises and messages, it was used in making peace, in asking for aid in time of war, for personal adornment and also as a "circulating medium." The coast tribe Indians were the wampum makers. The interior Indians spent their time hunting and exchanged game of all kinds for the wampum made by the coast tribes.

For a long time after white people had settled in the new world small coins were scarce and wampum was used as change. Finally the palefaces set up lathes by treadles for the purpose of making wampum quickly, and soon the Indian wampum makers were, as we say nowadays, "out of a job."

Early English Bookbindings.

During the reign of Elizabeth the fashion in bookbinding underwent a considerable change, the graceful simplicity of the early work, with its rather severe and restrained ornament, giving place to a heavy, overdecorated style, in which a superabundance of gilding hid poverty of design. This style reached its height in the bindings produced for James I., which were commonly dotted all over with fleurs-de-luce or thistles, while the corners were filled with a heavy block of coarse design. During the reign of Charles the bindings were, as a rule, copied from French work, and the designs carried out with very small tools; but, though foreign influence was strongly felt at first, the English binders soon struck out a line of their own, and Samuel Mearne, the binder to Charles II., produced some admirable work and seems to have introduced the quaintly shaped panel which gave the name of cottage binding to a certain class of work. At a little later date an Edinburgh binder, whose name is unknown, but whose work is easily distinguishable, executed some marvelous pieces of work on very dark green morocco.

Monotonous.

A well known physician once told a patient who he suspected was receiving too many calls from solicitous friends to make a stroke with a pencil on a piece of paper every time he was asked, "How are you today?" The result for one day was just twenty-four strokes, and the physician immediately gave strict orders that no visitor should be permitted to enter the sickroom until further notice, remarking to the nurse that if his patient must be worried to death there was at least no reason why it should be done in such an unscientific manner. Only those who have suffered serious illness know how trying it is to be required to answer again and again the same question asked by one well meaning individual after another. It would matter less if visitors contented themselves with asking just one question, but they do not, and the minute details of one's ailments become peculiarly depressing after a few repetitions. Many people forget that rest and quiet are often invaluable agents in securing restoration to health.

Chinese Gardens.

In the ornamenting and beautifying of gardens the Chinese excel over all other nations. By means of a variety of winding walks they make a small place appear twice as large as it really is. Innumerable flowerpots, containing a great variety of beautiful asters, of which they are very fond, are sometimes arranged in a labyrinth, from which you cannot get out again without a guide. They seem to have a very extensive assortment of asters; one species is quite white, as large as a rose, with long graceful leaves, which the Chinese use in the season for salad, justly esteeming them a very great delicacy. When the asters are all in full bloom, the pots arranged handsomely near a piece of water and the walks and alleys well lighted at night with variously colored lamps, a Chinese garden has the appearance of one of those enchanted palaces we read of in the Arabian tales.

What has become of the old-fashioned girl who pined way and forgot to curl her hair when love didn't go to suit her?

Faurot Opera House,

MATINEE AND NIGHT.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10th.

Company Of Fifty Artists and Pretty Girls.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE FUN FEAST

Master Rice as "Buster".
Arthur Hill as "Tige".
Emalyn Lackaye,
Bert Jordan,
Frankie Drew,
Ben Turbot,
Corinne Wilson,
Joe Sullivan,
Carolyn Bently,
3—Sisters Mason—3
Church City Quartette.

Popular With Children of All Ages, from 5 to 75.

Car Load of Scenic, Costume and Novel Effects.

BUSTER BROWN'S HOLIDAY.

PRICES:

MATINEE.

Adults ..... 25c. Children ..... 25.

NIGHT.

Boxes and Orchestra ..... $1.00 Balcony 50c
Parquette ..... 75c Gallery 25c

Seat sale Friday 9 a. m.

Customer (at the hatter's)—"I want a Panama hat."

Hatter—"Yes, sir. Would you like a really genuine Panama, a real Panama, or simply a Panama hat?"—Fliegende Blatter.

NOT AN ACCIDENT.

Esmeralda—"How did Jack ever happen to marry poor, dear Gladys?"

Gwendolyn—"It didn't happen. He found out after they were married that it was intentional."—Chicago Tribune.

FIRST CATCH OUR DRAMA.

What would be the use of a Bank of England if we had no money to keep in it? The time to demand a national theatre will be when we have a national drama.—The World.

ANOTHER ONE BOOKED.

She—"If I were a man I don't think I would ever marry."

He—"If you were a man don't think you would want to marry either."—Ally Sloper.

NO NEED TO WORRY.

Tailor—"When are you going to pay my account? It's enough to worry one to death."

Undertaker—"O, never mind, old man; if the worst comes to the worst, take it out in trade."—London Opinion.

THE CYNIC AGAIN.

We always dislike a man who has grasped an opportunity we failed to see. When we say of a man that he won't listen to reason he is probably saying the same about us.—The Tatler.

A CRUEL CUT.

Barber (to irritable person whom he is shaving)—"Beg pardon, sir, but your hair wants trimming badly, sir."

Customer—"It does; you cut it yesterday."—London Tribune.

CRITICAL.

For the first time little Gladys had been taken out to dine. When she returned home she remarked:

"It was all very nice, very nice; their dinner was mighty good, an' the silver an' cut glass was beautiful, but I don't like their table manners as well as ours."—Puck.

FIXED.

The widow of an unfortunate man asked of a priest: "Do you think my poor husband has gone to a good place?"

"I hope so, signora, especially if he had a little of purgatory in this world."

"O, as for that, I saw to that myself."—Lo Scassiapensieri.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

Tomorrow Night at 8:15 p. m.

PHIL A. KILFOIL

PRESENTS

The Liberty Moving Pictures

Presenting all new sensational living dramas and comedies—latest mechanical devices for sound effects, complete in every detail.

A Perfect Entertainment.
Two Solid Hours of Uninterrupted Enjoyment.

The Angelo-American Lifeograph,

an European invention which entirely eliminates the annoying "flicker" and produces a perfect picture.

Illustrated songs beautifully renderel by an accomplished vocalist, Master Ben Fox.

PRICES.

Lower floor ..... 50 Cents.
Balcony ..... 35 Cents.
Gallery ..... 25 Cents.

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SHELBY REPUBLICANS OPPOSED TO ROSSER

His Candidacy for Congress Is Farcical.

Tied Onto the Fourth District Ticket With Ulterior Purpose.

DICK - COX - FORAKER

Are the Champions From Whom He Is Really Seeking Honors.

Hopes to Gain Through Them a Place on the State Ticket.

Sidney, O., Nov. 3.—No very great attention is being paid to the Fourth district congressional campaign in this city and county and this condition is due to more than one reason.

First, it is conceded on all sides that Hon. W. E. TouVelle, the democratic nominee from Mercer county will be elected by the usual, if not an increased majority. There is practically no disaffection in the democratic ranks in any of the five counties of the district. This party is well united on all of the candidates and all of the issues of the day while on the other hand the independent republicans of the district and of the state have already shown a positive determination to rebuke the bossism ofDick and Foraker who have openly defied President Roosevelt in the United States senate and who absolutely dictated the work of the republican state convention held at Dayton. In this campaign, although in almost every other state in the union national issues are paramount, President Roosevelt is relegated to the rear seat in the caravan in Ohio and Dick and Foraker, with the notorious George B. Cox sandwiched between them on the front seat, are the shining lights of the whole campaign. They were endorsed by the convention which nominated the republican candidate for congress, at Lima and to endorse Dick, Cox and Foraker means to repudiate President Roosevelt. This being the situation throughout the Fourth district, the democrats and republicans, alike, are letting matters shape their own course in the congressional contest and they all know what the result will be on next Tuesday—the election of Mr. TouVelle.

Here in Shelby county, and the situation seems to be about the same in the other counties of the district, the candidacy of J. C. Rosser, of Sidney, who is on the republican ticket as the congressional nominee, is not now and has never been taken seriously. Mr. Rosser, according to his friends in the court house who know him best, has no hope or expectation of being elected to congress. He does however, aspire to the republican nomination for state auditor, and hopes that by being on a Foraker-Cox Dick ticket, nominated by a convention which insulted Roosevelt by endorsing Dick and Foraker, to be permitted by those two anti-Roosevelt senators to climb onto the state ticket in the near future. Those are the lines upon which he is paddling his political canoe and those are the real aspirations of his present candidacy.

So far as Shelby county is concerned, even if Mr. Rosser was a bonafide candidate, he could have no hope of carrying the full strength of his own party, much less win support enough from a united democratic party to make possible his election. He is in bad favor with the old line republicans of Sidney and Shelby county on two or three scores, one of which is the hand he has taken in the Sidney postoffice fight. Rosser, by some means or other, got control of the Sidney members of the county committee and forced that committee to endorse W. C. Jackson, a recent comer from Coshocton, who now runs the barber shop in the Wagner house, for postmaster. This was done in the face of the candidacy of Emery C. Mumford, a loyal old line republican who has been a citizen of Sidney practically all of his life. As a result of this piece of flagrant bossism, when the smoke of battle shall have cleared away next Tuesday night, it will be found that many republican votes of disapproval have been registered in Shelby county against Mr. Rosser.

A CORRECTION.

In last evening's issue an error was made in naming the First Baptist church as being in charge of the mammoth Eistedtiod to be held in this city on Washington's birthday next. This affair which promises to eclipse the former event given by the same society is to be held under the auspices of the Northwestern Ohio Eisteddfod Association, and not the First Baptist Church. The prizes for the several competitions are increased considerable over those given last Washington's birthday. Choirs are expected to come from Marion, Ind., Van Wert, Venedocia, Gomer, Delphos, Ada and likely Kenton will be represented as well. The three sessions will be full of intense interest, one notable competition in the morning session which already is attracting particular attention being the church choir competition. The main chorus competition, "Achieved is the Glorious Work", from "Creation", will be an attraction for the evening that will develop great enthusiasm among the choirs, the prize being $100. The Corresponding Secretary A. D. Thomas, of this city, will gladly supply preliminary programs to all interested.

THE RETURNS

Will Be Sent in to Board of Election Early.

The Board of Deputy Supervisors of Elections has instructed the presiding judges in each precinct in Allen county to telephone or telegraph to the board at Lima, the result of the election in their respective precincts immediately after the count is concluded. This will result in the early collection of the returns from all parts of Allen county.

FOURTH ANIVERSARY.

The fourth anniversary of the court house mission will be celebrated tomorrow, Sunday, in the assembly room of the court house, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to which interesting and beneficial service everybody is invited from the richest to the poorest learned and unlearned. A history of its origin and progress will be given. 100 voices will be heard in a harmonious, and soul- stirring song service, worth many miles to hear. The pastors of the various churches in the city are requested to announce the same from their pupits. Sunday morning. Come, you will never regret or forget it.

FIND A METHOD TO MAKE MORE MONEY.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—The American league will advocate a longer world series, a shorter championship season, and a greater number of post season games between team of the major leagues for next season, as a part of the winter base ball campaign, according to an announcement made yesterday by President Johnson, there also will be efforts made to curb the practice of independent city league clubs of hiring players under contract to national agreement clubs, with or without the consent of the teams to which they belong

MORE EDUCATION EXPECTED SOON.

By Associated Press.

St Petersburg, Nov 3—The publication of the government measure instituting general education may be expected soon

An important meeting of members of the peaceful regeneration party is being held at Moscow to determine whether the party shall join issues with Octoberists in the coming elections M. Shipoff, who withdrew from the Octoberists on account of his support of the administration is playing an important part in the movement.

WILL SPEAK ON "DREAMS."

By Associated Press.

Lincoln, Neb, Nov 3—William J. Bryan will complete his hurried speaking tour in Nebraska today, speaking here tonight on "Dreams" in answer to Senator Beveridge who spoke here a few weeks ago and called Mr Bryan a dreamer

BIG HOTEL FIRE.

By Associated Press.

Tangier, Nov 3—The Hotel Francaise, a large establishment, and the only big Spanish commercial house here has been burned out

TO CURE ANY DISEASE.

The Cause Must be Removed, Same Way With Dandruff.

Kill the germ that causes dandruff, falling hair and baldness you will have no more dandruff, and your hair must grow luxuriantly. Newbro's Herpicide not only contains the dandruff germ destroyer but it is also a most delightful hair dressing for regular toilet use. No other hair preparation is on this scientific basis of destroying the dandruff germs. It stops all irritation keeps the scalp sweet pure and wholesome. Remember that something claimed to be "just as good" will not do the work of genuine Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich

PERSONAL MENTION.

Rev. Ervin E Young, pastor of Calvary Reformed church, returned home Thursday evening from Tiffin, where he had gone to attend a convention at which he delivered an address on "Winning the Young Man"

Mr and Mrs Geo Fisher have returned after a week's visit at Mansfield and Crestline.

The venerable Lewis Van Pelt, a well known and aged citizen, is seriously ill at his home on south Union street.

Rev. F P. Bossart returned yesterday from Canton, O., where he attended the recent convention of the Luther League of America. He reports an excellent convention and a good time.

Mrs. I. Weyer, of Park avenue, went to Spencerville this morning, to visit relatives over Sunday.

Mrs Clarence Kephart, of west North street, returned from Spencerville this morning, where she visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs Robert Kolter.

Ernest Waugh, formerly of Lima, who is engaged in mining engineering in southern Nevada, is at Long Beach recovering from an attack of typhoid fever.

SEND A LETTER TO MAMMA IN HEAVEN.

By Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 3.—A letter addressed to "Mama in Heaven" came to Atlantic City in the mail bag from Philadelphia last night. It contained, in a childish scrawl the message.

"Dear Mama, please come and see your boys and bring papa, too. We pray for you.

(Signed) "Jossie Georgie."

No clue is given to the home of the childish writers or their identity and the letter will be forwarded to Washington.

TEN PER CENT

Increase to All Employes of the Reading

Except Those Who Already are Drawing Two Hundred a Month.

STARTS THIS MONTH.

Entire Philadelphia and Reading System is Included in Raise.

Pennsylvania Officials Deny That They Have Likewise Acted.

By Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—The Philadelphia and Reading Railway company announced today an increase of wages of 10 per cent to all employes whose salaries are less than $200 per month. The increase is effective November first.

The increase, it is said, will effect about 25,000 employes.

The Philadelphia and Reading system is included in the increase. The system extends from Philadelphia to Williamsport, Pa., on the north; Brown Brook, N. J., on the east side; Shippensburg, Pa., on the west and Wilmington, Dela., on the south.

Not Yet for Pennsy.

Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—An official of the Pennsylvania railroad said that the statement published in this morning papers to the effect that the Pennsylvania railroad company had agreed upon a 10 per cent advance in the pay of its employes on January 1, was entirely unauthorized and that while it is true that consideration is being given to this subject the matter has not yet taken definite shape. It was said that it cannot yet be decided what advance may be necessary to secure an equitable compensation to the employes of the various departments.

When any definite action is taken on the subject it will be by the board of directors at which time it will be officially announced to the employes and to the public

FIVE CANDIDATES THROWN IN PRISON.

By Associated Press.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 3—For speaking in the streets in defiance of the police, fifteen speakers were arrested last night, lodged in jail and denied bail. Among those taken in custody were candidates for congress, the supreme and superior benches and other officers to be voted on next Tuesday.

Two men were arrested for interfering with the police

DECREE GIVEN

Ivy Miller Against His Lima Wife.

No Contest Was Made, and Husband Was Awarded the Children.

THE CASE IS CLOSED.

Jury After a Short Time Deliberation Gave an Acquittal.

Story of the Day as Shown in the Records of the Cpaitol.

The sensational divorce pleadings of Ivy Miller, the Spencerville oil operator against his wife, were proven to the satisfaction of the court in a hearing before Judge Cunningham, who has granted a decree to the husband against the former Lima girl, Rose Ammerman-Miller, on the grounds of infidelity.

No defense was made by the former Lima girl, whom witnesses stated was now residing in Detroit, where her mother makes her home. The evidence was conclusive in detail to the court, and matters of alimony had been previously arranged between the parties, Miller giving his wife $250 in lieu of alimony claims while Mrs. Miller relinquished her right to the custody of the children, who are now with their aunt, Mrs. Dellamator, a sister of Mr. Miller. Thus closes the sensational case without the notoriety of an open contest.

JURY ACQUITTED HER.

Mrs. Blackburn Given Clear Bill on All Counts.

Mrs. Josie Blackburn, of Beaverdam, who, with her husband was indicted for burglary, larceny and receiving goods known to have been stolen, was completely and thoroughly exonerated from the criminal allegations, by the jury which listened for two days the testimony and arguments.

The jury returned a verdict last evening of "not guilty" and this probably means that the indictment against her husband will be nollied, as it was identical with that against the woman, against whom the stronger case was supposed to have been secured.

Rule Day For Circuit.

This is rule day for the next session of circuit court which convenes here week after next.

Cognovit Judgment.

Nicholas F. Miller vs. Aug B. Tipp, cognovit judgment, amount claimed $179.75.

DANCE TONIGHT, WHEELER HALL.

Everybody knows; everybody goes, not a ticket peddled, but the bunch will be there. Gentlemen 25c, ladies 10c. Selden's popular orchestra.

DANCING SCHOOL.

Prof. Schuler's assembly was attended by thirty couples last evening. Mr. Schuler introduced one of the latest dances of this season, "Heart's Delight," which met with favor with all pupils present.

MASQUERADE

To Be Held at the Majestic Rink Thursday Night.

Next Thursday night a grand masquerade skating carnival will be held at the Majestic polo rink and four prizes will be given. The lady and gent appearing in the finest fancy costumes and the two appearing in the most comical costume will each receive a season ticket for the rink.

No person not enmasque will be permitted to skate until after the grand march.

Admission: Skates, masked, 25c; spectators 10c.

LADIES OF G. A. R.

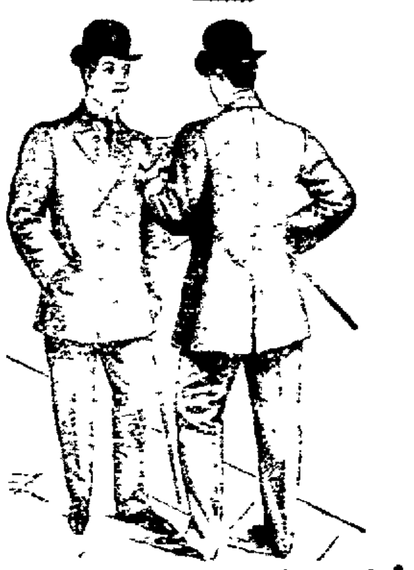
There will be a regular meeting of the Marcus A. Hanna circle No. 52 next Monday evening at 7 o'clock sharp, in their new hall known as Donzo hall on south Main street. By order of the president.

MARY KIRK, Sec

GUNS.

I have in stock Remington Hammerless, double-barrel shotguns and other makes, and a large lot of hammer guns and rifles which I am closing out at less than they cost Also a lot of guns that were left for repairs, that will have to go. Loaded shells less than cost

21 6t L. HETRICK.



Correct Clothes and Footwear For Men.

Men's styles originate in New York City and travel west slowly. If you wear our New York made clothes you are always several months ahead of the other fellow in style, in the Hackett & Carhart kind. Besides we send out every suit to fit perfectly, this we guarantee.

See Our Clothes on *the* Streets.

Most Attractive Men's Suits and Overcoats,

$10 to $20.

"Good Wear" Brand Men's Suits and Overcoats, Best on Earth,

$6.90 to $9.90.

"For Clothes that make you look better" see

LICHTENSADER BROS., NORTHWEST COR. SQUARE,

Clothing and Shoes. Established 1-3 of a Century.

Our Shoe Department Alive With What Is Best.

See our new Fall lasts for Men, Women, Misses, Boys' and Children.

THPRE ISN'T MUCH TO TELL

So far as makes are concerned, you know beyond any argument that the Steinway, Knabe, Bordman and Gray, Ludwig, Anderson, Whitney & Currier, Haddorf Kimball and other pianos of our regular line are giving the best of satisfaction. During the past years in which we have been located in Lima, we have striven always to satisfy our customers and to offer a line of pianos in which we have the utmost confidence. You will find no misrepresentations at our store, neither will you find fictitious values placed on our pianos. You are cordially invited to call and investigate our statements.

THE WHITNEY & CURRIER COMPANY.
211-213 West High Street.
A. W. FULLER, Manager.

A $10 Pen For One Cent.

We will award a handsome Full Gold Crocker Pen to the person who can write legibly the greatest number of times on a postal card (using one side only) the following phrase:

"The Crocker Fountain Pen."
"You blow it to fill it."
For sale by Macdonald Jewelry Co.

All cards must be written in ink and must contain the name of the contestant. Contest closes December 8, 1906. Send all cards to

Macdonald Jewelry Co.

GOOD SHOWING

Made by the Managers of First National Bank.

The directors of the First National bank today declared their regular semi-annual dividend of four per cent and passed 4½ per cent to undivided profit account making 8½ per cent net earnings for the six months ending November 1st. This is an excellent showing and reflects great credit upon the management of the bank under the guiding hand of Cashier C D Crites.

TIGNER'S EL CAUDILLO

"The Test of a Segar is the Smoking."

The first puff or two of a

TIGNER'S EL CAUDILLO

Five Cent Segar

will demonstrate the all Havana filler. If you can get 10 cent goods for 5 cents---what's the answer?

At Your Favorite Segar Shop.

WM. TIGNER'S SON,

DISTRIBUTOR.

Public Square, **LIMA, O.**

IMPORTANT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Mr. James B. Townsend offers for sale the following valuable properties, viz:

First.—The two double houses on west Market street, Nos. 715, 717 and 721-723; size of each lot 48 ft. 1 in. by 200 ft.. All four houses are rented by respectable tenants; are in good condition and have just been painted on outside. A fine investment.

Second—The lot, 50 ft by 200 ft., west of the Townsend homestead. The nicest vacant lot on west Market street.

Third—The lot 60 ft. by 200 ft. 6 in. in rear of above and fronting south on west Spring street.

For particulars apply to

MRS. F. SEYMOUR.

733 W. Market Street. New Phone 645.

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THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

L. TWENTY-THREE NUMBER 15. THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT, LIMA, OHIO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1906. SIXTEEN PAGES. SECOND SECTION. PRICE TWO CENTS.

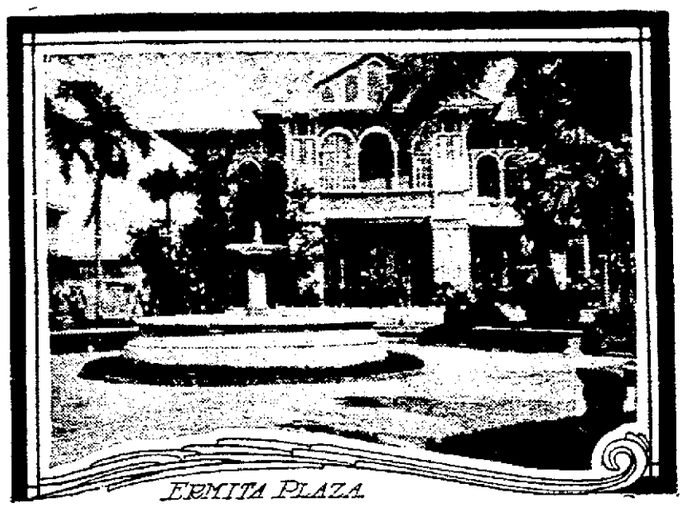
MANILA; OLD AND NEW

BY C.H. FORBES-LINDSAY

CHINESE CATHEDRAL, MANILA

TYPICAL CHOLERA HOUSE OVER FILTHY OPEN DRAIN

INHABITED CASCOS LYING IN THE PASIG RIVER



ERMITA PLAZA

l Manila, with its bastioned and ttled walls, stands on the spot ted by Legaspi at the mouth of Pasig. It is not an inviting site. rategic and commercial consider- s amply justified the determina- of it in the first days of the Span- olony. The massive stone walls ed at the close of the sixteenth ry remain in a state of remark- preservation, and make Manila muros one of the finest examples edieval military architecture exist-

Hardly as ancient, but equally ss with the quaint drawbridges, the futile cannon which filled the asures. Like some scarred and less wolfhound, the grand old ighold stands a memento of brave better days. Stirring deeds are ciated with the history, and many nes has old Manila upheld the sov- nty of Spain in Pacific waters. e gray ramparts repelled Chinese Moro pirates, Dutch and Portu- e invaders, before the British forc- hem and captured the city. The y walls have withstood with little y the many earthquakes which time to time have laid the inter- buildings low.

anila Intramuros is small and rded. Its circumference of some more than two miles is bounded water, on two sides the river and bay, on the others a moat. In nt years the unsanitary state of place has suggested the erasure he walls and moat. The latter, nant and refuse-laden, has long a prolific source of disease. For- tely, for archeological reasons the rican authorities have decided to erve the old fortifications whilst g in the moat and converting it an extensive flower garden.

d Manila contains the Spanish ernment and public buildings, the edral and 11 other churches, a ber of monasteries, convents, col- s and similar ecclesiastical struc- s, a few retail shops and the inter- gled residences of the rich and r. So frequent and disastrous has e the destruction by earthquake no ancient building remains in entirety, but as reinstatement has erally followed original lines, in main the tout ensemble is medley- and attractive to the sentimental-

The hygienist, however, will ahold approval from the narrow ets and congested dwellings with ir lack of what we consider ordin- sanitary conveniences.

nder the Spaniards Manila Intra- ros was a dull, somber place. There e no cafes, theatres or other places entertainment. Except for an oc- sional military review in the square a religious procession there was hing to relieve the dreary monotony laily life. The early day was spent lind closed blinds. From 5 to 7 in evening society went calling in guld and dignified fashion. Toward sunset all Manila gravitated to the Luneta, where on foot and in carriage they circled its oval course whilst lis- tening to the strains of a military band. Here also the populace of all classes thronged to witness the public executions, which during the Tagalog rebellion were of almost daily occur- rence. The condemned stood lined against the sea wall to be shot down by platoons of Spanish infantry, whilst the crowd shouted vivas, some in sym- pathy with the authorities, others in fear of them.

The streets of the city were badly paved and the sidewalks, overhung by the upper stories of the houres, were in many places too narrow to admit of the passage of two pedes- trians abreast. Lamps, supplied with cocoanut oil or kerosene, inadequate- ly served to light the thoroughfares, but the police regulations were strict and good order prevailed within the walls. The fire department, which is now under Chief Bonner, one of the best in the east, was then a very crude institution with the most primitive equipment. Flames have frequently de- stroyed large portions of the city.

A private residence is seldom more than two stories in height, nor, in- deed, do the public buildings often ex- ceed that altitude. The ground floor of the former is always given over to the servants or used as a coach house. The residence proper is the second floor. A board staircase leads from the ground to a spacious hall, called the calda. Going off from this are the reception and dinings rooms and extending along the inner sides of these the sleeping apartments. The kitchen, bathroom, etc., are in an ad- joining part—the azota—and these are reached by a covered passageway. The walls of the lower floor are of heavy stone, with barred apertures and massive door, having a prisonlike ap- pearance. Since the great earthquake of 1880 the use of stone in the upper structures has, for the sake of public safety, been forbidden. Now the sec- ond stories are constructed of wood, often with a roof of corrugated iron. The entire outer wall is fitted with sliding windows, glazed with opaque oyster shell, which, whilst admitting a subdued light, obstructs the rays of the sun to a greater extent than would glass.

Old Manila never had any kind of sewerage system. The private ar- rangements of residences were fear- fully unsanitary. The drainage of houses was carried into the river or moat, and not a little of it escaped by way of the streets. All this is being rectified as rapidly as possible and the walled city may become in time a tolerably healthful, if not a pleasant, place in which to live.

The Cathedral and palace face on what was the public square. The form- er dates from 1880, when the great earthquake destroyed its predecessor. Until recently the ruins lay in juxta position to the new building, a speak- ing evidence of the habitual procrasti- nation of the Spaniard. The Cathedral like most large buildings liable to the effect of seismic forces, is flat and de- void of upper structures. It derives, nevertheless, a certain beauty and grandeur from its noble proportions and simple lines. The foundations were laid at the time of the creation of the archiepiscopate, in 1595, but several edifices have occupied the site since then.

In the days, and they extended over the greater period of Spanish rule, when the church overshadowed the civil authority in the islands, the Cathedral represented the political and social power of the colony. It was the starting point of almost daily religious processions designed to impress the proletariat. Saints' days were more numerous than work days in old Ma- nila, and the lower classes delighted in the cheap amusement that wound up at night with a gorgeous display. Hundreds of men, women and chil- dren, bearing lighted candles, paced in single file down either side of the street, whilst bands of music came down the center, preceding groups of priests escorting images of the Virgin Mary and the saints, borne upon the shoulders of devotes. Many of these images were adorned with gems of priceless value, else the guard of sol- diers with fixed bayonets was design- ed to convey a false impression. The course of the parade was marked by the explosion of bombs and rockets at frequent intervals.

The palace of the governors gener- al has occupied the same spot, in suc- cessive buildings, since the earliest days of the city. The present struc- ture, a large and imposing building with spacious apartments, dates from 1863, when an earthquake destroyed the previous building. A fine board stairway gives access to the second floor, on which, after the custom of the country, are all the living and re- ception rooms. A splendid hall, 100 feet in length and half as broad, with lofty ceiling and parquetry floor, has been the scene of many stately func- tions. The walls are hung with life- size paintings of former governors general and other Spanish celebrities. The council chamber looks out upon the square, and many an anxious gath- ering has watched the excited mob from its windows. The room is fur- nished with a large, beautifully carv- ed table and heavy chairs bearing the royal arms.

In the angle of the city walls, which coincides with the point of juncture of the river and the bay, stands the his- toric Fortress of Santiago, which dur- ing the centuries has guarded the slumberous city lying to the south of it. This citadel, which originated in a rude stockade, was the first fortified position held by the Spaniards on the Island of Luzon. It was here that Sal- ceõo made his gallant stand against Li Ma Hung's barbarian band, and oft- times since has Santiago borne the brunt of a hostile attack upon Manila. If rumor is to be credited, the dun- geons of the fortress, below water level, have witnessed the most fearful atrocities practiced by the Spanish jailors upon their hapless prisoners. In times of disturbance the place has often been crowded far beyond its capacity, and many a suspect has cheated the garrote or escaped the bullet by dying prematurely in the damp and dismal dungeouns of Santi- ago. Its prison roll contains many illustrious names. Three governors have languished for weary years with- in its walls; an archbishop nursed his wrath in one of its cells and a Sultan of Sulu, together with his family, are included in the list.

North and south the city has extend- ed in suburbs, from which the cramp- ed conditions of Manila Intramuros are generally absent, although in the native sections the poorer people herd together in unnecessary proxi- mity to one another. For many years previous to the American occupation the residence of the governor-general has been without the walls and most of the well-to-do occupied com- modious villas, with beautiful sur- rounding gardens, and open to the breezes from the sea. Ermita and Malate, along the waterfront south of the walled city, are the most at- tractive of the residential suburbs, and they are easily accessible now that 40 miles of modern electric rail- way have supplanted the old pony tramway that afforded such rapid transit as the city could boast of.

Binondo, on the right bank of the river, is the trading center of Manila and the seat of all its life and bustle. Here are the warehouses and offices of the foreign firms, and the principal shopping streets. During the business hours the thoroughfares of Binondo are crowded with pedestrians and ve- hicles. The rattle of wheels, the labor song of coolies, the shouts of hack- drivers and the clang of the cars, af- ford a striking contrast to the solemn stillness of the streets of the walled city.

The principal retail street is the Escolta, whose shops will compare favorably with those of another East- ern city. They are conducted by Euro- peans, Americans or metizos, and the stocks of goods are surprisingly com- plete, but Manila will not be satisfied until she has one of our modern de- partment stores, which would undoubt- edly do a profitable business. A large portion of the Escolta was burnt out in 1885, and the site of the old buildings is now occupied by a handsome block containing the central postoffice, tele- graph office and some fine shops.

Chinese dealers are to be found everywhere, but the center of their re- tail trade is the Rosario, a street which they occupy exclusively. Their stores are of the oriental bazar and are not patronized extensively by the better classes. The Chinese are the shoemakers, cabinet-makers and smiths of the community, besides fol- lowing many other occupations, and always with success.

The principal manufacturing indus- try is cigarmaking, which has, how- ever, suffered something of a setback since the American occupation, owing to the contraction of the Spanish mar- ket without any compensating opening in the United States. There are 20,- 000 or more cigarmakers in Manila, most of whom are women and girls, and a large proportion of these Chi- nese mestizos. Some of the factories are very large and employ as many as 2,000 hands each.

The native suburb of Tondo is one of the plague spots with which the American authorities have had to deal vigorously. Formerly this setcion was occupied by closely packed, ram- shackle shanties, in which the natives herded under disease-provoking condi- tions. Open ditches, crisscrossing amongst the huts, served for gutter and sewer alike. In the rains several inches of water stood beneath these dwellings for weeks at a time. And in these filthy surroundings a great deal of the washing of the Europeans was done. Sanitary tenement-houses are fast displacing these disease spots, a good water and sewer system is in- stalled, and the streets are properly graded and drained.

In fact, Manila is rapidly undergo- ing complete transformation. It is doubtful if much can be done to im- prove the crowded state of the city within the walls, but it has already been rendered fairly healthful, and since the installation of the electric railroad there is little need for any- one to live in it. But the visitor to the Philippines today sees signs of the reformative measures before he clears the custom house and evidences of them present themselves at every turn in the streets. It is the design of the present administration to make the capital of the Philippines the model city of the Orient, and to that end Mr. D. H. Burnham and Mr. Pierce Anderson were employed by the com- mission to construct plans embracing not only internal improvements, but the rearrangement of the water front. Their designs contemplate a readjust- ment of the streets, which will entail the desirable destruction of many nar- row and tortuous thoroughfares and the establishment of a system of fine, broad boulevards. An ample maca- damized driveway will extend all the way along the sea front from the Pasig to Cavite Polno and rival the famous Apollo Bunder of Bombay or the Marina of Madras. The plan in- cludes commodious and handsome pub- lic buildings and makes ample pro- vision for parks and playgrounds. A number of model school houses, the first of the kind to be erected in the east are in course of construction.

Instead of dredging the shallow water front, it is the intention to fill it in and on the made ground to put new docks and warehouses and a num- ber of handsome buildings. Govern- ment offices will occupy the present Luneta and the pleasance will be car- ried westward on to the made ground. One of the finest hotels in the east will stand on the edge of the New Luneta. Half a mile farther south the residence of the governor and a row of clubhouses will face the bay. When these alterations are completed, Ma- nila will, undoubtedly, be one of the most beautiful cities in the world.

But the first efforts of the commis- sion have with marked success, been directed towards the improved sanita- tion of the city. An extensive system of sewerage, sufficient for a population of half a million—that is, double that of the present— is now being laid at an expense of $3,000,000. The water supply has been increased and im- proved and crematories for the con- sumption of garbage have been in- stalled. The accumulated filth of cen- turies has been removed and the streets are now cleaned with daily regularity. The result of these meas- sures is already in evidence in the recorded bill of of health of Manila, which compares favorably with that of large cities the world over, and is better that that of large centers on the continent of Asia.

The hospital, police and fire services are in marked contrast with those maintained by the Spanish govern- ment, which was so thoroughly per- meated with "graft" that only a small proportion of the funds designed for public improvement ever filtered through the fingers of greedy officials.

Whilst energetically pushing these measures for the general benefit of the population, the administration has en- gaged in important works looking to the enhancement of the commerce of the country. Under Spain the trade of the islands was never fostered. Removable physical obstacles were allowed to continue, monopolies were permitted and unnecessary legal re- strictions were imposed. With one of the finest harbors in the world, Manila was allowed to remain one of the least inviting ports in the Orient. If a ves- sel needed repairs entailing docking, it was necessary to take it to Hong- kong. Port dues were excessive and

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... sorted to ar... The Bay of Manila is ... as to afford little ... storms. Vessels ... torn from their ... and blown ashore. During the course of many years the port authorities exacted dues which were ostensibly intended to furnish the means of building a breakwater. Several millions of dollars were collected for the purpose but nothing more than a scrap of sea wall ever m... and that reproach to a venal government was partially obliterated by the elements some years ago. Ships drawing in excess of 14 feet of water could not go into the river, but required to anchor at about two miles from the shore. Cargoes were transferred in lighters, and as this could only be done in fair weather, delays, sometimes running into a week or 10 days, were incurred, involving wasteful demurrage charges, in addition to the unusual expense of the methods of transfer. It is needless to say that under such conditions, masters, who had any freedom of choice, shunned Manila, and the port lost much trade that it would otherwise have enjoyed. Manila is passing from this position of disadvantage to that of one of the safest and most convenient ports in the Pacific.

The insular government has projected a series of extensive improvements, which include the construction of an effective breakwater, an ample system of docks and a deep-water approach. Vessels will soon discharge and ship their cargoes at the wharves, and drydocks at Cavite will offer all the necessary facilities for repairs. This effort to enable Manila to profit to the full by her natural advantages is well judged and the money invested will unquestionably yield a splendid return in the increased trade that must flow from these facilities and the operation of the railroads in course of completion.

With the opening of the Panama canal the trade route between the Atlantic ports of America and the mainland of Asia will be changed and much of the freight which is now borne to the latter points from Europe by way of the Suez canal may be expected to take the Pacific course. Manila will then be in the main route of Eurasian traffic, and not a small proportion of the collecting and distributing trade of Hongkong should be diverted to her.

More than half the people of the globe are in commercial proximity to the Philippines. A large number of these people are not at present within the established zones of the world's traffic, but the opening up of new systems of transportation is constantly bringing extensive areas into trade relations with other countries. In this fact ... the great opportunities of the Philippines. Many of their products, present and potential, are of the kind that find a ready market in semi-civilized communities.

China, the first and always the best customer of the Philippines, is on the eve of great commercial development. Already she is in the position of demanding more of the products of the archipelago than she is receiving. She is consuming a constantly increasing quantity of Philippine sugar, and her demand for the insular lumber, now in excess of the present ability to supply it, must expand with the extension of Chinese railroad construction and the subsidiary operations. As her industries develop, China will need Manila hemp and Philippine coal, and it is not improbable that, with a little encouragement, the island may in a few years, be able to supply her with quantities of clothing material and yarns. On the other hand, the people of the Philippines, as they convert ever increasing areas of paddyland to more profitable uses will look to China for greater quantities of rice.

It is not only to China that the Philippines need to turn for trade. Japan and other countries will afford desirable markets when the resources of the archipelago are scientifically developed. It should be remembered that the Philippines have only recently entered the commercial arena of the world. The port of Manila was opened to foreign trade less than 80 years ago and only within the last decade has the trade of the islands been free of hampering restrictions. The basic conditions are exceptionally favorable and with their evolution we may expect to see the Philippines grow into one of the most prosperous countries of the Eastern Hemisphere.

C. H. FORBES LINDSAY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

ELECTION DAY IS ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER SIXTH.

ManZan relieves instantly the pain caused by those blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles. It is put up in collapsible tubes in such a way that it can be applied where the trouble originates, thus stopping the pain immediately. Try one bottle and if you are not relieved, your money will be refunded. Try our free offer. Sold at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

PHILANTHROPY FEMININE

By CLAUDE PAMARES

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It could not be said of Miss Hattie Sheffin, spinster, that at the age of thirty-eight she was a good looking woman. A spinster of her age cannot be expected to be. The most that can be expected is that she will be kind hearted and have a desire to reform the world and elevate the moral standing of humanity generally.

Miss Sheffin had that desire. In visiting New York city she had many many times observed hard up looking men who were seemingly drifting into careers of wickedness because there was no one at hand to encourage them and hold out a helping hand. She had often been tempted to address them but her brother Ben happened to be along or she had seen some policeman watching her or the hard up looking man made a sneak as she was about to stop.

It was when Brother Ben went to Europe on business that his sister determined to carry out her long cherished plans. She had the time and the money, and the steamer was hardly clear of Fire island when she was in the city with her trunk and installed in a boarding house where she had been acquainted for a number of years. In confidence she told the landlady of the object of her visit. It was all very well to donate libraries and to endow hospitals and colleges, but when a man was walking the streets of New York with hunger gnawing at his vitals and hope gone out of his heart, of what use were such institutions to him?

"If you don't make a fool of yourself then I don't know how to make hash," replied the practical and level headed landlady as she remembered the names of a few hard up men of the scores that had taken her in for a few weeks' board since she had been in the boarding house business.

"But how can I make a fool of myself, as you term it?" was asked. "If I speak kindly and encouragingly to some hopeless and penniless man, if I help him to a situation, if I give him the opportunity to earn an honest living once more, where can you criticise?"

"Never you mind. You've got money, and you've got a heart, and I've nothing further to say."

If she had had anything further to say it would have done no good. It wasn't two hours later that Miss Sheffin set out on her quest. She hadn't far to look. Any one who is seeking a homeless, hopeless man from twenty-five ... of age can ... him ... at any hour of the day or night ... is there and ... for a good ...

Miss Sheffin ... one leaning ... against ... front of a store ... ged gloom at ... general ... consolation, and as he looked in the bottles in the window he seemed to be wondering which held laudanum and which strychnine. She was about to address him when a plain clothes detective came from the other direction and said to the man:

"Now, then, out of this or I'll run you in."

The hopeless man sighed and moved on wearily. He moved like one hurt and humiliated. He moved down toward the East river, as if he would take a header off the dock and end it all. Miss Sheffin followed after, and at the corner she overtook him and said:

"You seem to be in trouble, sir, and if I can assist you I shall be glad to do so."

He was a man about thirty years old. He had tin horn gambler and free lunch written all over him, but the old maid's eyes detected no sign. He looked at her for a minute and wondered what sort of a "plant" it was. Then he became conscious that he had struck one of those "good things" he had read about and heard tell of—a female philanthropist. Removing his hat and deepening his hopeless look he replied:

"Miss, I have been out of work for weeks and weeks, and so help me heaven, I have had no food for two days. I was thinking of throwing myself under a street car and ending it all."

"How wicked to think of taking your own life!"

"But of what use to live and walk the streets penniless and hungry? Didn't you just see a detective drive me along like a dog?"

"I did, and I felt almost like shooting him. Please follow me to my boarding house and tell me your story."

He followed. He winked at an acquaintance as he followed and his wink was returned. He ran across the landlady as he entered the house after Miss Sheffin, and he heaved a sigh of relief as he found her face unfamiliar. At the same time, however, he realized that she was not a philanthropic landlady—not one to be taken in by any ordinary tale of distress.

Sitting in the parlor beside the old maid and working up all the pathos he could, the tin horn man told his tale. It was one that brought tears to her eyes. He was honest enough to plead guilty to embezzling $20 from his employer to bet on the races and penitent enough to say that nothing on the face of the earth ever again should lead him into crooked paths if he could get a new start.

She had been the first and only one to speak a kind word. She had been the first and only one not to condemn him too strongly and to lead him to believe that his crime might be condoned and a new start made. He was told that he should have free room and board until he could look around. Advertisements should be put in the papers to aid him. Miss Sheffin herself would go to various stores and offices and use her personal influence.

"I wish you joy of him," said the landlady when the arrangements had been completed and the young man had gone out to make his first application.

"Please do not be so hard hearted, Mrs. Thomas," was the reply. "It is a genuine case of distress if I ever saw one. Imagine an educated, gifted, gentle young man, willing to do anything to earn his way, being compelled to walk around hungry for two days in this great city."

"I can't imagine it."

"But why would he lie to me?"

"Why have a hundred just like him lied to me?"

"I tell you, Mrs. Thomas, that human nature is good if you will only give it a chance. If I hadn't spoken to the young man he would have been dead under the wheels of a car ere this, and I should never have forgiven myself. I shall find him a place and make a man of him once again, and he will be grateful all his days."

During the next four days the tin horn man was looking for a place between meals, and Miss Sheffin was making personal calls here and there. She met with no luck, but as some of the boarders smelled whisky on Tin Horn they thought he must be doing well.

On the fourth night, after the philanthropist and her subject had had their usual talk and he had shed more tears than usual, he went up to bed at sharp 9 o'clock. He wanted to get an earlier start than usual.

The spinster followed half an hour later. She found her door shut, but unlocked, and as she stepped into the dark room and felt for the matches some one clapped a hand over her mouth and tossed her on to the bed and had her bound hand and foot and gagged with a towel before she understood what was taking place. Then the gas was lit, the door locked, and the tin horn man quietly said:

"If you make a fool of yourself I'll choke the life out of you by way of that scrawny neck of yours."

It was easy to see that she wanted to speak in reply, and for her benefit he explained.

"I'm after those sparklers in your ears and on your fingers and also what cash you have lying around."

With her eyes she protested against this specimen of human ingratitude. He understood and laughed and said:

"You are homely enough to stop a clock, and the idea of your wearing diamonds is absurd. Take a snooze now while I rummage about."

Her trunk was not locked. From it he took $300 in cash and other jewelry. From about her neck he took a long chain and a fine watch. From her ears he took diamond pendants, and from her fingers he roughly pulled her rings. She tried to yell, but the towel muffled her voice. She tried to scratch, but her hands were tied with cords he had provided for the purpose. She tried to kick, but her ankles were lashed fast, and the effort was not a success.

"Take it easy, old gal," laughed Tin Horn. "I thought you had the disposition of a kitten, but I see you are an old cat. Let me see. I have watch, rings, earrings and money. I don't think there is anything else to take away. Your dresses would be no good, because they are last year's style. Yes, I think this is all, and I will now descend by the fire escape and leave you to figure it out. Excuse me while I tie your ankles to the bedpost. I can't have you rolling off and giving the alarm too soon. So long to you, old gal, and don't let this little episode discourage you from reforming the remainder of the world."

They found her after a time, but Miss Sheffin was no longer a philanthropist. She was simply a very mad old maid.

Surprising Knowledge.

A certain English baronet who had a dense and absolute ignorance of books and past events took a notion to be presented to his king, George III. The baronet lived near a spot where one of the most celebrated battles had been fought during the wars of the roses, but of that fact he had never chanced to hear. His mind was set upon more tangible things. He had no use for information which was not up to date. When he was presented to his sovereign, the king, who had looked him up and was prepared with the right thing to say, remarked graciously, "You come from the scene of a very celebrated battle, I understand, Sir William?"

"Well, your majesty," was the answer, "I did have a round or two with the blacksmith, but I'm very much surprised that your majesty should have heard of it."

Zoroastrian Rites.

Zoroaster enjoined purity of body as well as of soul, and the Avesta prescribes very elaborate ablutions and lustrations to remove any defilement. The greatest pollution is that which arises from contact with anything dead, as death is the creation of Ahriman and his greatest triumph over the power of Ormazd. The code of the Vendidad assigns the 'nine nights' ablution" for the purification of persons so polluted. It consists in a series of sprinklings with holy water and other liquid, accompanied by a wearisome amount of ceremonial detail to exorcise the spirit of defilement. The Greek writer Lucian in one of his humorous dialogues seems to ridicule this purificatory rite when he says that the Magi in nine nights cleansed Pythagoras of all his sins in life.—A. V. Williams Jackson in Century.

Quinsy, Sprains and Swellings Cured.

"In November, 1901, I caught cold and had the quinsy. My throat was swollen so I could hardly breathe. I applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it gave me relief in a short time. In two days I was all right," says Mrs. L. Cousins, Otterburn, Mich. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a liniment and is especially valuable for sprains and swellings. For sale by all druggists.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

State and County Election to be held

Tuesday, Nov. 6, 1906.

STATE OF OHIO, Allen County, ss.

Whereas by the laws of Ohio regulating elections, it is required of the Sheriff of this county to give notice before the time of holding a general election, by proclamation throughout the county of the time at which such election shall be holden.

IN PURSUANCE of such requirement, I, H. VAN GUNTEN, Sheriff of Allen County, Ohio, do hereby proclaim and make known that the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November being the

6th Day of November, 1906.

Is by the Constitution of Ohio and the Statutes, the appointed day on which the qualified electors of Allen County, State of Ohio, shall meet in their respective townships, wards and precincts, at their usual and proper places of holding elections between the hours of 5.30 o'clock in the forenoon and 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon (central standard time), and then and there proceed to vote by ballot for

One person for Secretary of the State of Ohio.

One person for Dairy and Food Commissioner of the State of Ohio.

One person for State School Commissioner of the State Ohio.

One person for Member of Board of Public Works for the State of Ohio.

One person for Circuit Judge of the Third Circuit of Ohio, composed of the counties of Allen, Auglaize, Crawford, Defiance, Hancock, Hardin, Henry, Logan, Marion, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, Union, Van Wert and Wyandot.

One person for Member of Congress from the Fourth Congressional District of Ohio composed of the counties of Allen, Auglaize, Darke, Mercer and Shelby.

One person for Commissioner of Allen County.

One person for Infirmary Director of Allen County.

One person for Surveyor of Allen county.

Also to vote at the same time and place upon the proposition to levy tax for the erection of a Memorial Building for Allen County, Ohio. Those favoring the proposition shall vote "For Memorial Building, Yes." Those opposing the proposition shall vote "For Memorial Building, No."

Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's Office in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, this first day of October, Anno Domini One Thousand Nine Hundred and Six.

(Seal) H. VAN GUNTEN,

Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, October 1st, 1906.

TUESDAY, NOV. 6TH

Is Election Day in Ohio. Do Not Forget it.

On Tuesday, November 6th will be election day in Ohio, and upon that date the democrats will present for the suffrages of the people of Allen County the following named county ticket. All the gentlemen named are candidates for re-election:

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—A. L. CONRAD.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR—C. H. MOSIER.

FOR SURVEYOR—CHAS. L. CRAIG.

ELECTION DAY IS ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER SIXTH.

Devil's Island Torture.

is no worse than the terrible case of Piles that afflicted me 10 years. Then I was advised to apply Bucklen's Arnica Salve and less than a box permanently cured me, writes L. S. Napier, of Rugles, Ky. Heals all wounds, Burns, and Sores like magic. 25c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

Impure blood runs you down—makes you an easy victim for organic diseases. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood—cures the cause—builds you up.

PROPER SEASON.

"It is now, not at the beginning of the year, that properly good resolutions should be made."

"How do you make that out?"

"Because it is in the fall that the leaves begin to turn."—Baltimore American.

Is the Moon Inhabited.

Science has proven that the moon has an atmosphere, which makes life in some form possible on that satellite, but not for human beings, who have a hard enough time on this earth of ours; especially those who don't know that Electric Bitters cure Headache, Biliousness, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Torpid Liver, Kidney complaints, General Debility and Female weaknesses. Unequalled, as a general Tonic and Appetizer for weak persons and especially for the aged. It induces sound sleep. Fully guaranteed by H. F. Vortkamp, druggist. Price only 50c.

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ABSORPTION TREATMENT.
Novita Remedies. The only advanced method of reaching all nervous and blood troubles. Write for information. Novita Co., 523 west Spring street. New phone 773.

ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE.
Standard Accident Ins. Co. Sells an ideal contract. $1 per month. Complete protection when disabled. W. E. Watt, mgr., Ind. dept., 221-2 Holland block. Both telephones.

ARTISTIC.
Photographic Potraits.
There is a reason why they go to the Sherrick Studio for portraits. Posing, Lighting and Technique unexcelled. Residence Studio, 668 W. Spring St.

ATTORNEY AND SURETY BONDS.
For Surety Bonds come and see me. Money to Loan on Farm property. J. G. HERSH, attorney, Room 3, 56½ Public Square.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
EMMIT E. EVERETT,
Rooms 225-6-7-8,
Holland Block
New Phone 477M.

BAGGAGE AND EXPRESS.
I stand on the N. E. corner of Main and High Sts. Will give prompt attention to transfer, baggage or light moving. Phone. G. M. Snider, 914 East High St.

BAGGAGE AND EXPRESS.
Look for the new outfit on W. Market and Public Square. Prompt transfer for baggage, trunks and household goods. J. W. Fullerton, 210 W. Elm street. Old Phone 223L.

ATTENTION FARMERS
and everyone, when in Lima try the Atlas Restaurant for a good dinner; 10 cents and up. All meats served are home-dressed. Don't forget the place, 126 east High street, in Gazette block, east room.

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS.
LA MEDINA.
Queen of all 5c Cigars.
Vandenbrock Cigar Co.

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Excelsior and Lumber Co., Grand Ave and Penna. R. R. All kinds of Hardwood Lumber and good dry wood. We buy all kinds of Timber. Old phone 1025. New 1010.

CONSUMERS' FUEL, BUILDING
And Supply Co., Vine and C., H. & D. Hard and Soft Coal. Kitchen and Furnace wood. Lime, Sand, Plaster, Sewer Pipe, Cement, etc. Both phones. J. W. Shanahan, Mgr.

COAL YARD.
If you will give me your order for coal I will guarantee the best quality and full weight. Prompt delivery. Call Phone. A. F. RINEHART, 414 N. Main St.

CRESCENT HOTEL.
First class European Hotel in Lima's business center. Large, well ventilated rooms, phones and bath. An ideal place for the traveling public. A. S. Manhard, Prop.

CUSTOM TAILOR.
Don't be a "Ready-made" man. We can prove that "Tailor-made" costs no more. See our samples. Heringhaus and Kuhn, 124 west High St.

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DR. B. A. LONG.
OFFICE HOURS 8:30 A. M. TO 8:30 P. M. NEW PHONE 1400R, LIMA, OHIO. CAHILL BLOCK, OVER PENNY & PENNY.

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Wholesale and retail store handling hats, muslin underwear, wrappers, linens and shirt waist patterns. Silk skirts, walking skirts and suits. W. D. Maloley, 125 E. Wayne.

DRESSMAKING PARLORS.
Misses Meehan, 229-230 Holland Block. Agency for Gossard Corset. The only corset for Princess gown. They lace in front. Perfumes and Toilet articles.

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Reliable optician. Established in 1900. Holmes block, Lima, O. Sign of the flashing Eye. Both phones.

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220 S. MAIN STREET.
Invalid chair for rent, for house or street use. Very best chairs and tables fore rent for parties. Best and quickest ambulance service. Telephone 220.

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Everything in the Insurance Line. Fire, Life, Health and Accident. Prompt and efficient service. Your business solicited. O. R. Farrar, 140 W. High St. New phone 1009.

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Kemmer & Co., Room 1 Wise Building. Fire, life and accident insurance. Liberal policies in reliable companies. See us before placing your insurance.

GENERAL REPAIR SHOP.
L. W. Mowery, 116 east Spring street. See us for water well pumps and pump repairing; saw filing; light repair work of all kinds. Old phone 414.

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Call on us for prompt delivery and full weight of anything you want. Special prices on large orders. Lima Grocery Co., 302 S. Main St. Phone.

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Gas and Coal Heaters.
Gilmore Hardware Co., 688 S. Main.

HOME RESTAURANT.
Special Sunday Dinner 25 cents, including chicken and ice cream. Meal tickets, 21 meal, $3.25, 6 meals $1.00. Single meals 20c. Mrs. E. Stephens, prop., 142 S. Main.

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We make a specialty of baby pictures. Proofs shown and good results guaranteed. Postal card and stamp pictures. Call and see me. C. K. Lansdown, 56½ Public Square.

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have moved to 128 east High street. Call and inspect their stock of Jellies and Canned goods.

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111 West Wayne Street. We do not year your clothes out. Modern machinery combined with expert workmanship is a guarantee of satisfaction. Old Phone 199.

See our bargains in Iron Pumps, only $4.50, with brass cyl. Get one while you can. Lima Implement Co.

LONES' WALL PAPER STORE.
124 E. Market St. Old Phone 638. We guarantee all of our work. Our prices will satisfy you. Room mouldings and Picture Framing.

McCOMB'S BAKERY.
McComb's home made bread, not genuine unless "Mc" stamped on every loaf. Cakes and cookies fresh every day. 230 S. Main St.

MONUMENTS.
This space reserved for
Westerly Granite Co.,
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OHIO LOAN CO.
Money loaned on Chattels. Lowest rates and quick service. See us before going elsewhere. 12 Harper Block. Both phones.

PIANOS.
Byron S. Fogle, 227 N. West St.
HIGH GRADE PIANOS
ONE PRICE.
Cash or easy payments. Both phones.

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J. F. Mahoney.
4 doors north of Court house. Picture Frames made to order. Re-silvering of Mirrors a specialty. Latest designs in wall paper.

POPULAR PRICED TAILOR.
Fine line of fall and winter woolens on hand. Domestic and imported. Your inspection is anxiously awaited. F. J. Cunningham, 327 north Main St.

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Edna Francis, 322 Holland Block. Commercial and Legal Typewriting. Terms reasonable. Office New phone 789. Residence 533.

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J. E. DeVoe, 22 Holmes Block. Improved farm and city property. We handle everything and undertake any reasonable proposition. New Phone, Office 97C; Res. 966.

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Robert E. Davis.
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Office phone, New 64
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WILL H. ROBERTS,
Representing Eleven Standard Fire Insurance companies. Not a weak one in the bunch. Try me. 306 Opera House block. Both Phones.

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Dotson & DeLong, 221 Holland block. We make a specialty of Farm and City Property. Real Estate Loans negotiated. New phone 580C. Old phone 309.

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At 4½ to 5 per cent. From one to 10 years, in sums of $500 and upwards on Farms or City Property. Lima Mortgage Loan Co., L. H. Rogers 415-417 Opera House block.

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Property, houses, farm lands and vacant lots for sale, rent or exchange. Pension claims collected. Notary Public. D. McKerren, 202½ N. Main street.

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List your real estate for sale, with
W. T. McHENRY,
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ROOFING AND SPOUTING.
E. W. DAY, 120 south Central Ave. Roofing, Spouting and General Repair work. Estimates given on all kinds of repair work. New Phone 1018A.

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G. E. Dumm & Co., 323 south Main street. The largest and best equipped storage warehouse in the city. Furniture and Pianos carefully moved. Both Phones.

NORTH SIDE COAL YARDS
Keystone, 1 ton, $3.75; one half ton, $1.90; 500 pounds, $1.20; 400 lbs., $1.00. Call office J. B. Jackman & Sons. Bell phone 350. Lima phone 111-R.

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A high class place catering to the best people. Only the best qualities of liquor are served here. All the leading brands of cigars. J. W. Smallwood, 134 N. Main St.

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Dr. T. B. Payton & Co.
Specialists in all chronic, nervous, blood, skin, pelvic and private diseases. Metropolitan block, Lima, O.

S. K. KRAUSS,
The Real Estate Agent,
has properties for sale in all parts of the city. 222½ north Main street, Lima, O.

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We are framing pictures cheaper at the Sweeney Mirror and Framing Co., 224 S. Main St., than you have been in Lima for many years. Come and see. Old Phone 1160.

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Regular meals at regular hours. Good cold lunch all day and lunch counter always open. Bar in connection. Look for the place. S. W. Cor. Public Square, Anton Miller, Prop.

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And Massage Parlors for Ladies and Gentlemen. I guarantee to cure rheumatism, stomach, liver, kidney and bowel troubles. Elmer ... Norval. New phone 7...

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The best Cafe and Restaurant in Lima. First class food at reasonable prices. Bar in connection. Rochester Ale on draught. Open day and night. Corwin & Wilson, 52 Public Sq.

CRUDE OIL MARKET

Pennsylvania	$1.58
Tiona	1.68
Second Sand	1.58
Richland county	1.78
New Castle	1.35
Princeton, Ind.	.64
Illinois	.61
Corning	1.10
Cabell county	1.08
North Lima	.90
South Lima	.85
Indiana	.85
Somerset	.85
Ragland	.55
Kansas and Indian Territory—32 degrees and above	.39
Canada	1.32

They Make You Feel Good.

The pleasant purgative effect experienced by all who use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and the healthy condition of the body and mind which they create makes one feel joyful. Price 25 cents. Samples free at all drug stores.

BULBS.

My large importation of Bulbs, direct from Holland, have arrived.

Time for planting soon at hand.

Please leave your orders, which will be filled in rotation.

ZETLITZ,

THE LEADING FLORIST.

CHAMOIS VESTS

To protect one from sudden changes in the weather, from extreme cold, to protect the chest when suffering from lung trouble, nothing quite so effective as a good chamois vest. We have them either plain or lined. Either the plain or lined can be laundered the same as a piece of woolen cloth. They will last several seasons, and certainly they are most effective in protecting the body and in preventing sudden colds, especially in long cold drives. Worn by many, many people.

H. F. Vortkamp,

Der einzige deutsche Apotheker in Lima

Corner Main and North Streets.

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IERS SEEK UNIONISTS' HELP.

tes representing the Ameri- ty of Equity, an organization s extending over twenty-four ill appear at the coming con- f the American Federation of r the avowed purpose of es g fraternal relations between odies.

proposed to brand all farm h the Society of Equity label, unions agree not to buy any which do not bear such label stations are to be built in ous cities where union far- place their produce on sale rn for the protection which s promise tht farmers the lat- s not to buy any but union- ls and promise not to take s of union men in case of

rmers are well organized, ng an office at Chicago and be working upon a well-de- an. This determination to ek direct affiliation with la- was made known on the in twelve widely scattered the United Staes.

'WALKING DELEGATE."

walking delegate" does not nited power in the matter of strike. The men do not llow his dictates. The busi- it can order a strike only question has been voted up- members of the union. He ply announces the strike s he is given power to order y the men themselves, in an nary case, but even under mstances the action must be by those directly concerned. his business to "stir up 'or peaceably inclined work- He is considered the most agent who keeps his men at equently he winks at open of stipulated agreements on of the employer, in order to strike He is really the of his union. He visits the ds work for the unemployed, or those in distress of any F of L.

TLY DENUNCIATION.

ern newspaper which has ly fought labor unions has brought into disrepute with authorities. Following the cisco catastrophe this news- nted an issue calling upon of the stricken city to dis- unions at this favorable op- The edition, which was excess of the paper's circula- sent through the mails as ss matter to San Francisco igation by union men follow- ng in the postal authorities the paper with a bill for postage The bill has just

NEGRO UNIONS.

outhern States there are six penters' unions of colored e brotherhood claims juris- er journeymen carpenters or tair builders, ship joiners, s planing mill bench hands, kers, or men running wood- machinery. But their claims tensive jurisdiction has not isputed. The Alamgamated Carpenters, an English or- , and the Amalgamated ers have both contested it nventions of the American of Labor The enmity of herhood and the Amalga- ciety was one of the main the New York building ike in 1903. The American has not yet decided the n dispute, but both sides are ing amicably under a com The Amalgamated Wood lispute the authority of the od over men running wood nachinery

FOREIGN.

correspondence to The In- nal Labor News Bureau) workers of the United are about to begin a united of all grades for a reduction g hours and an increase of all probability England and ll ask for a general eight- instead of the existing stand- hours, while Scotland will reduction from the twelve- at present prevailing in ts to a ten-hour day for all its Ireland, where the rs sometimes receive 12 a week, will probably de- vor of a rise in wages.

CE FOR THE LABORER.

By W. T Goffe.

elop intellectual ability, for comprehends first a knowl- what the fundamental princi f that side of our mind called Science teaches us that many, but those that are usive are Intelligence, Mem- ination and Will. Then we need to grasp the truth that the Mental Faculties and Qualities should be likened to mental Muscles, to be made to grow and expand in the same way as the physical Muscles are made to grow by physical exercise. So that when we come to that realization we can act with some certainty. Then proceed to develop Intelligence by cultivating, say, Observation. Learn to observe—to see as well as to look, and to understand as well as to hear, and, further, to learn through Observation what to retain of what we see and understand, and what to discard. Learn to load up with the good and helpful, instead of with the useless and hurtful. Try it now this coming week, "keep your eyes skinned," as the saying is sometimes, and make it your business this coming week to Observe as much as you can of everything. Put it down every evening, and you will be mightily interested in the immense store of facts that you will have. And then sort them out a little—give them a shaking up, and those facts that are plainly of no use and perhaps harmful, put them aside while keeping those that appeal to you as helpful

I say, try this for one week, and then we will take up another quality and get even on that.

AN INDIVIDUALIST'S PROTEST.

(By the Rev. Charles Stelzle.)

You can determine the distance of a star by multiplying the number of seconds that it requires for a ray of its light to travel to the earth.

But you can never tell precisely what a man will do under circumstances which have been familiar to the world since the beginning of time. The element of human nature will not permit itself to be classified and catalogued

You cannot deal with men as the entomologist deals with his millions of bugs They refuse to be 'grouped." And they prove it by annihilating the carefully made deductions of the sociologists Sometimes these superior beings are surprised to find that their subjects" have forced their way into the "holy of holies"— the very social grade to which they themselves belong Their sociological rules cannot account for it. They regard with astonishment the workingman who seems to possess powers equal to their own With impunity have they been prodding their kid gloved fingers into his private affairs Without shame have they been "slumming" in the respectable tenement house district in which he makes his home, subjecting his wife and children to the humiliation of the outcast in society

No, ye students of the working classes, ye cannot deal with us as ye deal with the beings and the objects of a lower social order But "brother" is an open sesame to every heart even though each heart may have a beat all its own

LIVE LABOR NOTES.

(Compiled by U S Correspondents of the International Labor News Bureau)

Buffalo, N. Y, Convention of the Carriage and Wagonmakers' Union of North America voted not to establish a sick and death benefit fund.

Conneaut, O, carpenters have secured a flat wage of 35 cents per hour At present the men are receiving $2 50 for a nine-hour day

Vallejo, Cal, was this week treated to the spectacle of three carloads of strike breakers deserting their employers The men claim they were lured under false representations

Painesville, O, Trades and Labor Council has appealed to the county commissioners to build the new $200,000 court house by day labor

Findlay, Fostoria and Tiffin, O, have formed a tri-city labor congress

El Paso, Tex, laboring men have established a labor club. Writing tables, reading rooms and amusements have been supplied.

Cleveland, O, union men have secured fifteen arrests of violators of the child labor law.

Davenport, Ia, butchers are agitating for Sunday closing.

Boston, Mass, may soon see a car workers' strike, affecting 1,000 men.

Fargo, N. D, is organizing a union of laundry workers.

Portland, Ore, longshoremen have struck in sympathy with the grain handlers at that place.

New York City harness makers are seeking a method to eliminate harness making in prisons, reformatories and such institutions.

Reno, Nev., cooks, waiters, and restaurant employes are on strike for a ten-hour day Heretofore they have worked twelve and thirteen hours a day.

Boston, Mass, Y. M. C A. is to give a winter course of talks to shoe workers. The aim is to give to the workmen a wider and more thorough knowledge of the industry.

Portland, Ind., has organized a branch of the American Federation of Labor.

Aspen, Colo., miners have secured an advance in wages

Detroit, Mich, painters, employed by a local motor car company, have struck pending the reinstatement of their forman

New York City chauffeurs are on strike for an increase in wages and against furnishing their own uniforms

Las Vegas, N Mex, sheep and cow herders have organized a union. The scale of pay is $40 per month and board Sheep herders have secured eight hour shifts and two out of three Sundays off.

New Castle, Pa, trestlemen employed in the Carnegie plant have struck for increased wages. The men have been getting 15 cents an hour and working twelve hours a day.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, postoffice clerks and carriers are making an effort to secure the eight-hour day.

St. Paul, Minn, unionists will soon ask for a law to curb the operations of fake employment agencies.

Nacogdoches, Texas, carpenters have struck for a uniform scale of $3 00 per day.

Boston, Mass., bricklayers have been temporarily enjoined from ordering a contemplated strike

Spokane, Wash., teamsters have secured the eight-hour day

Peekskill, N. Y., bricklayers are organizing.

Cleveland, Ohio, trades unionists are working with the local police department to secure one day off in seven for patrolmen.

Springfield, Mass., baggagemen are organizing

Muskogee, Ind Ter., telephone girls are on strike.

Baltimore, Md, trades unionists have secured the first arrest for violation of the new born child labor law.

Marshalltown, Ia, striking carmen have returned to work. The settlement was brought about by the resignation of the offending foreman

Chicago, Ill, may soon have a milliners' union. A movement has been begun in that direction and is meeting with fair support among the trimmers. The plan contemplates the union label in women's hats

ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup

Pleasant to take and does not gripe or nauseate

Cures Chronic Constipation, Stomach and Liver Trouble

Stimulation Without Irritation.

ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup is a new laxative syrup combined with the delicious flavor of fruits, and is very pleasant to take. It will not gripe or sicken. It is much more pleasant and effective than Pills, Tablets and Saline Waters, as it does not derange the Stomach, or irritate the Kidneys, Liver or Bowels.

Constipation.

ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup will positively cure chronic constipation as it restores the natural action of the intestinal tract. Ordinary cathartics may give temporary relief but the stomach is upset and the bowels are irritated without any permanent benefit having been derived. The condition of the patient remains unchanged. The Stomach, Liver and Bowels have not been stimulated and in a few days a stronger purgative may have to be taken. This is why Pills and Aperient Waters never give permanent relief. Their violent action results in an unnatural movement of the bowels and it is necessary to keep taking them indefinitely.

Why ORINO is different.

ORINO Laxative Fruit syrup is the only preparation that really acts upon all of the digestive organs. Other preparations act upon the lower bowel only and do not touch the Liver. It can very readily be seen that a preparation that does not act upon all of the digestive organs can not cure Chronic Constipation, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, etc.

For Biliousness and Sick Headache.

Take ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup. It sweetens the stomach, aids digestion and acts as a gentle stimulant on the liver and bowels without irritating these organs.

Clears the Complexion.

ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup stimulates the liver and thoroughly cleanses the system and clears the complexion of pimples and blotches. It is the best laxative for women and children as it is mild and pleasant, and does not gripe or sicken. **Refuse substitutes.**

OUR GUARANTEE Take ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup and if you are not satisfied your money will be refunded.

Prepared only by FOLEY & CO., Chicago, Ill.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

WM. MELVILLE, Druggist, Old Postoffice Corner.

IF WOMEN ONLY KNEW.

What a Heap of Happiness it Would Bring to Lima Homes.

Hard to do housework with an aching back.

Brings you hours of misery at leisure or at work.

If women only knew the cause—that

Backache pains come from sick kidneys.

'Twould save much needless woe.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

Lima people endorse this:

Mrs Lizzie Ritenaur, of 339 south Pine street, Lima, O., says. "I recommended Doan's Kidney Pills, in 1898 and I can say that no other remedy ever did me the good that I derived from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Since I used them first, procuring them at W. M. Melville's drug store, I have been comparatively free from kidney trouble and whenever I have felt any of the symptoms coming on I have always used Doan's Kidney Pills, finding prompt relief. I might say that I have been relieved of ninety-five per cent of my sufferings through the use of this remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co, Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Dyspepsia is our national ailment Burdock Blood Bitters is the national cure for it. It strengthens stomach membranes, promotes flow of digestive juices, purifies the blood, builds you up.

SUNDAY EXCURSION

To Jackson Ohio.

On Sunday, November 4th, the Detroit,, Toledo & Ironton Ry. will run an excursion to Jackson and return Special train will pass Lima at 5:30 a m Rate for the round trip $1. Excursion tickets will also be sold to intermediate stations at one and one-half fare for the round trip. Returning, special train will leave ackson at 5 p. m. 4-td

TUESDAY, NOV. 6TH

Is Election Day in Ohio. Do Not Forget it.

On Tuesday, November 6th will be election day in Ohio, and upon that date the democrats will present for the suffrages of the people of Allen County the following named county ticket. All the gentlemen named are candidates for re-election:

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—A. L. CONRAD.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR—C. H. MOSIER.

FOR SURVEYOR—CHAS. E. CRAIG.

Result of Neglect.

In most cases consumption results from a neglected or improperly treated cold. Foley's Honey and Tar cures the most obstinate coughs and prevents serious results. It costs you no more than the unknown preparations and you should insist upon having the genuine in the yellow package. Wm. M. Melville, Old Postoffice corner.

MUST WE STARVE?

A List of Indictments Against Things We Eat and Drink.

The food and the indictment:—

Eggs—Typhoid fever

Grape Seeds—Appendicitis.

White Bread Dyspepsia, alum

Water—Asiatic cholera and typhoid fever.

Milk—Typhoid and tuberculosis.

Canned Goods—Ptomaine poisoning, copper, arsenic, and sulphuric acid

Fish—Leprosy.

Preserved Fish—Boracic acid.

Oysters—Typhoid fever

Strawberries—Microbes of insanity

Tomatoes—Cancer and rheumatism.

Sweet Cider—Benzoic acid which destroys the appetite

Fresh Meat—Ptomaine poisoning.

Catsup—Coal tar dyes and salicylic acid.

Butter—Coal tar dyes

Tea—Tannin and copper

Coffee—Copper poisons, bread and sawdust.

Pepper—Cochineal shells, sawdust and clay

Apples—Coatings of coal tra dye and emblaming fluids

Potatoes—Coatings of alum

Jellies and Preserves—Aniline dyes and the by-products of vitrol.

Pate de Foie Gras—Hog livers

Maple Syrup—Pumpkin juice

White Wine—Sulphurous acid

Red Wine—Salicylic acid

Mustard—Common flour and turmeric.

Beers—Kidney diseases.

Liquors—Alcoholic poisons.

Tone the liver, move the bowels, cleanse the system. Dade's Little Liver Pills never gripe. Sold by H. . Vortkamp's drug store.

WHERE BLOOMS THE JULEP.

Col Pepper—"Have you seen Majah Kilduffer recently, sah?"

The Bartender—"No, colonel, he ham't eben in for half an hour'"—Puck.

Advice To Housewives.

No home is so pleasant, regardless of the comforts that money will buy, as when the entire family is in perfect health. A bottle of Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup costs 50 cents. It will cure every member of the family of constipation, sick headache or stomach trouble. Wm. M. Melville, Old Postoffice corner.

HIS STAB.

"My aim in life was to be a good cook."

"But, being a woman,' replied her brute of a husband, "you could not be expected to hit where you aimed '—Houston Post.

A Card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Cures la grippe cough and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Wm. M. Melville, Old Postoffice corner.

Backache

Any person having backache, kidney pains or bladder trouble who will take two or three Pine-ules upon retiring at night shall be relieved before morning.

The medicinal virtues of the crude gums and resins obtained from the Native Pine have been recognized by the medical profession for centuries. In Pine-ules we offer all of the virtues of the Native Pine that are of value in relieving all

Kidney and Bladder Troubles

Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction or Money Refunded.

Prepared by

PINE-ULE MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO

VORTKAMP'S DRUG STORE.

GOULD DISFRANCHISES OLD SOLDIER FOR VOTING FOR PATTISON.

In his call for the Republican primaries Chairman-Warden Gould specified that no Republican should be permitted to vote if he failed to cast a ballot for Herrick last year. Thus every old soldier who voted for his comrade was shut out.

PROVED AN ALIBI.

"We hear some trange things in this office sometimes," said the superintendent of sewers

"One of our inspectors went one day to inspect an old house in the country There was a good deal of smell about the old place. The inspector walked about sniffing

"'Dear me,' he said, 'what an unpleasant odor Can it be the drains?'

The owner of the house shook his head positively.

"'It can't be the drains,' he said, 'because there ain't none'"—Woman's Home Companion

Henry E. Jones, of Tampa, Fla., writes: "I can thank God for my present health, due to Foley's Kidney Cure. I tried doctors and all kinds of kidney cures, but nothing done me much good till I took Foley's Kidney Cure Four bottles cured me, and I have no more pain in my back and shoulders I am 62 years old and suffered long, but thanks to Foley's Kidney Cure I am well and can walk and enjoy myself. It is a pleasure to recommend it to those needing a kidney medicine. Wm. M. Melvile, Old Postoffice corner.

PHILOLOGICALLY LOGICAL.

Mrs Gayboy—"That's where you are wrong You don't seem to understand the use of words. If a thing is 'round' it can't be any 'rounder.'"

Mr. Gayboy—"Then there is no such thing as a 'rounder.' Thanks, dear. You won't call me one again, will you?"—Chicago Tribune

Afflicted with Sore Eyes for 33 Years.

I have been afflicted with sore eyes for thirty-three years. Thirteen years ago I became totally blind and was blind for six years My eyes were badly inflamed. One of my neighbors insisted upon my trying Chamberlain's Salve and gave me half a box of it To my surprise it healed my eyes and my sight came back to me.—P C Earls, Cynthiana, Ky. **Chamberlain's Salve is for sale by all druggists.**

COLONIAL SILVER.

The Best Known Pattern on the Market

At Popular Prices.

We are now showing a complete line including Knives, Forks, Spoons, Ladles, Tongs, Sets, Cutlery and Miscellaneous Silverware. We are always pleased to acquaint you with the latest designs in jewelry.

M. U. BASINGER,

63 Public Square.

SCHOOL FOR DANCING

AT ARMORY HALL

CHULER'S

Big Special Hallowe'en Party next Friday evening. Help to hunt the red ear of corn. Class for beginners now open to ladies and gentlemen. Join beginners class next Friday evening, 7:30 and learn to dance. I guarantee to teach you to dance in one term of lessons or money refunded. For information regarding lessons or assembly, please call at Academy or ring new phone 567. At Academy every Friday afternoon from 2 to 5, evening 7:30 to 12 p. m.

ASSEMBLY 8.45 P. M.

Admission, ladies 25c, gents 25c. Not a public school. Reference required Persons attending assembly must hold membership cards and present same at door. Member of I. A. M. of D.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE MARATHON MYSTERY, BY BURTON E. STEVENSON

The Marathon Mystery

A Story of Manhattan

By BURTON E. STEVENSON
Author of "The Holladay Case"

Copyright, 1904, by Henry Holt and Company

(Continued.)

CHAPTER X.

"WELL," I said at last, "it seems to me we're weaving a pretty strong chain about our friend Tremaine. But why should he have waited this long to look for the diamond?"

"Perhaps he's just discovered its loss," suggested Godfrey.

"Or perhaps this is the first opportunity he's had. I've never before left him alone here, and I keep the snap on so that the door locks itself whenever it's closed."

Godfrey sat for a full minute motionless, his eyes fixed on the door.

"Of course," he said at last, "it may not have been the diamond he was looking for, though I can't imagine what else it could be. But I've a theory I want to test. Suppose we take a look at your bedroom."

I followed him in and turned up the light. He glanced around keenly and went finally to the closet, which was almost opposite the door leading into the sitting room. He entered the closet and closed the door behind him. After a moment I heard a scraping noise and perceived a knife blade working back and forth in a crack of the door. Finally the blade was withdrawn, the door opened and Godfrey came out. He examined the lock, tried it once or twice with the key, which was in it, then he turned to me.

"What time do you leave in the morning?" he asked.

"About 7:30."

"Seven-thirty. Very well. Now I must be going. Look for me in the morning."

"Wait," I said, for I, too, had a sudden idea. "You have a photograph of Thompson, I suppose? Bring it up in the morning with you. I should like to look at it."

"All right," he said, and after I had made sure that the coast was clear he stole away upon tiptoe.

* * * * * * *

Scarcely was I out of bed next morning when there came a light tap on my door and Godfrey slipped in the instant I opened it.

"I had a few properties to arrange," he explained, smiling, "and so thought I'd best come early."

He went on into the bedroom and opened the closet door. Then he took from his pocket a stout bolt, with screws and a screw driver, and proceeded to affix it to the inside of the door.

"Now, my dear Lester," he said, rising when the task was finished, "I'll have to ask you to run up this noon and let me out."

"Let you out of where?"

"Out of the closet. You see, unfortunately, this lock works only from the outside, so you'll have to lock me in before you go. I've put on the bolt as an extra precaution."

"You mean you're going to spend the whole morning in that closet?"

"That's precisely what I mean."

"But you'll suffocate."

"No—you see I've cut a hole through. That will let in the air; besides, through it one can get an admirable view of the outer room."

"Ah!" I said, beginning to understand. "It's a trap!"

"Yes, a trap. Maybe we'll catch something and maybe we won't. What time do you usually go to lunch?"

"About 1 o'clock."

"That ought to bring you here by 1:30. Very well; lock me in and take the key with you."

I did as he bade me, though not without some reluctance, and I confess that I thought of little else during the morning.

* * * * * * *

One o'clock came at last and I hurried out and took the elevated uptown as the quickest way of getting there. It was just 1:20 when I opened my door. With a little shiver of apprehension I inserted the key in the lock of the closet and threw back the bolt. Godfrey walked out on the instant. He was smiling, but pale with fatigue.

"If you've got such a thing as a nip of brandy anywhere about, Lester," he said, sinking into the nearest chair, "I'd be infinitely obliged for it. I feel rather shaky in the knees."

I brimmed a glass for him, and he set it down empty, with a sigh of satisfaction.

"That's better. Do you know, I thought for a time toward the last that I was going to collapse. One little crack is scarcely ventilation enough for an active pair of lungs. However, I was repaid!"

"You were?"

"Yes," and he smiled at my impatience. "I'll tell you the story and see what you make of it. First came the chambermaid, who performed her duties with neatness and dispatch. Then a dreary half hour passed. I had about come to the conclusion that I might have spared my pains when I caught the sound of a key in the lock of the outer door. I heard the door open and close, and an instant later our friend Tremaine appeared within my range of vision."

"Tremaine!" I exclaimed. "Then he had Thompson's key!"

"Yes," agreed Godfrey. "But my story's only begun. Tremaine took a look through the rooms to assure himself that there was no one here. He tried the closet door, but didn't seem surprised or suspicious when he found it locked. Then he went back to the outer room, dropped on his hands and knees and began to search."

"For the diamond?"

"So I thought at first. I couldn't see him for a little while, but presently I perceived that he wasn't searching over the body of the carpet, but around its edges. He seemed to be looking for a place where it was loose, for he went very slowly from tack to tack. Once I thought he had found it, for he came to a place where a tack was wanting and ran his hand under eagerly. But in a moment he brought it out again empty."

"So it couldn't have been the diamond," I remarked in perplexity.

"No, it couldn't have been the diamond," assented Godfrey, his eyes shining. "But Tremaine wasn't done yet. Really, he'd make an admirable detective. I admired his methods, though they also gave me a clew to what he was looking for. He placed a chair just here, before this desk, just opposite the bedroom door. You'll remember that Thompson also had a table and chair similarly placed."

"Yes, I remember."

"Then he sat down in the chair and began a minute scrutiny of the walls. First that one yonder. He went over it inch by inch until he came to the speaking tube. Then he sprang up and opened it and peered inside, even holding a lighted match in. Let us see," and Godfrey also examined the tube. "It's empty."

"Yes," I said. "I've used it once or twice and it works all right."

"Well, Tremaine wasn't satisfied with that. He ran his hands along the top ledges of the doors, mounted a chair and peered above the windows, examined every nook and cranny. At last he gave it up, replaced things just as he had found them, glanced at his watch and went away. Now, what was he looking for?"

I cudgeled my brain.

"I don't know," I said. "I can't imagine."

"Let me help you," said Godfrey, his eyes shining still more brightly. "I had time to think it all out in the closet there. In the first place, he looked only in the outer room; in the second place, he was plainly looking for something that had been purposely concealed; in the third place, when he examined the room he placed his chair just where Miss Croydon had sat."

A flash of light burst upon me.

"The clippings!" I cried.

"The clippings. Just that. I haven't the least doubt of it. And that explains another thing which seemed very puzzling. It explains why Miss Croydon was so anxious to rent this suit."

"But how did he find out about them?" I asked at last.

"I think they contain some secret of his, and he's concluded she hasn't got them because she hasn't produced them against him. And he's reasoned correctly in supposing that if she hasn't got them she must have hidden them here."

It was a good guess; an adroit one.

"The question is," added Godfrey, looking about him, "where did she hide them?"

CHAPTER XI.

WHEN I left the office at noon next day I took a cross town car which eventually landed me at the foot of West Tenth street, where the red and black steamers of the Quebec line load and unload their West Indian cargoes. I had found by reference to a file of the Maritime Gazette that the Parima had arrived on Feb. 23 and had sailed again on the 5th of March, and the paper of the day before showed me that she had just arrived in port again.

I hunted up the purser without delay.

"May I see your passenger list for your last trip north," I asked, "the trip before this one?"

"Certainly," he responded, and produced it.

It was not a long one, and in a moment I had found what I was looking for. Victor Tremaine and wife were fifth on the list. But no "H. Thompson" appeared there. However I had a last resource. I had scarcely expected to find him entered among the passengers.

"Is the captain aboard?" I inquired.

"Captain Hake has gone over to his home on Long Island for a day or two," answered the purser. "The first officer, Mr. Grace, is forward, superintending the unloading."

"Thank you," I said, and hurried up to the deck. I found Mr. Grice without difficulty, a tall, blond young man, with eyes of a cerulean blue. "Can you spare me a moment?" I asked, after I had introduced myself.

"Why, I guess so. What is it?"

"Did you ever see this man before?" and I produced the photograph Godfrey had given me.

"Well, I should say so!" he cried at the first glance. "And I hope I'll never see him again. Thompson his name is, and we shipped him at Barbados, in place of one of our men who deserted there. He didn't have a decent rag to his back, so we fitted him up with some old things out of the shop [illegible]

I nodded.

"He was [illegible] as far as St. Pierre," continued the mate, "[illegible] we'd got there he changed his mind and [illegible] come on to New York. What's become [illegible] don't 'tell us' into more trouble? He's not been out of jail more'n three or four weeks."

"Out of jail?"

"Yes. He was a regular fiend for booze though we didn't find it out until after we left St. Pierre. Where he got it I don't know. He didn't have any money to buy it, that's sure. I've kind o' thought one of the passengers must 'a' give it to him, though I can't imagine why. But, anyway, he was half drunk three-fourths of the time and dead drunk the other fourth. We'd find him layin' in his berth and we'd yank him out an' drop him into a tub of water. He'd sober up quicker 'n any man I ever see, but he was never satisfied unless he had a pint or two inside him. When we tied up at the wharf here he got awful bad. Wanted to go ashore right away. Fought the captain when he wouldn't let him. The captain handed him over to a policeman, and he got twenty days on the Island."

I nodded again. So that was why he was so long after Tremaine in putting in an appearance at the Marathon.

"What's the matter with him now?" he added.

"He's been murdered, and we've been trying to find out something about him. Do you think the captain would know anything more?"

"No, I don't. Plant him in potter's field and good riddance. I'll bet he didn't get any more'n was comin' to him."

With which sage reflection he turned back to his work, while I sought the shore.

Godfrey came into the office that evening just as I was closing my desk.

"I want you to go to dinner with me," he said. "I have to run down to Washington tonight, and it may be three or four days before I get back. I want to talk things over."

We took a cab uptown and stopped at Riley's, and were presently ensconced in a snug corner where we could talk without danger of being overheard.

"I've found out a few things about Tremaine," began Godfrey as the waiter hurried away with our order.

"And I about Thompson," I said.

"You have?" and he looked at me in surprise. "How in the world did you do it?"

His astonishment was distinctly complimentary, and I related with considerable gratification my conversation with the mate of the Parima.

"Well," observed Godfrey when I had finished, "that was a bright idea of yours. That establishes the link between the two men. Our St. Pierre correspondent wires us that Tremaine arrived there some three years ago, presumably from South America. He bought a little plantation just outside the town and settled there. He seemed to have plenty of money when he arrived, but he probably spent it all—on that girl Cecily, perhaps—for before he sailed he borrowed 3,500 francs with his plantation as security."

"Seven hundred dollars — that wouldn't go far," I commented.

"He hadn't enough to run him a month—and he's been here nearly twice that long. It's evident that he's an extravagant liver. He's been moving in expensive company and has, of course, been keeping up his end. Then, too, I don't doubt that he provided for Thompson—gave him enough money, anyway, to keep drunk on—that's the only way to explain Thompson's taking an apartment like that. I should say that $1,500 would be a low estimate for the two months. Of course he had to get all his clothing new—Martinique clothing wouldn't do for March in New York."

"All of which indicates," I said, "either that he had other resources or that he's received some money—$1,000 at least—since he's been here."

"Precisely—and I incline to the latter theory. He's working some sort of tremendous bunko game. He's playing for big stakes. He's not the man to play for little ones."

"No," I assented, "he's not," and we fell silent while the waiter removed the dishes.

We put on our coats and went out together. On the steps we paused.

"There's one thing, Lester," he said—"keep a clear head; don't let that siren"—

"No danger," I interrupted, and half unconsciously I touched a ring on my finger.

He smiled as he saw the gesture.

"Oh, yes; I'd forgotten about that. Where is she now?"

"In Florida—she and her mother. They're coming north next month."

"Well," he said, "I'm glad you've got the ring; you'll need it this next week. I wish the chance was mine. Cecily, I'm sure, knows a good many interesting things about Tremaine. Besides, I haven't got your high moral scruples. I believe in fighting fire with fire. However, do your best. I'll look you up as soon as I get back. Goodby."

* * * * * * *

The next day was Saturday. Tremaine was to leave in the afternoon for his week's absence, and he came in before I left in the morning to say goodby. He seemed strangely elated and triumphant. His eyes were even brighter than usual, the color came and went in his cheeks. He presented altogether a most fascinating appearance. He lingered only a moment to shake hands and thank me again.

At the office I found awaiting me a note from Godfrey scribbled hastily in the station of the Pennsylvania road:

Dear Lester—By the merest good luck I met Jack Drysdale just after I left you. Drysdale [illegible] to Miss Cro[illegible] [illegible] to be one of a [illegible] house party which Mr. Delroy [illegible] at [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

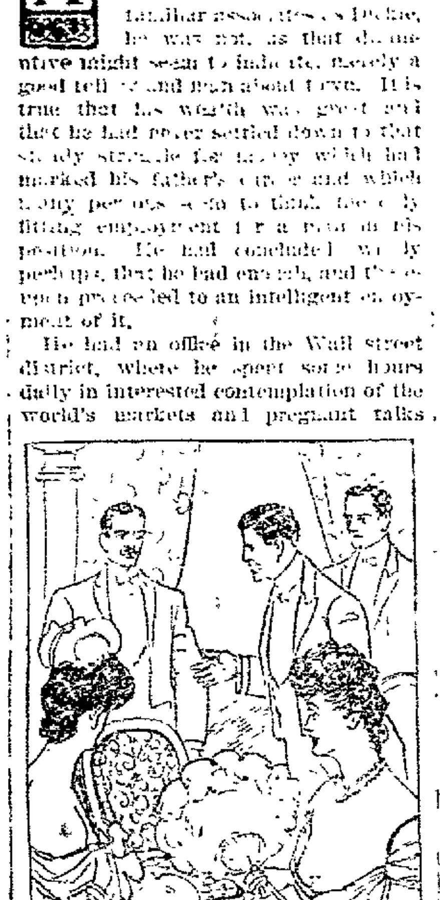
GODFREY.

[illegible] drawn the story of those eventful days.

CHAPTER XII.

ALTHOUGH Richard Delroy was known among his more familiar associates as Dickie, he was not, as that diminutive might seem to indicate, merely a good fellow and man about town. It is true that his wealth was great and that he had never settled down to that steady struggle for money which had marked his father's career and which many persons seem to think the only fitting employment for a man in his position. He had concluded wisely, perhaps, that he had enough, and then proceeded to an intelligent enjoyment of it.

He had an office in the Wall street district, where he spent some hours daily in interested contemplation of the world's markets and pregnant talks



Their reception of him was somewhat

with investors, promoters and beggars of various denominations. He had a fondness for books and art, finer and deeper than a mere mania for purchasing rare editions and unique masterpieces. He was a member of the Citizens' Union and contributed freely to every effort to suppress political graft and corruption. He was vice chairman of the University Settlement society and belonged to many other politico-evangelical organizations. He had built two or three model tenements after that voyage of discovery among the slums of London, which had also resulted, as we have seen, in his meeting the woman who became his wife.

It was to Richard Delroy that Tremaine had applied for assistance in promoting the Martinique railroad. How he gained an introduction I do not know. Perhaps from some uncritical man in the street. But gain it he did, and he used the opportunity to good advantage. I can easily imagine the perfection of wizardry he brought to bear upon Delroy, the persuasive eloquence, the irresistible fascination. In the end he succeeded not only in persuading Delroy of the perfect feasibility of the scheme, but in gaining admission to Delroy's family.

It had been achieved in this wise:

They were discussing the railroad enterprise one afternoon, and finally the talk wandered to art and then music. Delroy was delighted to find his companion a connoisseur of delicate perception and apparently wide experience.

"I suppose you've been attending the opera?" he inquired finally.

"Oh, certainly; always when there is something I care especially to hear."

"De Reszke and Melba are on tonight."

"I intend to be there," said Tremaine instantly, no doubt guessing at what would follow.

"Then come up to our box," said Delroy. "We'll be glad to have you."

"I shall be very glad to come."

The words were spoken evenly, quietly, without any indication of that deep burst of triumph which glowed within him: for it was a triumph—a veritable one—one for which many men and most women would have made any sacrifice. He controlled himself admirably, too, at the opera, and it was not until the end of the second act that he sought the box. He entered quietly, and the introductions were accomplished in a moment. Besides Delroy and his wife, Miss Croydon and Drysdale were present. Their reception of him, it must be added, was somewhat icy, but this he did not seem to notice.

It was not to be denied that he added greatly to the life of the party; his comment was so apt, so brilliant, so illuminating, yet not in the least self assured. Drysdale fell under the spell at once, and even the women, who naturally looked somewhat askance at the intruder—who, indeed, had greeted him with glances almost of repugnance—in the end yielded to it.

During a pause in the conversation Delroy's glance happened to fall upon the superb necklace of pearls which encircled his wife's throat.

"Why, see there, Edith," he cried, "how these pearls have changed. They seem absolutely lifeless."

Mrs. Delroy picked up a strand with trembling fingers and looked at it.

"So they [illegible]," she agreed a little hoarsely. "That's queer. They've changed since I put them on."

"Fortunately," said Tremaine suavely, "the [illegible] is one which is very easily [illegible]. A few days' bath in salt water will restore their brilliancy. It might be worth while [illegible] about. Mrs. Delroy's necklace is worth saving," and he examined it with the glance of a connoisseur.

It invited examination, for it was almost unique in its perfection. It had been Delroy's one great extravagance. He had spent many years collecting the stones, which were of a beautiful iridescence and perfectly matched, and they had formed his wedding gift to his wife. The value of the separate stones was not less than $100,000; their value combined in the necklace could be only a matter of conjecture.

"Yes," agreed Drysdale, with a little laugh, "it certainly is. You'd better take it down to Tiffany, Dickie."

"I will," said Delroy. "And don't think anything more about it, Edith."

"I won't," she answered, still smiling, her eyes unnaturally bright. "But it's very close in here. I should like a glass of water."

It appeared that the press of social duties and the trying spring weather were proving too much for Mrs. Delroy's strength, which was never great, and which had been especially taxed this season by the introduction of her sister to New York society. Even the comparative quiet of the Lenten season failed to restore her, and the resumption of the social whirl after Easter moved Delroy to protest.

"You're going it too hard, Edith," he remarked. "You need a rest and a change of air; so do I, though perhaps I don't look it. Suppose we go down to Edgemere for a week or two."

"Would you like to go?" she asked eagerly. "Thank you, dear. I do feel the need of it."

"Then I'll wire at once to Thomas to get the house ready. Shall we say next Saturday?"

"That will do nicely."

It was not till the evening before their departure that he referred to the matter again.

"Jack's coming with us," he said, "and, by the way, Edith, I've asked Tremaine to come down tomorrow and stay the week. I want to perfect our plans for that railroad project; and, besides, he's about the most fascinating fellow I ever met."

"Yes," she agreed, with a strained little laugh, "he's very fascinating."

CHAPTER XIII.

EDGEMERE was a beautiful estate overlooking Great South bay, just east of Babylon. It was essentially a summer play house, and yet John Drysdale, looking through the blurred glass of the carriage that had brought him from the station through the sudden April shower, saw in the light streaming redly from the windows a warmth of welcome that summer could not show. A pile of logs was blazing in the hall fireplace, but he paused only for a moment to get off the outdoor chill and then ran up to his room to dress for dinner. He knew the customs of the house, and he hoped for a reward if he dressed promptly.

Nor was he disappointed, for when he came down the stair some fifteen minutes later he saw standing before the fire a regal figure. He paused a moment to contemplate it—the white shoulders rising from a gown of rich, dark red, the poise of the head with its black coiffure, the grace of the arm hanging idly by her side.

She was gazing intently into the fire, deep in thought, and for an instant she did not hear him. Then she turned with that rare smile which a woman of ardent temperament gives to only one man in the world.

"I heard you drive up," she said. "I thought you might remember our old habit."

"As if I could forget it! Do you know," and he held her at arm's length to look at her, "you take my breath away. But, then, you always do. My luck seems too completely, supremely perfect to be true."

Her color deepened a little under his gaze, but her eyes did not waver.

"I don't want you to live in a state of perpetual breathlessness," she said.

"Oh, you don't know what a delightful state it is. There's nothing in *my* appearance to cause palpitation of the heart. Just a moment ago, when I came to the turn of the stair and looked down and saw you standing here, do you know I was appalled at the sheer wonder of the thing. 'She is mine,' I said to myself—'she is mine,' and yet I couldn't quite believe it. It seemed too stupendous, too utterly absurd. What have I done to deserve you?"

There was something very touching in the sincerity of the frank, boyish face. She answered with a pressure of the hand which said more than many words.

"I feel a good deal as that page felt," he went on after a moment, "who looked up at Kate, the queen. 'She never could be wronged, be poor,' he sighed, 'need him to help her.'"

"And yet in the end she did need him, didn't she? Perhaps," and her face changed and she looked away into the fire again—"perhaps I may need you—may have to ask a great sacrifice of you"—

"Ask it," he said eagerly. "Ask anything but that I give you up."

"I have already asked one thing," she said slowly, looking at him with a face very gentle. "No little thing—your trust, your confidence, your"—

"You had no need to ask it," and he caught her hands again. "It was yours already."

"And will be mine always?"

"Can you doubt it?"

"No; and I shall be glad to remember it."

"Not long ago," he said, looking at her, "a friend of mine gave me some good advice."

"Which was?"

"That I be happy in having you without conditions; that I try to live up to you and be worthy of you; that I try to do something worth while for your sake."

She had listened with raised brows.

"I didn't know I was a subject of discussion"—

"You're not—but you sent me to him"—

"Oh—Mr. Godfrey!" A little cloud came upon her face; she opened her lips to say something more, but a step sounded on the stair and Tremaine came slowly down. There was a look on his face not pleasant to see, but he banished all trace of it as he came forward.

CHAPTER XIV.

WHEN Drysdale opened his window next morning he found the sun shining from a sky unclouded, and the air warm with the promise of spring. It called him in a way not to be resisted, and he stepped out on the little balcony which ran beneath the window, then he caught the odor of a cigarette, and turned to see Tremaine smiling at him.

"Good morning!" cried Tremaine. "A beautiful morning, isn't it? Won't you join me?"

"You seem to be an early riser," observed Drysdale, who had thought to find himself the first astir.

"It is a habit one learns at St. Pierre. The dawn is, there, the only pleasant portion of the day—one rises to burn incense to it."

"You have lived long at St. Pierre?"

"Nearly four years."

The merest flicker of amusement flashed across Tremaine's lips and they finished their cigarettes in silence. They went down together to breakfast presently, but only Delroy joined them there, and it was not an especially pleasant meal, despite the bright sun at the windows and Tremaine's imperturbable good humor. As they arose from table, that gentleman announced his intention of going for a walk about the grounds.

* * * * * * *

Tremaine seemed to enjoy his walk; at least he did not return to the house until nearly the hour for luncheon. At that meal the women joined them, and a drive was planned for the afternoon, which ended at the vesper service at the little chapel at Babylon. For some reason the drive did not be a success; a certain constraint seemed to have fallen upon the party, a feeling of unrest, of uneasiness, which sent them severally to their rooms as soon as they reached the house.

Drysdale dressed immediately. What instinct was it that told him to set his foot lightly on the stair, or was it only that he hoped to look down upon her for a moment unseen? The sound of voices reached him, and leaning over he saw two figures standing before the fire which the evening chill had rendered necessary—Miss Croydon and Tremaine. He started abruptly to descend when he caught a sentence that made him pause.

"I'm not in the least like that," Tremaine was saying, and, though the voice was carefully repressed, it had in it a ring of savage earnestness. "In your heart you know it or you wouldn't stand there listening. I have come to you at once, boldly, because I'm sure that I shall win. He is not worthy of you—in your heart you know that also. He cannot hold you; he is too weak; I shall wrench you away! You're not the woman to be tied to a gilded mediocrity."

She had been leaning away from him, staring into the fire, as though charmed into silence by this impetuous eloquence. Now she stood erect and looked at him.

"What you are proposing to me is infamous," she said through clinched teeth.

"It is not in the least infamous," he retorted coolly. "I am offering you the future I know you sigh for. It is a future that I sigh for, too; that I have sighed for from the first moment I saw you, and which I am going to make come true. Together we will conquer the world. As my wife"—

"Your wife?" There was scorn, anger, fear in the words and in the glance she cast at him.

"Certainly—my wife," he repeated, with emphasis. "If I should prove to you"—

She stopped him by an imperative gesture.

"You go too far," she said. "There is a limit to what even I will endure. Do not push me too far. Do not rely too much upon my forbearance. A man capable of any crime"—

He held her by the motion of a finger.

"Is a man who appeals to you," he concluded.

"You strangely mistake me," she said in a cold voice. "You are reading your own nature into me. I would ask no man to commit a crime for my sake. I should abhor the man who did."

He did not answer, but stood looking at her with a gaze which seemed to envelop her, to pierce her through and through. Drysdale felt the perspiration start across his forehead. He wished to cry out, but could not.

A door at the farther end of the hall opened, and Delroy came in. The bonds loosened, and Drysdale fled back to his room. He needed to compose himself. After dinner he at once sought Grace.

"Grace," he said gently, "as I was coming down to dinner tonight I happened to see you and Tremaine standing here together, and, without intending to, I overheard a sentence which stopped me up there at the turn of the stair."

"What you are proposing to me is infamous."

She turned away from him, and her arms dropped wearily by her sides.

"Your proper course is to inform Delroy," he continued doggedly, braving the certainty of offending her, "or better still, I will, and then kick the scoundrel out. Why did you permit him to talk to you the way he did?"

"I can't tell you," she answered hoarsely.

"But I have a right to know."

"Yes, I suppose you have. Why not break it off? Then you won't need to worry about me any more."

He started from his chair at the words, but controlled himself and sat down again.

"Do you mean that you want to break it off?" he demanded in a queer voice. "Do you mean that you can possibly care for that"—

She turned upon him with blazing eyes.

"Do you insult me too?"

For an instant he sat motionless as stone. Then he fell at her knees and caught her hands and covered them with kisses.

"Listen," she said, bending over him, instantly moved, instantly tender. "You told me last night that you trusted me."

"I do with my whole soul."

"And Kate, the queen, needs you as she said she would. Only I must have time to think, to straighten out the tangle. Tomorrow I will tell you—tomorrow night—till then"—

He seized her and drew her down to him and kissed her on the lips.

"I've never doubted you," he said. "And I'll fight the battle of my life before I give you up."

At the farther end of the hall a door closed very, very softly.

(To be Continued.)

ELECTION DAY IS ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER SIXTH.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

EXT TUESDAY

ction Day for Forty-two States

le Three Territories Al-so Choose High Officials.

SENATE AND HOUSE

Political Complexion May Change After Returns.

of Thirty Two United States Senators in Balance.

next Tuesday there will be ction in 42 states and three ter-s. Oregon, Maine and Vermont already elected state officers, and of them also a legislature; in nor state officers or Justices of preme court; in two, congress-and a legislature, and in seven ssmen only are to be elected. oma is to vote on a state consti- and Arizona and New Mexico at statehood.

terms of 30 United States sena-15 democrats and 15 republi expire March 3, 1907. Virginia, ana, Mississippi, Kentucky and sas have already selected demo- and Georgia has a legislature will elect another, while Maine Oregon have legislatures which the return of republicans. Of states in which is to be chosen ther a legislature that will United State senators 14 are now ented in the senate by republi- nd eight by democrats.

tional house of representatives e elected—the Sixtieth congress 386 members. The present is composed of 250 republicans 38 democrats, Maine has al- elected four republicans, Oregon d Vermont two.

Numerous Tickets.

e is fusion in only one state—ska—where the democrats and s agreed upon a division of e nominations, though in sev-ther states the republican or atic candidates for state offices een nominated or indorsed by more of the minor parties.

sual, there is one state ticket—mocratic—in South Carolina. lvania leads this year with the t number of state tickets—12, s are numerous, those having in the field being Independence Citizens', Commonwealth, eferendum, Jefferson, American, ministration, Republican, Re ed Republican, and Lincoln Re n. Six of them, however, are d to Pennsylvania.

socialists have tickets in 25 the prohibitionists in 23, so- labor in 7, populists (or peo- in 4 and the independence n 3, while "Public Ownership" ticket in one state.

number of tickets in the differ- ies is: One, South Carolina; ama, Florida, North Carolina, see and Washington; 3, Dela- Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Island and Utah; 4, Connecti- olorado, Idaho, Michigan Minne- Missouri, Nebraska, New Hamp- South Dakota, Wisconsin and ng; 5, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, York and Ohio; 6, Indiana, chusetts and Texas; 7, Cali- 12, Pennsylvania.

ocialists and Prohibitionists.

Socialists have tickets in Cali Connecticut, Florida, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massa- s, Michigan, Missouri, Mon- Nebraska, Nevada, New Hamp- New York, North Dakota, Ohio, lvania, South Dakota, Tennes- xas, Wisconsin and Wyoming prohibitionists in California, o, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, chusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, ri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, ork, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode South Dakota, Texas, Wiscon- Wyoming.

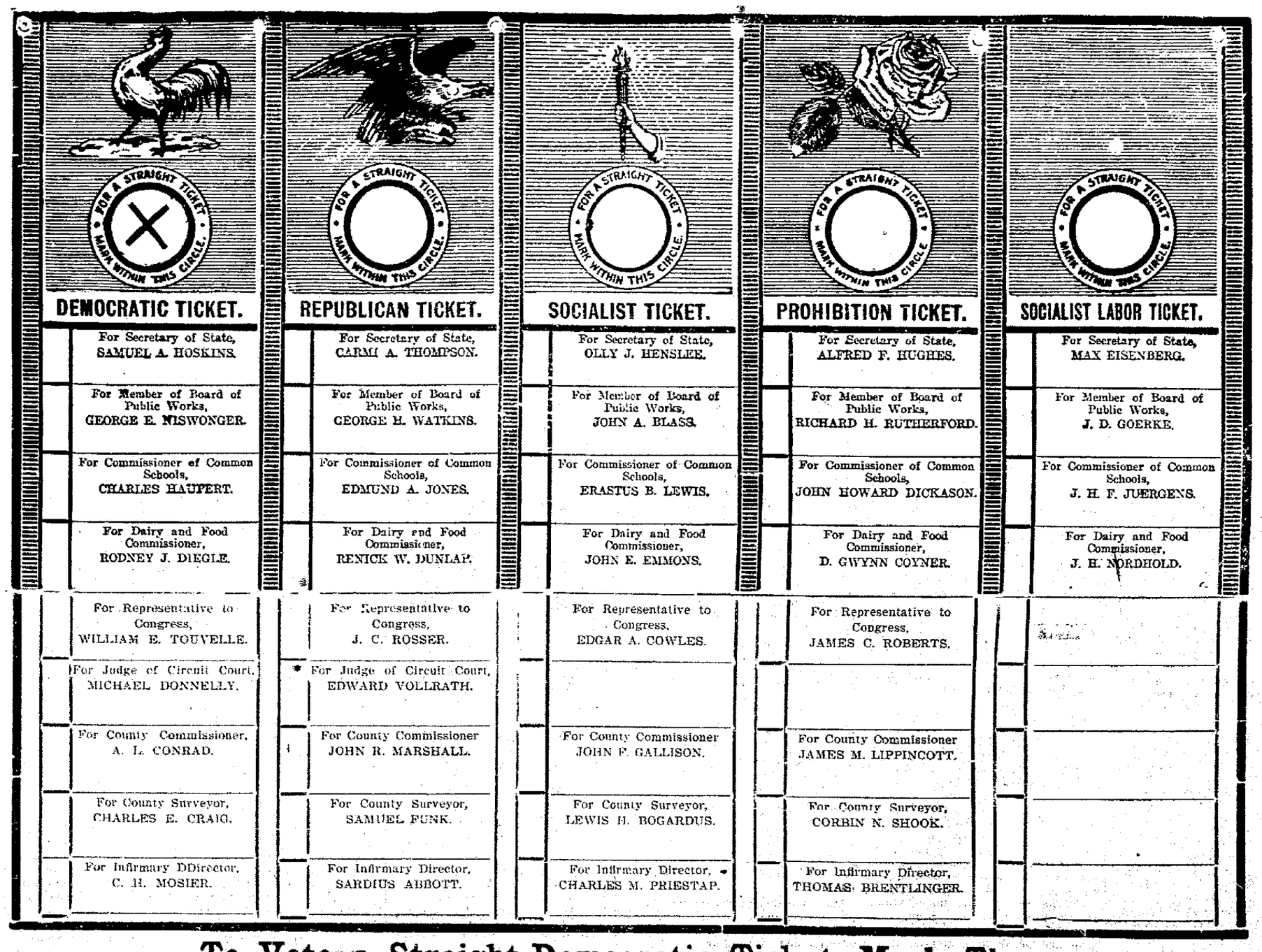
socialist labor in Illinois, Indi- assachusetts, New York, Ohio, lvania and Texas.

populists (or people's) in Cali- Indiana, Iowa and Kansas.

independence league in Cali- Massachusetts and New York. labor in California and Penn-; "public ownership," in Min- anti-administration republican, ama; reorganized republican, s; independent democratic in o.

socialists and prohibitionists ominated candidates for con- many districts, and in others ations or federations have in- democrats or republicans who lieved to be favorable to their

The way the Ballot will Appear this Fall. For the First Time Since the Australian Ballot was Adopted, the Democratic Ticket Holds First Place.



To Vote a Straight Democratic Ticket, Mark Thus.

Heads of State Tickets.

The following are the heads of state tickets in the different states:

Alabama—Governor.
Democrat—Braxton B. Comer.
Anti-administration republican—Asa E. Stratton.

California—Governor.
Republican—James N. Gillette.
Democrat—Theodore A. Bell.
Prohibitionist—James H. Blanchard.
Independence league—William H. Langdon.
Union labor—Theodore A. Bell.
People's—Carl Browne.
Socialist—Austin Lewis.

Colorado—Governor.
Republican—Henry A. Buchtel.
Democrat—Alva Adams.
Socialist—William D. Haywood.
Independent democrat—Ben B. Lindsey.

Connecticut—Governor.
Republican—Rollin S. Woodruff.
Democrat—Charles F. Thayer.
Prohibition—Matthew A. O'Brien.
Socialist—Ernest D. Hull.

Delaware—State Treasurer.
Republican—Thomas N. Rawlins.
Democrat—Robert H. Wilson.
Prohibition—George A. Rhoades.

Florida—Railroad Commissioner.
Democrat—R. Hudson Burr.
Socialist—A. C. Sill.

Idaho—Governor.
Republican—Frank R. Gooding.
Democrat—Frank O. Stockslager.
Prohibition—Silas Luttrel.
Socialist—Thomas F. Kelley.

Illinois—State Treasurer.
Republican—John F. Smulski.
Democrat—Nicholas L. Piotrowski.
Prohibition—William P. Allen.
Socialist—Wilson E. McDermut.
Socialist labor—John W. Francis.

Indiana—Secretary of State.
Republican—Fred A. Sims.
Democrat—James F. Cox.
Prohibition—Absolem E. Crim.
Socialist—Leroy B. Sweetland.
Socialist labor—Theo. Bernine.
Populist—Jacob W. Clark.

Iowa—Governor.
Republican—Albert F. Cummins.
Democrat—Claude R. Porter.
Socialist—John E. Shank.
Populist—J. L. Hammery.

Kansas—Governor.
Republican—Edward H. Hoch.
Democrat—William A. Harris.
Prohibition—Jeremiah R. Cook.
Socialist—Harry Gilham.
Populist—Horace A. Keefer.

Massachusetts—Governor.
Republican—Curtis Gould, Jr.
Democrat—John B. Moran.
Prohibition—John B. Moran.
Socialist labor—William H. Carroll.
Socialist—James N. Carey.
Independence league—John B. Moran.

Michigan—Governor.
Republican—Fred M. Warner.
Democrat—Charles H. Kimmerle.
Prohibition—R. Clarke Reed.
Socialist—James E. Walker.

Minnesota—Governor.
Republican—Albert L. Cole.
Democrat—John A. Johnson.
Prohibition—Charles W. Dorsett.
Public ownership—O. E. Lofius.

Missouri—Supt. Public Schools.
Democrat—Howard A. Gass.
Republican—James V. White.
Prohibition—Miss Rowena E. Shaner.
Socialist—Edward T. Behrens.

Montana—Justice Supreme Court.
Republican—Henry C. Smith.
Democrat—John B. McClernan.
Socialist—H. L. Maury.

Nebraska—Governor.
Republican—George L. Sheldon.
Fusion (democrats and populists)—Ashton C. Shallenberger.
Prohibition—Harry T. Sutton.
Socialist—Elisha Taylor.

Nevada—Governor.
Democrat—John Sparks.
Republican—John F. Mitchell.
Socialist—Thomas E. Casey.

New Hampshire—Governor.
Republican—Charles M. Floyd.
Democrat—Nathan C. Jameson.
Prohibition—Edmund B. Tetley.
Socialist—William H. McFall.

New York—Governor.
Republican—Charles E. Hughes.
Democrat — William Randolph Hearst.
Independence league—William Randolph Hearst.
Prohibition—Henry M. Randall.
Socialist—John C. Chase.
Socialist labor—Thomas H. Jackson.

North Carolina—Corporation Commissioner.
Democratic—Franklin McNeill.
Republican—Robert M. Douglas

North Dakota—Governor.
Republican—Elmore Y. Sarles.
Democratic—John Burke.
Socialist—L. F. Dow.

Ohio—Secretary of State.
Republican—Carmi A. Thompson.
Democratic—Samuel A. Hoskins.
Prohibition—Alfred F. Hughes.
Socialist—Olly J. Henslee.
Socialist labor—Max Eisenberg.

Pennsylvania—Governor.
Republican—Edwin S. Stuart.
Democratic—Lewis Emery, Jr.,
Prohibition—Homer L. Castle.
Lincoln republican—Lewis Emery, Jr.
Citizens'—Edwin A. Maurer.
Socialist labor—John Desmond.
Commonwealth—Lewis Emery, Jr.
Union labor—Lewis Emery, Jr.
City—Edwin S. Stuart.
Referendum—Lewis Emery, Jr.
Jefferson—Homer L. Castle.

Rhode Island—Governor.
Republican—George H. Utter.
Democratic—James H. Higgins.
Prohibition—Brenon E. Holm.

South Carolina—Governor.
Democrat—Martin F. Ansel.

South Dakota—Governor.
Republican—Coe I. Crawford.
Democrat—John A. Stansky.
Prohibition—Knute Lewis.
Socialist—Freeman Knowles.

Tennessee—Governor.
Democrat—Malcolm R. Patterson.
Republican—H. Clay Evans.
Socialist—John M. Ray.

Texas—Governor.
Democrat—Thomas M. Campbell.
Republican—Carey A. Grey.
Reorganized republican—A. W. Acheson.
Prohibition—James W. Pearson.
Socialist—George W. Edwards.
Socialist labor—A. S. Doxler.

Utah—Justice Supreme Court.
Republican—Joseph E. Frick.
Democrat—James W. N. Whitecotton.
American—Thomas Maloney.

Washington—Justice Supreme Court.
Republican—Wallace Mount.
Democratic—C. W. Hodgdon.

Wisconsin—Governor.
Republican—James O. Davidson.
Democratic—John A. Aylard.
Prohibition—Ephriam L. Eaton.
Socialist—Winfield R. Gaylord.

Wyoming—Governor.
Republican—Bryant B. Brooks.
Democrat—Stephen A. D. Keister.
Prohibition—George W. Blaine.
Socialist—William L. O'Niel.

Congressional.

Arkansas, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Maryland and Virginia.

Congressmen and Legislature.

New Jersey and West Virginia.

Oregon elections were held in June, and Maine and Vermont in September.

Ohio.

Republicans:
Secretary of state—Carmi A. Thompson.
School commissioner—Edmund A. Jones.
Dairy and food commissioner—Renick W. Dunlap.
Member of board of public works—George H. Watkins.

Democratic:
Secretary of state—Samuel A. Hoskins.
School commissioner—Charles W. Haupert.
Dairy and food commissioner—Rodney J. Diegle.
Member of board of public works—George E. Niswonger.

Prohibition:
Secretary of state—Alfred F. Hughes.
School commissioner—John H. Dickason.
Dairy and food commissioner—D. Gwynn Coyner.
Member board of public works—Richard L. Rutherford.

Socialist:
Secretary of state—Olly J. Henslee.
School commissioner—Erastus B. Lewis.
Dairy and food commissioner—John E. Emmons.
Member board of public works—John A. Blass.

Socialist Labor:
Secretary of state—Max Eisenberg.
Dairy and food commissioner—John H. Nordhold.
Member board of public works—John G. Goerke.

Indiana.

Republican:
Secretary of state—Fred A. Sims.
Treasurer—Oscar Hadley.
Attorney general—James Bingham.
Auditor—John C. Billheimer.
Supt. public instruction—Bassett A. Cotton.
Statistician—Joseph H. Stubbs.
Geologist—Willis S. Batchley.
Judges supreme court—James H. Jordan, Leander J. Monks.
Clerk supreme court—Edward V. Fitzpatrick.
Judges appellate court—Gard H. Watson, Cassius C. Hadley, Daniel W. Comstock, Joseph M. Rabb, Frank Roby.

Democratic:
Secretary of state—James F. Cox.
Treasurer—John Iseberger.
Auditor—Marion Bailey.
Attorney general—Walter E. Lotz.
Supt. public instruction—Robert J. Alley.
Geologist—Edward Barrett.
Statistician—David N. Curry.
Judges supreme court—Eugene A. Ely, Richard K. Mann.
Clerk supreme court—Bert New.
Judges appellate court—Milton B. Hottel, Edward W. Felt, Richard R. Hartford, Henry G. Zimmerman, Henry A. Steis.

Prohibition:
Secretary of state—Absolem L. Crim.
Treasurer—Charles M. Lemon.
Attorney general—Charles F. Holler.
Auditor—William H. Keller.
Supt. public instruction—William C. Bailey.
Statistician—Millard F. Gerish.
Geologist—Allen D. Hole.
Clerk supreme court—Daniel E. Speicher.

Socialist:
Secretary of state—Leroy B. Sweetland.
Treasurer—James O'Neil.
Attorney general—Edward Scott.
Auditor—Edgar Wallace.
Supt. public instruction—O. C. McDonald.
Statistician—John A. McKeen.
Geologist—J. J. Edwards.
Judges supreme court—Edward Grace, John F. Brunskill, Russell Wytenbach.
Clerk supreme court—James L. Sparrow.
Judges appellate court—Thomas J. Lewelen, Joseph Brunner, Cornelius M. Haanes, Charles L. Drake.

Socialist:
Secretary of state—Theodore Bernine.
Treasurer—Oliver P. Stoner.
Attorney general—Henry Schnautz.
Auditor—John T. L. Remley.
Supt. public instruction—Fred Beach.
Statistician—Lewis Pfeifferle.
Geologist—William T. Colbert.
Clerk supreme court—Gus Dreyer.
Judge appellate court—Mike Dutline.

Populist:
Secretary of state—Jacob W. Clark.
Treasurer—Franklin Yerkes.
Attorney general—Orlando L. Ross.
Auditor—Joseph Hauser.
Supt. public instruction—William E. Hurley.
Statistician—Parker T. Brown.
Geologist—William Smith.
Clerk supreme court—George M. Thompson.

DEMOCRATS: DO NOT OVERLOOK THE FACT THAT THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET IS FIRST ON THE OFFICIAL BALLOT THIS YEAR FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE AUSTRALIAN BALLOT SYSTEM WAS INTRODUCED INTO OHIO.

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TUESDAY, NOV. 6TH

Is Election Day in Ohio. Do Not Forget it.

On Tuesday, November 6th will be election day in Ohio, and upon that date the democrats will present for the suffrages of the people of Allen County the following named county ticket. All the gentlemen named are candidates for re-election:

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—A. L. CONRAD.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR—C. H. MOSIER.

FOR SURVEYOR—CHAS. E. CRAIG.

ELECTION DAY IS ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER SIXTH.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure any case of kidney trouble that is not beyond medical aid. Wm. M. Melville, Old Postoffice corner.

GERMAN CRITICS HIGH PRAISE OF ROYAL WELSH MALE CHOIR.

Dr. Hansen, the distinguished German music critic, after listening to a concert by the Royal Welsh Male Choir, at Wilkesbarre, a few days ago, gave them extraordinary praise by saying, "Their musical art is the finest I ever heard in this or in the old country." Dr. Mason, the noted composer, on the same occasion, called the choir "the mightiest and most glorious party that ever came across the ocean." Similar opinions of the beauty, the charm, the grandeur, the artistic finish of the singing of this, one of the world's greatest, if not the greatest male choirs, have aroused great local interest in the concert scheduled for November 23rd, at Faurot Opera House. Requests for tickets are coming in at this early date—indeed some tickets have been engaged before they were printed. The lower boxes are already pretty well filled. The Gomer people are planning for a special train, Venedocia has sent in a request for seats, a party is coming down from Toledo, and even from far off Oregon has come an order from an enthusiast who expects his business to bring him to Lima about Nov. 23. The following reasonable scale of prices for the concert of Nov. 23rd has been adopted: Lower boxes $1.50, upper boxes $1.25, lower floor in front of last four rows $1.00, last four rows lower floor and balcony, 75 cents. Every ticket entitles the holder to a reserved seat, without extra charge, in the section indicated on ticket. Box office will be open for reservation of seats on Nov. 21, 22 and 23. Out of town parties should write Mr. W. J. Davies, 533 south West street, Lima, Ohio, for tickets, enclosing price. Tickets on sale by Robert Peate, at Carter & Carroll's; by B. F. Thomas, at Thos. R. Jones & on; by Evan Evans, at J. J. Ewings and at Bower's bakery. d&w

DEMOCRATS: DO NOT OVERLOOK THE FACT THAT THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET IS FIRST ON THE OFFICIAL BALLOT THIS YEAR FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE AUSTRALIAN BALLOT SYSTEM WAS INTRODUCED INTO OHIO.

MAYER AND CRIDER.

The insurance and real estate firm of Mayer and Crider, successors to Kilgore and Cozad, formerly located in room 6 Holmes block, have located in their new quarters in room 8 Hohl block, second floor, over Newson-Bond Co., and solicit the business of their friends and public. 20-2t

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

In Wall Street

By EDITH M. DOANE

Copyright, 1906, by Ruby Douglas

Jack Bentley was permitting himself the luxury of a day off. He felt that he was entitled to it.

For a month past the situation had been too tense, the excitement too keen, for any thought beyond the whir of the ticker.

The firm of Curtice & Co., stock brokers, was the medium through which a wealthy syndicate had manipulated the stock market to its own advantage. Bentley, the junior partner of Curtice & Co., had labored steadily at his post on the floor of the exchange, cool and imperturbable in the midst of the rising storm, and only the day before the deal had been pulled off successfully.

And now upon this bright morning in early summer Jack Bentley was feeling decidedly well satisfied with life in general. His part of the transaction had been well handled, his share in the way of commissions was distinctly gratifying, and in addition he had cleaned up a neat little sum by going into the deal on his own hook.

It was getting well into July, and as Bentley's automobile whirled up Fifth avenue his mind turned longingly from the city, sweltering in midsummer heat, to the vision of a clubhouse in the heart of the Berkshire hills.

It was a picture often in his thoughts. The long, low, rambling clubhouse, with its old fashioned garden at one side, a little winding brook sparkling and splashing between clumps of fern and low banks, willow fringed; a girl, sweet and gracious, her white frock cool against a great moss covered bowlder, the sunlight falling through the leaves in flickering shadows on her soft, fair hair.

In the height of the fight he had received her letter. "You'd better come," she wrote. "It's as lovely as ever here," and at the end again, "Do come." He had smiled as he telegraphed his answer. There was no doubt of his attitude where Constance Elliott was concerned.

A great longing for country sights and sounds swept over him, for the woods and hills and her. A little while and he would have them. A few days' attention to straightening out the aftermath of the great fight and then—Constance had no parents to object, and even her old curmudgeon of a guardian—strange how he had always mistrusted that man—could not fail to be impressed by the tidy sum he had pulled out of the late deal.

Where Fifth avenue broadens into the plaza he mechanically lessened speed, his mind still with the girl in the Berkshires as the huge car turned smoothly into Central park.

And the first person his eyes lighted on was Constance Elliott.

The next instant he was before her, cap in hand, and she rose in astonishment to meet him. For a second they faced each other, he scarcely crediting the evidences of his senses, she coloring prettily and holding out one slim hand in cordial greeting.

"I phoned to your office this morning, but you were not there."

"Is anything wrong?" he asked uneasily.

"Nothing, except that I return to the country this afternoon at 3 o'clock, and I thought"—

"I am wondering," he interrupted, laughing uncertainly to cover his hurt, "why I might not have known you were in town?"

"But I wasn't, not until late last night, and Mr. Sheldon did not wish any one to know. He wired me yesterday to come at once. You know, he has managed everything for me just as much since I have been of age as he did before." She hesitated, flushing with excitement. "Jack," she cried, "it is a great secret, but I am going to be very rich."

He regarded her gravely.

"Through some stock deal," she went on, with feminine vagueness. "Perhaps you've heard of it. Mr. Sheldon has made ever so much money lately—yesterday—and I am to make a lot in the same way. He has all my securities. I gave them to him this morning."

"Do you mean you have given that man all your money?" Bentley blurted out.

Had Sheldon appropriated the girl's money to his own use? That same instant Bentley was sure of it. His brain, used to quick deductions, leaped from the rumor on the street that Sheldon had been badly hit to the sudden wire to Constance—the secrecy—the misrepresentation. These, coupled with the man's well known shrewdness, could mean only one thing. Sheldon had lost heavily and intended to recoup with Constance's money.

His first impulse was to tell her of the deception that was being practiced upon her. But she would not believe him. Besides, he was not absolutely certain of it and might alarm her needlessly.

How he accomplished what followed he never clearly knew. He heard a voice he hardly recognized as his own claiming a pressing engagement and begging her to lunch with him later.

He saw the surprise in her eyes succeeded by frank acceptance of his explanation, he heard each modulation of her dear voice as she promised to meet him, and then a moment later he was speeding toward lower Broadway. Once only did his pace lessen, and then only so long as took him to rush up the steps of his apartment and slip something small and shining into the pocket of his long, loose coat.

The situation from Sheldon's point of view was bad enough without the interference of Jack Bentley, who had entered his private office with scant ceremony.

"Mr. Sheldon," said that young man abruptly, "I learned an hour ago that you have, through misrepresentation, appropriated certain securities belonging to Miss Elliott."

For once Sheldon's self possession deserted him. "What he is this?" he cried, half rising from his chair.

"And," continued Bentley coolly, "I have come to get them and return them to her."

"I refuse to give them to you."

"You must."

"I am acting as her agent. By what right do you"—

Bentley leaned across the table. "Mr. Sheldon," he said grimly, "I have come for the papers and intend to get them."

Sheldon, his face livid, reached for the bell, only to find himself confronted by a gleaming pistol barrel surmounted by a white face with blazing, determined eyes.

"Stay where you are till I'm through with you," cried Bentley, at white heat. "Now give them to me."

"I will not."

"You shall!"

"I'll be ruined," gasped Sheldon.

"You'll be ruined if you don't. I'll have you arrested inside of an hour."

The beads of perspiration stood out on Sheldon's forehead. With trembling hands he opened a tin box and flung its contents malignantly across the table.

"Take them, — you!" he cried, with a bitter oath.

And so it was not until Miss Elliott sat opposite Bentley at a table at lunch that she learned how nearly she had been delivered from her "abundance of riches." She sat speechless, watching Bentley with beautiful, horrified eyes as he laid bare the deception that had been practiced upon her, touching lightly upon his own part in the affair.

"Oh," she said in an unsteady voice, "what can I say to you? I want to thank you. I cannot—I do not know how"—

He leaned forward, his eyes holding hers across the flowers on the center of the table.

"I know," he said under his breath, "but I dare not ask—it is so much"—

She colored a delicious pink, but her eyes met his bravely.

"There is nothing—that could be—too much," she said.

Crows In Nesting Time.

While it is a fact that in places the crow is not destructive to an important degree, it will be a long time before he will be considered a friend of either the farmer or the sportsman—perhaps never. And all the arguments that may be advanced in favor of the crow will not save him from being shot at; killing is a different matter. While those who have grown morbid from reading new nature stuff go to extremes concerning crows, or anything else for that matter, sportsmen as a rule permit the crow to live in peace during the nesting season. It is merely a question of fairness that dictates their actions in this. It stands to reason that the sportsman who avoids fishing during the spawning season and protects game and game birds in the summer will not molest a crow when it has little ones in the nest that would starve if the old birds were killed. But after the young birds have grown strong enough to take care of themselves and all of this black race have resumed active operations against the agriculturist and other birds they must take care of themselves if found guilty of marauding.—Field and Stream.

Disraeli's Ideal of Greatness.

When Disraeli was curly and smart and comparatively unknown, he visited the Royal Exchange of Liverpool in company with Duncan Stewart, a leading merchant of the city. It was at high noon and the exchange was thronged by merchants. The scene so impressed the young member of parliament that he said to Mr. Stewart:

"My ideal of greatness would be that a man should receive the applause of such an assemblage as this—that he should be cheered as he came into this room."

Disraeli went in and came out unnoticed, but several years later he again visited the Liverpool exchange in company with Mr. Stewart. His entrance was greeted by a cheer which spread into a roar and ended in an ovation. The testimony to his political prominence deeply moved Disraeli, who, recalling to Mr. Stewart the remark he had made years before, said, "My ideal test of greatness has been realized."

Courting In the Tyrol.

Tyrolean maidens are by old custom spared the necessity of giving tongue to their "aye" or "no." The first time a young man pays a visit as an avowed suitor he brings with him a bottle of wine, of which he pours out a glass and offers it to the object of his affections. In any case she will not refuse it point blank—that would be too gross an insult—but should the wooer not be agreeable to her or his declaration come a little too prematurely she declines the proffered wine, pleading that it looks sour or that wine disagrees with her or any other excuse that feminine ingenuity may suggest. If she likes the lad and is equal to owning it she empties the glass, taking care not to spill any of the wine, for if she does so or the glass or bottle be broken it is an unhappy omen. "They have spilt the wine between them," say the peasants when the marriage turns out badly.

Whenever you have any sympathy to bestow, direct it towards the young woman who never used Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea or Tablets, 35 cents. H. F. Vortkamp.

ELECTION DAY IS ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER SIXTH.

His Self Invited Guests

[Original.]

Paul Gridley, junior partner in the firm of Johnson, Stokes & Co., having gone to N. to collect a long outstanding account and having received a check for $10,002.50, drew the money from bank and went to his hotel with it. Having other business at N. to transact the next day, he was obliged to remain overnight. During the afternoon he took a walk to kill time and met a man who as he passed sang out: "Hello, Gridley. What are you doing here?" Gridley stopped to look at the man, whom he did not recognize, but he passed on, saying that he was in a hurry.

That evening while Gridley was sitting in his room a card was brought up to him bearing the name "Joseph Condon."

He was looking at the card, trying to place the man whose name it bore, when the door was pushed open, and Mr. Condon entered.

"Don't know that you remember me, Mr. Gridley," he said. "I've seen you at the store often and have bought a lot of goods of your concern. The truth is, I've come up here on a matter of business and was hurrying to get through when I met you on the street. Couldn't manage it and had to stay over in this beastly town, where I don't know a soul. I thought of you and hunted you up."

"I can't exactly place you," said Gridley. "There are so many customers coming and going that I can't remember them all. Besides, I have charge of the accounts and don't do much selling."

Mr. Condon settled himself in a chair and talked volubly on general subjects, while Mr. Gridley did most of the listening. Presently up came another card with the name "Robert C. Perry," a name Gridley did not recognize any more than that of Mr. Condon. He, however, directed that the newcomer should be shown to his room. Mr. Condon, who seemed to have settled himself to a pleasant evening, looked annoyed at being disturbed. Mr. Perry was a florid man, with a pleasant smile, and came in joyfully. Gridley rose to receive him.

"Beg pa'don for trespassing, Mr. Gridley," he said effusively; "but, seeing your name on the register from my native place, I ventured to send you my card with a view to asking about some of my old friends."

"I shall be very happy to serve you, Mr. Perry. This is Mr. Condon. Mr. Condon, Mr. Perry. I suppose we are all bored at being in a strange town and should help each other out."

The three sat down together amicably. Mr. Perry asked about several of his old friends, but Mr. Gridley didn't happen to know any of them. Mr. Condon produced cigarettes. Mr. Perry took one, but Mr. Gridley said he never smoked.

Mr. Perry asked permission to order up cocktails, which was granted, though Mr. Gridley said he never drank. Mr. Perry, however, told the waiter to bring three cocktails. When they came he took one of them to the gas jet, saying that he thought there was "something in it." Finding something, he took the other two glasses there on the tray for inspection. Finally he was satisfied and set them on the table. Mr. Condon drank one, but Mr. Gridley steadily refused. This was not remarkable, for he was superintendent of a Sunday school and never drank a drop of any liquor. This left the two strangers to accept each other's hospitalities. Both remonstrated at the position they were placed in as guests, using a host's room to treat themselves in, but Gridley was immovable. Mr. Perry puffed away on Mr. Condon's cigarette, and Mr. Condon drank Mr. Perry's cocktail.

Presently Gridley noticed that the conversation was growing a trifle heavy. He looked at his self invited guests and saw that they were both looking drowsy.

"I fancy," he said, "that you gentlemen are no more used to liquor than I, judging from the effects of one glass."

Mr. Condon tried to make a jovial reply, but while doing so his head fell upon the back of his chair, and he snored. Mr. Perry attempted to go to the window, but fell over on the bed. Gridley summoned an attendant, the clerk was called, and, Gridley having explained the circumstances, the two men were taken to another room. How they could have got drunk on one cocktail no one could explain. It was surmised that they had been drinking before the call.

The next morning Mr. Gridley left the hotel early and did not return to it before taking the train for home. On the next Sunday morning before going to his Sunday school, taking up a paper, he was surprised to read:

"Our esteemed fellow citizen, Mr. Paul C. Gridley, while recently visiting N. received two callers who it is supposed intended to drug and rob him. Drinks were ordered and cigarettes were smoked. The police were looking for both guests and arrested them at the hotel the next morning. They are two notorious crooks who, unknown to each other, attempted the same game. One drugged the other's liquor, and the other produced a drugged cigarette. Since Mr. Gridley does not drink or smoke he escaped."

Mr. Gridley went to his church, gathered all the boys of the Sunday school in one room and gave them in his recent experience a fine illustration of the value of abstinence from smoke and liquor, inasmuch as he had saved $10,000 by refusing both. He was, however, later summoned to appear before the vestry to explain how drinks came to be served in his room.

AUSTIN A. KINGSLEY.

The world will sometimes stand for a woman Lovely Character, but will not stand for a Lovely Character who wears trousers.

WOODEN RAILROADS

THE FIRST CRUDE METHODS USED IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Tracks Were Merely Stout Planks or Maybe Blocks of Stone—The Flange Was Invented Toward the End of the Seventeenth Century.

It is not known with any certainty when the first pair of parallel tracks for wheeled traffic was laid down in Great Britain or whether it was of wood or of stone. Perhaps the former is the more probable, the material being found everywhere and its long shape being much more suggestive of fitness for such a purpose than stone. But so long as each neighborhood produced everything it wanted such things were not needed. At last the destruction of timber near London made the use of coal indispensable. This could only be conveyed by sea, and one of the few places where it could be got with the limited appliances and skill of those days was the valley of the Tyne, just above and below Newcastle. About 300 years ago a considerable trade in coal for shipment began there, which soon led to difficulties as to getting it from the mines into the boats. The distances were small, but the art of roadmaking had died out and in bad weather pack horses could not carry enough to render their use profitable. Some unknown benefactor to his species at last laid down two parallel lines of timber for carts to run on. Probably they were merely stout planks at first, but the sinking at the joints would soon suggest that other planks should be placed under them, the structure then becoming fairly efficient. When flanges, either on the wheels or the rails, were first invented or by whom is not known, but it was apparently toward the end of the seventeenth century.

Those wooden railroads seem to have survived throughout the greater part of the following century, and even into the nineteenth in some cases. The Middleton colliery railroad at Leeds, for instance, was of wood until it was relaid for the use of Blenkinsop's rack rail engines. These were started in 1812 and were unquestionably the first commercially successful locomotives. Many other wooden railroads had existed in the same neighborhood for fifty or sixty years previously, and no doubt in other colliery districts as well. One was laid down near Sheffield, for instance, so early as about 1712 from the Duke of Norfolk's colliery at The Manor into the town, nearly one and one-half miles down hill. It lasted till 1775, when it was destroyed in a riot. Next year it was reconstructed with the first cast iron flanged rails by James Outram, their inventor. A wooden railroad long existed at Bath. It was laid down in 1731 by Ralph Allen, who, having gained a fortune by postoffice contracts, acquired and developed extensive quarries of the celebrated Bath oolite stone on Combe down. These being at a great height and away from any regular mode of transit, it became necessary to devise a means of bringing down such a heavy material. The wooden railroad occupied the site of what is now called Prior Park road and was laid partly upon low walls and partly on the ground, "like the wagon ways belonging to the collieries in the north of England."

The colliery lines about Newcastle used in the eighteenth century rails of beech wood, carefully planed on the top and pegged down to crosspieces, which were even then termed "sleepers." Longitudinal timbers in addition were sometimes used, the extra height being of use in enabling the cross sleepers to be well covered up and protected from the action of the horses' feet. There were usually two lines of rails, the descending one being called the main way, the other the byway.

The cars held a Newcastle chaldron, or fifty-three hundredweight, 5,936 pounds. They were built of fir planks, strengthened with iron straps, and had oak or ash soles. They sloped forward, having slightly larger wheels at that end, which was found to ease the draft. These wheels were of cast iron, the rear pair being made solid of pieces of beech wood dovetailed and clamped together. It was supposed that brakes held better on wood than on iron. Some of these wooden lines ended in a short timber viaduct, where the land sloped much to the river, leading to a shipping quay, from which the coal could either be discharged at once down a chute into the "keel" or barge which carried it to the ships or stored if no keels were at hand. The wagons opened below to effect this.

In going down hill with a loaded wagon the horse followed behind, so that he might not be knocked down if it got beyond control, which is said to have happened rather frequently. The drivers generally owned the horses, often of a miserable description, and were paid by the trip or "gait."—Railroad Gazette.

Nests on the Water.

It is almost unthinkable that a bird should build a nest on the water. Yet that is exactly what the grebes always do. With reeds, grass and plant stems the grebe makes a regular floating island, somewhat hollowed out on top, usually near the open water of a marshy or reedy lake. We have several kinds of grebes, but their nests are much alike, sometimes moored to the reeds, but usually floating freely on the water.—St. Nicholas.

The Finish.

"What is a finishing school?"

"It is a place where girls who have any lingering respect for their parents go to have it removed."—Life.

How slowly barbers work on Saturday! And now many men ahead of you got their hair cut and whiskers trimmed on Saturday!

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FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR—C. H. MOSIER.

FOR SURVEYOR—CHAS. E. CRAIG.

PERSONAL EQUATION.

"Speaking of extravagance," said the fluffy young thing comfortably ensconced in the steamer chair, "there must be an awful lot of good that goes to waste on a big ship like this."

"It seems so to you the first day you are out," responded the pale and languid Algy, "but think how much they save during the days when you are slowly recovering!"—Chicago Tribune.

Certain Cure for Croup—Used for Ten Years Without a Failure.

Mr. W. C. Bott, a Star City, Ind., hardware merchant, is enthusiastic in his praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. His children have all been subject to croup and he has used this remedy for the past ten years, and though they much feared the croup, his wife and he always felt safe upon retiring when a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was in the house. His oldest child was subject to severe attacks of croup, but this remedy never failed to effect a speedy cure. He has recommended it to friends and neighbors and all who have used it say that it is unequaled for croup and whooping cough. For sale by all druggists.

MONEY QUESTION.

Jack—"What's the difference between the odor of a rose and a counterfeit copper?"

Dick—"I hate to give up anything with money in it, but I do. What's the answer?"

Jack—"One is a good scent and the other isn't."—The Bohemian.

Human Blood Marks.

A tale of horror was told by marks of human blood in the home of J. W. Williams, a well known merchant of Bac, Ky. He writes: "Twenty years ago I had severe hemorrhages of the lungs, and was near death when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery. It completely cured me and I have remained well ever since." It cures Hemorrhages, Chronic Coughs, Settled Colds and Bronchitis, and is the only known cure for Weak Lungs. Every bottle guaranteed by H. F. Vortkamp, druggist. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

SHIRKING HIS DUTY.

"You didn't register, Throggins? Too busy?"

"No. I wasn't too busy to register, but when I learned the size of the ballot I saw I was going to be too busy to vote."—Chicago Tribune.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At 4½ per cent. to 5 per cent. FROM ONE TO TEN YEARS, in sums of $500 and upward on FARM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPERTY. Privilege of paying $100, or any multiple thereof, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE.

THE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO., LOUIS H. ROGERS. Rooms 415-417 Opera House Block.

JOHN M. BOOSE,

Real Estate and General Insurance Agency, 200-201 Black Block.

City property, vacant lots, business locks and mercantile propositions for sale. Houses to rent. Rents collected and estates managed. Notary public. Fire, plate glass, health and accident, steam boiler and employees liability insurance. YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST, with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call

C. H. FOLSOM, Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 7 and 8, Holmes Block.

LIMA AND TOLEDO TRACTION COMPANY.

In Effect August 12th 1906.

Between Lima and Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Local trains leave Lima making all stops to Ft. Wayne as follows: 6:05 a. m., 8:05 a.m., 10:05 a.m., 12:05 p.m., 2:05 p.m., 4:05 p.m., 6:05 p.m., 9:05 p. m. Car at 11:05 p. m. running to Van Wert.

Five fast limited trains leave Lima as follows, stopping at Elida Delphos Van Wert, Convoy, Monroeville, New Haven and Ft. Wayne. Leave Lima at 7:05 a.m., 9:05 a.m., 1:05 p.m., 3:05 p. m., 7:05 p. m. These cars of superb equipment operating on a finely stone ballasted track, make speed, comfort and safety that is unexcelled. Lima to Ft. Wayne in two hours. The same service operates Ft. Wayne to Lima.

North and South connections are made for Indianapolis, Marion, Kokomo, Muncie, Logansport, in fact nearly all Indiana and Michigan points.

Many fine sites for picnics and excursions. Call upon agents for information or apply to F. A. Burkhardt, D. P. and F. A., office 119 west Market street, Lima, O., both phones.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Ex. Doc. 28, page 241.

Frank Morris, plaintiff vs. John Settlemire, defendant, Allen common pleas.

By virtue of execution, issued from the court of common pleas, of Putnam county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale on the farm described below, Allen county, Ohio, on Monday the 5th day of November, 1906, between the hours of 10 a. m. o'clock and 12 o'clock m., the following described lands and tenements, situated in Monroe town, Allen county, state of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Seventy bushels of corn (more or less) in shock, said corn being on the farm of Samuel S. Drew, section 17, Monroe township, Allen Co., Ohio, on the Columbus Grove and Cairo road, taken as the property of John Settlemire.

Appraised at $27.00. Tedms of sale, cash.

H. VAN GUNTEN, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, Oct. 25, 1906.

C. C. Rimer, Plaintiff's Attorney. 13-2wks-th-fri

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 12772; Ex Doc. 5; Page 12772.

A. E. Manning, Gaur., plaintiff vs Nellie Robertson et al., defendant, Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of writ of sale, issued from the court of common pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on Saturday, November the 10th, A. D. 1906. Between the hours of 10 a. m. o'clock and 12 o'clock m., the following described lands and tenements, situated in the City of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

In lot number seventeen (17) old number being in lot number nine hundred and thirty-one (931) new number in Overmeyers Addition to said City of Lima, Allen County, Ohio.

Appraised at $1,800. Terms of Sale: One third cash, one third in one year, one third in two years. To be secured by mortgage.

H. VAN GUNTEN, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, October 13th, 1906.

Mottor, Mackenzie & Weadock, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

ost13-fri&sat-tt.

LEGAL NOTICE.

It appears from the return service of notice that the following persons were not found, and they will hereby take notice that a resolution was adopted by the city council on September 4, 1906, declaring it necessary to construct sidewalks on certain streets: On Boyer street, lot No. 1545, Margaret Naus, owner; on north Broadway, lot 3952, F. C. Lewis, owner; lot No. 3961, Ellen Mulchi, owner; on west Wayne street, lots No. 5135, 5136, F. Wendler, owner; on Ohio street, lot 5151, R. J. Remagen, owner. By order of the City Council.

oc26 no2 O. J. ROSE, Clerk.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Henry Cary, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Henry Cary, late of Allen County, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 31st day of October, A. D. 1906.

THORN W. MITCHELL. oct31,3wks

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Dana C. Call, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Dana C. Call, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 18th day of October, A. D. 1906.

HENRY S. CALL, Administrator of the Estate of Dana C. Call, deceased. oct19-3wks

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids for the erection of a fire and police headquarters' building for the city of Limafl Ohio; and separate bids for the plumbing, the heating system and the electrical work for the same building, will be received at the office of the Board of Public Safety of the city of Lima, Ohio, up to noon, November 12, 1906.

Plans and specifications will be on exhibition at the offices of the architects, Dawson and McLaughlin, room 14, Central building, Lima, Ohio.

All bids must be made on forms furnished by the architects.

The Board of Public Safety reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

S. M. FLETCHER, Pres.
E. R. FOSTER, Clerk.
JOHN W. SHANAHAN, Directors of Public Safety.

Nov2-9-10

ERIE EXCURSIONS.

The cheap one way rates to California will be sold only in October. Special round trip and one way tickets on sale October 16th, November 6th and 20th, to points in the west and south. For information call phones No. 60.

W. S. MORRISON, Agent.

d&w-oct12-nov5

Pinesalve cleanses wounds, is highly antiseptic, unequaled for cracked hands. Good for cuts. Sold by H. Vortkamp's drug store.

RAILROAD TIME CARDS

THE LIMA ROUTE.

The Western Ohio Railway Company, in Effect August 25, 1906. Limited Trains.

LEAVE LIMA	FOR	ARRIVE LIMA
	Bluffton	
	Findlay	
8:02 a.m.	Fostoria	8:30 a.m.
10:02 a.m.	Tiffin	10:30 a.m.
12:02 p.m.	Mortimer	12:30 p.m.
2:02 p.m.	N. Baltimore	2:30 p.m.
4:02 p.m.	Cygnet	4:30 p.m.
6:02 p.m.	Portage	6:30 p.m.
8:02 p.m.	Bowling Gr.	8:30 p.m.
	Maumee	10:35 p.m.
	Toledo	

Connecting at Toledo for Detroit, Mt. Clemens, Port Huron, Kalamazoo, Bryan, Wauseon, Adrian, Pioneer, Fremont, Lakeside, Norwalk, Sandusky, Vermillion, Lorain, Elyria, Oberlin and Cleveland.

LEAVE LIMA	FOR	ARRIVE LIMA
	Wapakoneta	
	St. Marys	
8:35 a.m.	Celina	7:57 a.m.
10:35 a.m.	Minster	9:57 a.m.
12:35 p.m.	New Bremen	11:57 a.m.
2:35 p.m.	Sidney	1:57 p.m.
4:35 p.m.	Piqua	3:57 p.m.
6:35 p.m.	Troy	5:57 p.m.
8:35 p.m.	Dayton	7.57 p.m.
10:35 p.m.	to Wapak only	10:00 p.m.
	Indianapolis	
	Cincinnati	

Connecting at Dayton for Richmond, Anderson, Muncie, Greenville, Xenia, Middletown, Hamilton.

Connecting at Troy for Springfield, Urbana, London, Columbus, Newark, Zanesville, Lancaster, Circleville and Chillicothe.

Local Trains.

FOR Cridersvile, Wapakoneta, St. Marys, Celina, Minster, New Bremen, Botkins, Anna, Sidney, Piqua and all country stops leave Lima at 6:30 a.m., 7:30, 9:30, 11:30, 1:30 p.m., 3:30, 5:30, 7:30, 9:30 and 11:37 p.m., 12 m. and 12:37 a.m. Last three cars to Cridersville and Wapakoneta only.

Local Trains.

FOR Beaverdam, Bluffton, Mt. Cory, Rawson, Findlay and all country stops leave Lima at 5:57 a.m., 7:05, 9:05, 11:05, 1:05 p.m., 3:05, 5:05, 7:05, 9:05, 10:10, and 11:05 p. m.

Ask Agents for Information.

ERIE RAILROAD.

In effect June 24, 1906.

EAST BOUND.

No.		
*8	New York express	3:42 a.m.
x22	Marion-Columbus acc.	8:21 a.m.
4	New York & Boston vestibule limited	5:05 p.m.
x14	Wells Fargo Ex	9:45 p.m.
*10	Chautauqua & Buffalo limited	11:06 p.m.

WEST BOUND.

No.		
7	Chicago Express	12:35 a.m.
*2	Chicago limited	2:03 a.m.
x21	Chicago acc.	8:42 a.m.
8	Chicago vestibule lim.	11:47 a.m.
x13	Wells Fargo Ex.	4:41 p.m.

*Daily.
xDaily except Sunday.
aDaily except Monday.
Phone No. 60-3 rings.

W. S. MORRISON, Ticket Agt.
O. L. ENOS, T. P. A., Marion, O.

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON.

NORTH BOUND.

No.		Leave.
2	daily	2:05 a.m.
14	daily except Sunday	5:30 a.m.
2	daily except Sunday	8:00 a.m.
6	daily	11:50 a.m.
4	daily	4:30 p.m.
8	daily	6:45 p.m.
10	daily ex. Sunday (runs to Lima only)	9:45 p.m.
60	Sunday only	6:43a.m.
68	Sunday only (run to Lima only)	10:00 p.m.

SOUTH BOUND.

7	daily	8:00 a.m.
11	daily ex. Sunday	5:35 a.m.
1	daily	9:30 a.m.
5	daily	12:40 p.m.
3	daily	4:15 p.m.
9	Daily	6:10 p.m.
13	daily ex. Sunday (runs to Lima only)	8:45 p.m.
63	Sunday only	5:35 a.m.

NEW SCHEDULE.

Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway, effective Feb. 11th, 1906.

Going North.

No. 5, 11:44 a. m. daily ex. Sunday.

From east Lima.

No. 44, local freight 6:15 a. m. daily except Sunday.

Going South.

No. 1, 3:30 p. m. daily ex. Sunday.

No. 45, local freight, 5:30 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 1 connects at Slater with T. & O. C. No. 18 for Bellefontaine, and Columbus. At Washington, C. H., with C. H. & D., for Chillicothe, and south, and with B. & O. for Midland City and Cincinnati.

J. J. KIRBY, G. P. A.

COLUMBUS & LAKE MICHIGAN RAILROAD.

To take effect Sept 1st, 1906.

North	Stations	South.
3:30 p.m.	Lima	9:33 a.m.
3:52 p.m.	Gomer	9:14 a.m.
3:59 p.m.	Jones City	9:03 a.m.
4:06 p.m.	*Scits	8:56 a.m.
4:21 p.m. ar	Kalida lv.	8:35 a.m.
4:24 p.m. lv	Kalida ar.	8:19 a.m.
:40 p.m.	Donnelson lv	8:11 a.m.
	ar	8:09 a.m.
4:46 p.m.	*Leon	7:53 a.m.
4:53 p.m. ar	Continental lv	7:46 a.m.
5:04 p.m. lv	Continental ar	7:36 a.m.
5:15 p.m.	*Rice	7:07 a.m.
5:22 p.m.	*Southerton	7:00 a.m.
5:40 p.m.	Defiance	6:45 a.m.

*Flag station.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Four Hundred Years Ago

DANDELION WAS USED BY THE ARABS AS A BLOOD PURIFIER. TODAY IT IS USED BY EVERY MEDICAL MAN THROUGHOUT THE WORLD BECAUSE EVERY PHYSICIAN KNOWS THAT IT IS ONE OF THE MOST VALUABLE AND EFFECTIVE OF ALL NATURE'S REMEDIES. ON MOST PRESCRIPTIONS FOR PILLS AND TABLETS YOU WILL SEE THE WORDS EXT. TARAX, Q. S., THIS MEANS EXTRACT OF DANDELION, SUFFICIENT QUANTITY. A DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION COSTS YOU ANYWHERE FROM $1.00 TO $5.00 AND IT IS GENERALLY WORTH THE MONEY. DR. EDWARD'S DANDELION TABLETS OR PILLS COST 25 CENTS FOR A BOX OF THIRTY AND THEY ARE ALWAYS WORTH THE MONEY BECAUSE THEY ARE A CERTAIN CURE FOR THOSE DISEASES FOR WHICH THEY ARE RECOMMENDED.

GET A TRIAL PACKAGE FREE OF COST FROM THE DRUG STORE NAMED BELOW AND TEST THEM YOURSELF.

What Dandelion Tablets and Pills Are.

Everybody knows that Dandelion is the most valuable of all Nature's remedies. Well, Dr. Edward's Tablets and Pills are simply common dandelion (Taraxicum) in a concentrated form, combined with other harmless ingredients of purely vegetable matter. They are one of the very few proprietary medicines endorsed by the medical profession. If your physician desires to know what these preparations contain, have him write us and we will gladly send him the information together with the name of the expert chemist who superintends their manufacture.

CALL AT DRUG STORE FOR FREE TRIAL PACKAGE.

Diseases Cured by Dandelion Tablets and Pills.

CONSTIPATION.

In constipation the Tablets act as a mild cathartic; the Pills are slightly stronger, but both tablets and pills act upon the mucous membranes of the intestines, therefore their action is absolutely sure and also for this reason they never gripe or cause the least discomfort. They are equally good for children as well as adults, because they are a tonic and do not produce any unnatural condition of the bowels.

Stomach Trouble.

The Tablets are the best to use in cases of stomach trouble which take the form of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, etc. because they tone up the system and stimulate the flow of gastric juice, thus very effectively aiding the digestive organs to perform their proper functions. Their mildly cathartic action also relieves the stomach of all refuse and undigested matter.

Kidney Trouble and Rheumatism.

All Kidney trouble and nearly every case of Rheumatism is due to the presence of uric acid in the blood. Dr. Edward's Dandelion Pills through their direct action upon the liver and kidneys restore these organs to a sound and healthy condition. The uric acid then passes away through the natural channel and the blood becomes pure again and free from all poisonous matter.

We only guarantee to cure Rheumatism when it is caused by the presence of uric acid in the blood. We have cured hundreds of cases because this is usually the cause of rheumatic affections.

Liver Trouble.

Through their direct and immediate action upon the liver Dr. Edward's Dandelion Tablets and Pills induce a natural flow of bile. This relieves the congested condition of the liver and enables it to perform its important work of keeping the bowels and stomach in a healthy condition.

Nervous Trouble.

It is well to remember that disordered nerves are nearly always caused by a disordered stomach. We do not make a specialty of nervous troubles unless they are caused by stomach trouble—then we cure them permanently.

Stomach and Liver Trouble Cured.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 20, 1906.

SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO.

Dear Sirs:—I have used your Dandelion Tablets for my liver and stomach. I think they have entirely cured me. I am very thankful to you.

MRS. RICHARD PENNEL.

Endorsed by Physicians.

THE SCHENK CHEMICAL CO.

Gentlemen:—I have used your Dandelion Tablets and Pills myself and in my family with very gratifying results, and have the evidence of others, who have used them, and all praise them. They should be in every family, for I believe they are all you claim for them. As a superior cathartic, and for all kidney and liver diseases, also diabetes, I know of nothing better.

Yours truly,

Detroit, Mich. DR. G. A. CLEMENT.

Rheumatism Cured.

310 East 43rd Street.
Chicago, Ills., July 2, 1906.

SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO.

Dear Sirs:—For about seven years I have been tortured with rheumatism. I had it in my arms and joints so badly that I could scarcely raise my hands to my head or walk on my feet. But now, thanks to your wonderful Dandelion Tablets, I have not had a pain in six months, which I consider remarkable, as I had suffered so long. I want to recommend it to all suffering from this painful and irritating disease.

MS. J. W. RIPPERGER.

BOTH TABLETS AND PILLS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 25c.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON.

Please give the bearer

.. ..

One trial package of Dr. Edward's Dandelion Tablets.

..I. A. & D. Co.

Wholesale Distributors

Industrial Advertising and Distributing Co., Wellsville, N. Y.

WM. M. MELVILLE, DRUGGIST, LIMA, OHIO.

EEK IN THE OIL FIELDS OF CENTRAL WEST

f the Drill Is Going Merrily on.

f the District Where is Being Found in ing Quantities.

LEUM OUTLOOK.

f Illionis Continue to e Center of Inter- t and Activity.

ompleted and Fail- Recorded for Week Closed in West.

n. Ills . Nov. 3 —Some per- is made an effort to write or a Terre Haute publica that many farms in Illi- ing ruined because opera- re drilling for gas and oil plugged abandoned wells, salt water to run over the This is indeed news, for ct to learn of any farm been ruined in this man- paper also says "In Illi- is no law governing the of plugging abandoned lls is gross ignorance, for passed May 16, 1905, a which reads as follows fore the casing shall be any well for the purpose ment thereof, which has l into any gas or oil bear- shall be the duty of any m or corporation having or control of such well e of such abandonment, owner or owners of the in such well is situated, to ld securely stop and plug n the following manner first to be solidly filled ottom thereof to a point enty feet above such oil or gas bearing rock, with sand, gravel or pulverized rock, immediately on the top of which filling shall be seated a dry wood plug not less than two feet in length, having a diameter of not less than one-fourth of an inch less than the inside diameter of the casing in such well Above such wooden plug such well shall be solidly filled for at least 25 feet with the above such plug with such filling material. After the casing has been drawn from such well there shall immediately be seated at the point where such casing was seated a cast iron ball or tapered wood plug at least two feet in length, the diameter of which ball or the top of which wood plug shall be greater than that of the hole below the point where such casing was seated, and above such ball or plug such well shall be solidly filled to top of well with aforesaid material"

As a penalty for violating the above a fine of $100 can be collected for each ten days the law is not complied with.

To fulfil the above requirements of plugging an abandoned well it takes about the same length of time as it does to drill the well from the surface to the oil bearing strata.

Big Land Deal.

Allen Newlin of Hutsonville, in Hutsonville township, Crawford county, has just purchased the farm of Wm Houpt, a tract of 604 acres just north of Hutsonville for a consideration of $70 per acre, or $42,-280 Upon the tract is a beautiful residence of the colonial type. The land adjoins the Wabash river, and may yet be in the Illinois oil field as no developments have as yet been made that shows that it contains no crude oil or gas.

The Robinson Field.

Robinson is not the healthiest place in the country just now, owing to the large number of cases of diphtheria reported Two cases have resulted in deaths, and the schools of the active oil town have been closed. The health board is doing all in its power and a strict quarantine is being maintained on all infected places and thorough fumigation and disinfection is being made in such places

In Robinson township, Crawford county, the Guncheon Oil & Gas Co's No 3 on the J. Warnock farm. section 36. is reported as showing a production of 150 barrels the first 24 hours The same parties have drilled in No. 1, on the Wm. Warnock farm, marked on the map as the E Brubaker farm, in the southeast quarter of section 35, and its production amounted to 200 barrels the first 24 hours.

S E. Hollern has drilled in a 50 barrel producer in No 7 on the Geo Walters farm, section 1. The Northwestern Oil Co's No. 2, on the J. Z. Price farm, section 8, produced 50 barrels, The Red Bank Oil Co's No. 2, D. C. Wilson farm, section 8, produced 5 barrels, while No. 1, was a duster The Minnetonka Oil Co.'s test on the D. Kirk farm, in the northeast quarter of section 17, came in a dry hole. S. E Hollern's No 8, Geo Walters farm, section 1, is showing for a century producer, as is the National Oil Co.'sNo. 1, R. R Johnson farm, section 5.

In Prairie Township.

In Prairie township, Crawford county, the Ohio Oil Co's No. 2, G. W. Lewis farm, in the northeast quarter of section 31, produced 200 barrels. Same company's No. 5, M. N. Boeman farm, section 31, produced 40 barrels No 3, on this farm, produced 75 barrels, and No. 4, only 20 barrels.

Baxter & Barnsdall Daughters have drilled in Nos. 2 and 3, on the S D. Akeman farm, section 36, and they produced 15 barrels each

The Annin Oil Co. has struck a rich spot on the C. E. Price farm, in the southwest quarter of section 32 No 1 well started at 200 barrels, and No. 2, at 225 barrels Clint Newlin's No. 2, on the John Krise farm, section 5, pumped 35 barrels. The Gillespie Oil Co.'s No. 1 on the R A. Bidle farm, section 25, pumped 35 barrels. The Freehold Oil & Gas Co.'s No. 2, B. F. Dugan farm, section 2, produced 100 barrels.

Some Strings Still at Work.

While reports are that there is a shut down in the Illinois oil field, the late completions show that a few strings of drilling tools are still at work, and that a great many new wells are being drilled in. Operators are shutting down work gradually and expect to do but little development work this coming winter, but with the opening up of spring there will be a wild rush for the crude. The Sucker state has accumulated a most wonderful production since opened up a year ago, but the production is not as large as one would guess The wells are large, but they have had no opportunity to produce regularly and until they are produced regularly for at least a month, no one can even guess what the staying qualities of the field will be. How the sand will keep up its large production is a mystery to all owing to its shallow depth.

The pipe line company is laying lines to the various leases so as to be in shape to care for the production as soon as the trunk line to Preble, Indiana, is completed. The pipe line company has made remarkable strides in rushing through their lines in the field.

In Oblong Township.

In Oblong township, Crawford county, the Red Bank Oil Co.'s Nos 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, Sally Carlisle farm, section 16, produced 120, 170, 70, 100 and 180 barrels respectively. Same company's No. 3, J. L. Riker farm, section 15, produced 100 barrels. Same company's No. 3, J. H Wood farm, section 33, and east of Oblong along the Illinois Central railroad, is listed among the dusters. Same company's No. 6, J. C. Martin farm, section 15, pumped 20 barrels, and No. 2, M. A. Whitmer farm, section 33, pumped 25 barrels. Same company's No. 5, J. H Lackey farm, section 10, produced 120 barrels. Same company's No. 1, J. B. Hook farm, section 31, pumped 30 barrels, and two more rigs are up on the same farm.

The Minnetonka Oil Co.'s No. 5, Moses Dedrick farm, section 17, pumped 40 barrels, and No. 6 pumped 25 barrels. Same company's Nos. 5, 8 and 9, J. Riker farm, section 15, produced 80, 60 and 150 barrels respectively, while Nos. 3, 4, 6 and 7 are on top the sand Same company's No. 1, D. R Kirtlend farm, section 5, is good for 10 barrels, and No. 1, Chas. Baldwin farm, section 17, produced better than 100 barrels. Same company's No. 4, J. H Taylor farm, section 15, produced 50 barrels, and No. 3, J. W. Imbodden farm, section 10, about 100 barrels. Same company's No 1, L. Perkins farm, in the northwest quarter of section 17, produced 30 barrels, and No. 1, C F. Randolph farm, in the northeast quarter of the same section, about 25 barries.

E M. Treat and others Nos 9, 10, 11 and 12, Birch farm, section 11, produced 100, 200, 150 and 100 barrels respectively Same firm's Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, Jacob Good farm, same section, produced 500, 130, 90, 120, 600 60 and 25 barrels respectively.

The Mahutska Oil Co.'s Nos. 8, 9 and 10, Dan Bond farm, section 10, produced 75, 150 and 250 barrels respectively. Same company's No 2, Notherly farm, section 8, pumped 35 barrels Same company's Nos. 3 and 4, C. Shire farm, section 10, produced 100 barrels each. Same company's Nos. 8, 9 and 10, P Miller farm, section 14, are credited with producing 50 barrels each, with the exception of No. 10 which flowed 300 barrels Same company's No. 6, F. D Walker farm, section 15, produced 150 barrels.

I. E. Ackerly, trustees No. 2, J. Riker farm, section 15, produced 100 barrels. Same parties No. 1, C. Wekeman farm, section 8, produced 125 barrels. Same parties No. 1, J. W Imbodden farm, section 10, produced 10 barrels

The Fisher Oil Co.'s Nos. 4, 5 and 6, D Miller farm, section 2, produced about 60 barrels each, while No 7 was a duster.

The Crescent Oil & Gas Co.'s No. 6, C. Baldwin farm, section 17, produced 65 barrels, and No. 7 about 25 barrels. Same company's No. 1, John Best farm, in the southeast quarter of section 29, produced 20 barrels.

S. G. Coffin's No. 5, S H, Davidson farm, section 33, produced 100 barrles, and No. 6 about 250 barrels

Copelin, Fetzer and others have a 20 barrel pumper in No. 1, Anna Martin farm, in the southwest quarter of section 16, and a 7 barrel pumper in No. 2, same farm.

Lord, Dyer and others or the Houghton Farm Oil Co.'s Nos 7, 8 and 9, L. F. Houghton farm, section 33, produced 75, 175 and 300 barrels respectively.

Jennings Bros. and others No. 3, J. McCrillis farm, section 5, produced 100 barrels, and No. 4, about 300 barrels Same firm's No. 1, on the Hart heirs farm, marked as the J. A. York farm, section 4, pumped 20 barrels.

Mallory & Crawford's No. 1, H. Dees farm, section 32, produced 250 barrels, and Nos 2 and 3 are drilling.

The New York Petroleum Co.'s No. 4, M. A. Biggs farm, section 4, pumped 20 barrels

The American Development Co.'s No. 4, A. R. Short farm, section 32, produced 15 barrels. Nos. 5 and 7, same farm, were dusters and No. 8, produced 200 barrels, while No. 6 is yet drilling

Titus and others have a 50 barrel pumper in No. 1, P. Henry farm, section 21, and Brenneman & McDonalds No 2, A. B. Kirtland farm, section 5, produced 100 barrels. Milliken, Whitehill and others have a 30 barrel pumper in No. 1, V. J. Furman farm, section 2. McBride and Thompson have a 150 barrel producer in a test on the A E. Eoff farm section 5.

W. C Kennedy and others have a 200 barrel producer in No. 2, Wm Mouser farm, section 30 and a 100 barreler in No. 3, N. P. Wilkin farm, section 29. The Riddle-Nickle Oil Co.'s No 3, Lamar farm, section 10, pumped 50 barrels. The Superior Oil Co.'s No 1, Chas. Clark farm, section 17, pumped 50 barrels, and Guncheon Bros. No. 1, J. S. Warnock farm, section 35, produced 250 barrels. Brenneman & McDonald's No. 3, A B Kirtland farm, section 5, produced 100 barrels.

Work in Older Fields.

Field work in the older regions now producing oil in Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, West Virginia and Pennsylvania has been progressing steadily along the same lines of the past season, and the oil producing counties and districts show much good territory for fair sized and remunerative wells. While these fields can no longer be classed as a "gusher" mecca, for the producer of conservative idea in business, good opportunities remain for years to come on a fair line of profit margin Many wells of the smaller class are being pulled out, material removed and shipped to Illinois or Canadian regions, but leases are also being repaired and old wells cleaned and reshot. This kind of labor is keeping the average oil operator busy for he believes in having his wells in the best of producing shape for the cold winter season when production usually dwindles to less than half that of the warmer season of the year, and again when a lease is not in the best of shape it costs much more for running expenses which these days are a big item in the production of crude oil in any of the producing fields.

The way that the prices of crude oil stays stationery is something remarkable and puzzles the trade to a considerable extent. The fields known as the Mid-Continent can hardly show a daily production of about 125,000 barrels, and Illinois about 75,000 barrels, making a total of 200,000 barrels to say nothing of the other fields throughout the United States. These two fields produce sufficient crude to care for all the oil trade of the United States and this country's markets in the foreign countries The Mid-Continent daily output has grown to such an extent that another 8 inch pipe line is being constructed from the Humboldt end of the Kansas field to Kansas City, and from there may continue on to Whiting, Indiana, making three 8 inch lines. To the Illinois field the Ohio Oil Co. is building two lines of the 8 and 12 inch variety, and hopes are that the two lines can take care of the production in the Sucker state. With these two enormous producing fields with so much oil in sight it is no wonder that the market remains in such a steady position, and the drop of a few cents in the price would create but little surprise, but nevertheless the trade does not wish to see anything of the kind happen, as the producers of Indiana, Ohio, West Virginia, Pennsylvania and Kentucky should not be made to suffer for what the Illinois and Kansas producers are to blame for.

..The refiners shipping oil to the foreign countries are working night and day to dispose of their surplus oils, but are meeting with keen competition on the other side of the water.

That a good demand for all refined grades of petroleum is likely to continue is evidenced by the fact that conditions on the other side are practically without change. In Russia some improvement in production is noted, and shipments are assuming more normal proportions. For the most part, however, producers there have not as yet been able to meet consumers' requirements, but from present indications shipments to other foreign morkets will soon be resumed.

The weeks work in the high grade fields were as follows:

Fields	Com.	Pro.	Dry.
Indiana	30	686	7
Ohio	56	821	14
Illinois	80	6355	21
West Virginia ...	28	780	7
Kentucky	7	125	1
Total	201	8767	50

TUESDAY, NOV. 6TH

Is Election Day in Ohio. Do Not Forget it.

On Tuesday, November 6th will be election day in Ohio, and upon that date the democrats will present for the suffrages of the people of Allen County the following named county ticket. All the gentlemen named are candidates for re-election:

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER —A. L. CONRAD.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR— C. H. MOSIER.

FOR SURVEYOR—CHAS. E. CRAIG.

A Lucky Postmistress

is Mrs. Alexander, of Cary, Me., who has found Dr. King's New Life Pills to be the best remedy she ever tried for keeping the Stomach, Liver and Bowels in perfect order. You'll agree with her if you try these painless purifiers that infuse new life. Guaranteed by H F. Vortkamp, druggist. Price 25c.

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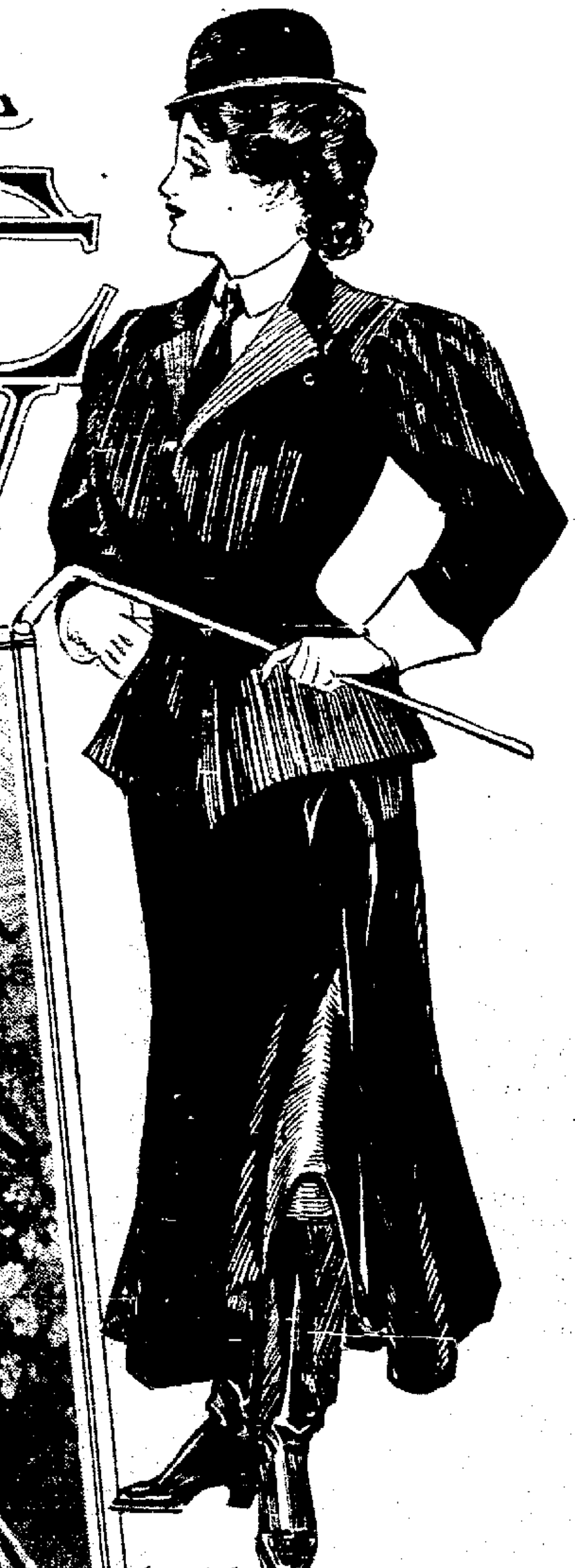
FASHION and the HORSE SHOW

MARABOUT AND OSTRICH STOLE AND MUFF.

RICH VELVET LUXURIOUS FURS AND REAL LACES



PARISIAN TAILOR-MADE

The Newest Modes in a Blaze of Glory—Luxurious Elegance in the Wraps and Gowns—Chapeaux of the Picturesque Order—Furs, Feathers, Jewels and Real Laces Lavishly Used.

The smart illustrations that accompany this page are, many of them, the work of famous Parisian houses, and yet it would task an expert to distinguish between the product of the best houses of Paris and those of equal standing in New York.

Judging by what one famous French woman who caters exclusively to children is putting forth, the little ones are to be gotten up more gorgeously this year than they have been for some time. Not that there is any hint or attempt at overelaboration or overdressing. It is merely that Madame is making use of more exquisite fabrics, more costly furs, more real lace and hand embroideries upon the garments of her little clients than she was wont to do in the past.

All fur coats for the youngsters are quite the fad. Some exquisite full-length affairs in chinchilla are displayed, made to the order of a young millionaire's wife for her two little daughters. Another wealthy little dame, in prospect, is to sport a full-length coat in ermine, and her cousin boasts of one in the no less costly but less seen minever. Pyrenean goat—it is realy a kidskin—is a recent comer, and althounght it is considered especially smart for children, the grown-ups have claimed it as theirs likewise. It is pretty gray fur, not at all unlike Russian pony in texture, and with a cap and muff to match—for such are imperative with a fur coat today—it is really quite a pretty and becoming affair for the small girl, without encountering an undue cost, either.

When one comes to consider the realm of the tailor-made, the infinite variety of styles that the tailor presents begins to be a bit bewildering. There is absolutely no one model, or class of models, that may be said to reign. One sees short etons, both loose and fitted. There are the smart little pony jackets that are capable of infinite variation. Short coats of Empire persuasion, too, are evident; while as for the loong coats, one sees them of all shapes and sizes and lengths, fitted, semi-fitted and loose, and everything in this line, from a redingote that displays the figure accurately to a burnous that envelopes it in soft and mysteriously disguising folds.

The vogue that attends the plain cloth coat topping a plaided skirt seems bound to continue, if one is to judge by the number that are to be displayed during the coming weeks. All sorts of pretty, though sober, shades in broadcloth or in velveteen are employed for the coat, and the skirt plaid repeats the coat color in its dominant note.

Some of the fitted coats are really a trifle suggestive of horse and habit use. Charming cutaways, with a most elaborate waistcoat inserted to take away the slight reproach of masculinity, are affected by some of the cleverest and most fastidious dressers. They reproduce much of the effect of the masculine cutaway; but the glossy cloth, the smart waistcoat, and the use of elaborate trimmings make it an essentially feminine production.

The chiffon velveteens, and even corduroys, are on view in some charming shades. For the younger generation they are vastly liked in sensible colorings; braided with several widths of tressed strands, from a soutache up to a four-inch width. Plaid braids favor here, and in the darker colored costumes they show up to delightful advantage.

Chiffon velvet, in delicate shades and colorings, appear to an added advantage when associated with a picturesque chapeau and dainty ostrich or marabout boa. The muff en suite is usually carried, too; not for warmth, but rather for appearances. The greater part of these dainty little muffs—only the best of them are large—are fashioned minus the usual down lining, so that they are really quite suitable for present as well as for future use.

In strong contradistinction to the gowns of the morning sessions, those of the afternoon are fashioned with the skirts en traine, and there is usually a more or less transparent top to the corsage. Lace is abundantly used on the later styles in corsages, and hand embroideries in bold and well defined patterns decorate both bodice and skirt.

Several novel materials—that is they are novel this year—are being pushed by many. One is poplin, which we have had several times before, but it always comes back with some new feature to commend it. The late ones, however, are seen mostly in sober, if not sombre olorings; and velvet is usually the garniture selected for this colleen poplin when fashioned for the elder members of society. Chenille embroideries, too appear on this favored fabric, and a touch or two of Irish crochet is quite appropriate.

The short sleeve and the long glove still maintain for dressy purposes; but in morning gowns they are being replaced by the more sensible and suitable full length arm covering. Transparent half sleeves that match the yoke or corsage top in materials and make display themselves on some of the pretty afternoon gowns, especially on those of crepe de chine—which is now offered in what are known as tailor weights—ottoman, marveilleux—another silk that is resurrected from oblivion—and messaline.

DRUNK OR SOBER.

The following words have been registered as designations of whisky: Cracyarisothelleditionment," "Agaphyon," "Scmpernicklement," and "Skabrigdantyfuge." The ability to order any one of the brands in question might well be taken as conclusive proof of sobriety, says the British Medical Journal. On the contrary, the man who said these things would be regarded as one who, being drunk, was getting tied up in a vain effort to say something else.—London Daily Tribune.

Some Exquisite Effects—Gowns are Cut Less Low—Hats are Considered Correct With Evening Dress at the Show

It is after the lamps are lit, to use the old-fashioned phrase, that beauty and fashion put on their most alluring guise.

For dinner and afterwards Dame Fashion has prepared some of the most fascinating gowns and wraps that have shown themselves for many seasons.

Spangled nets so closely covered with paillettes that the foundation to which they are sewn is hardly suspected, much less seen; embroidered nets and tullines that seem so airily fragile that a single wearing might end their usefulness; real laces appliqued to filmy amlinettes and posed over a sheer chiffon, make one imagine that the bold design of lace were without other foundation. Such are the effects that are most favored of fashion, and of their richness and charm one has but to see to understand.

Quite a modest line is presented in the decolletage. Some members of smart society are noted for their extremely low decolletage, which they wear wherever occasion offers even the slightest excuse or opportunity. But of such neither fashion nor good teste approve. Indeed, for the debutante what one might term merely a round neck is the correct thing, and her elders in the social circle are limited to a decolletage that is but a mere trifle lower.

One's best bib and tucker is no longer a mere phrase. They are both of them actual realities brought to light once more in the historical line that the present modes are pursuing. At the first and passing glance the low-cut bodice seems daringly low, but modesty is appeased in the tucker of malinette that fastened into the armsize and drawn softly across the front, to be fastened either in the center or at one side with the most appropriate piece of jewelry that the treasure box of madame affords.

As for the bib shapes—they are legion. Since they afford delightful opportunity for variation and originality small wonder it is that fashion and the dressmaker alike have welcomed them enthusiastically. In strict keeping with the continued vogue of the separate waist or corsage, the bib that is fashioned from the skirt material—be it merely the veriest hint or suggestion of such—will serve to meld the two parts into harmony and effect a clever contrast where, without it,

CLEVER DESIGN FOR CARRIAGE OR EVENING WRAP

would be a haphazard or a hit-or-miss effect.

There is absolutely no hint of waning favor where velvets are converned. The chiffon weaves are delightfully varied by the introduction of moired markings, by Peking stripes, by coin spots, discs, crescents, cubes and other devices introduced in the weave.

Some charming robe designs, as those woven ready to mount are termed, are to be seen in the sheerest of chiffon failles, those showing border designs wrought in velvet that is woven on the silk with an extra deep pile, that it reflects the light in a marvelous manner. Floral patterns, foliage, Greek key designs of more or less intricateness, bands that simulate graduated rows of velvet ribbon, bowknots and festooned devices are all favored. Elderly ladies and the younger set of matrons art taking to those with enthusiasm; and for dinner and theatre costumes they assuredly present an air of luxury that is charmingly combined with a service ability that one does not often find in such combination.

Hand-painted chiffons, as they are called—although they are, in truth, the very highest type of French printing—come likewise in the bordered effects, and the clever touch of black that the Parisienne so universally affects it so deftly introduced into even the most delicate of those that admiration is compelled.

One beautiful one was displayed at an exclusive importer's the other day. The ground was white, sprinkled with little Sicilian violets of the double variety at far intervals. The border was stopped by a simulated festooned of pale blue ribbon; then came the background, upon which yellowish tea roses made garlands, and below that was a thick border of the Sicilian violets posed agains the white background, which showed but rarely between the flowers. This exquisite material was fashioned into a long coat of the short-waisted design in the back, the fronts coming but to the bust, where a waistcoat—also short waisted—of real lace was draped. The long folds of the coat came to the hem of the skirt train in the back, rounded up at the sides to droop again in the fronts. An Empire gridle of hydrangea blue velvet, held in place with two old brilliant paste buckles at the center back and at one side of the front, made a clever touch of contrast; and this was repeated in the band, a bias fold, that finished the edge of the skirt and made for a certain stability of "hang" to the very sheer chiffon.

One sees many of those long-coat bodices in connection with gowns that are intended for formal wear only. They are most of them of the empire persuasion, conspicuously short waisted and rather scant in their folds. The extreme of bouffancy that accompanied this design in the days of its earlier introduction has disappeared and a closed adherence to hostorical accuracy now prevails.

As for the wraps that are to accompany those artistically gorgeous gowns, they are of the fullest and fluffiest variety. The bevette or bib designs are carried to an extreme here and shaped tabliers that fall from the shoulders, to round up at the slit side, seams, and carry any number of tiny plisse frills for their trimming effect. The sleeves to those are planned usually to show a mass of lace and chiffon, which ripples down either side of the slit seam with frothy effect.

EVERYBODY WAS BUSY.

"But I can't understand how it was the man was dropped in the lake when there were so many people about at the time."

"There were certainly heaps of people there, but one man was occupied in photographing him, another composed a poem about it; a third lectured his little boy who was with him on the danger of not being careful when on the water; a great many others crowded round the place out of curiosity, the policeman and the park keeper quarreled because they could not agree how help should be got, and so between them all the poor fellow sank."—Fliegende Blatter.

PLEADS IGNORANCE.

Judge—"How did you come to get drunk?"

Defendant—"Faith, yer honor, Oi'm not to blame. Oi didn't know what Oi was doin'."

Judge—"You didn't. How was that?"

Defendant—"Well, ye see, sor, Oi was under th' influence of liquor whin Oi shtarted."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Of Exquisite Materials and Costly Trimmings.

BY PEDDOUX.

The tailor-made gown fils a niche in even the most modest wardrobe that cannot well be filled by any other type of the dressmaker's art. Whether the dress allowance be a hugely extravagant one, or the slender sum that demands much thought, and still forethought to its spending, the tailored production is one that cannot very well be reckoned without.

An extremely clever compromise betwixt the warring factions in tailor-mades is effected in the model of Perdoux that appears here. On the one hand, the demand of the plain and severe, almost masculine, effect is observed in the slightly mannish cut of the coat; while the exigencies of the dressier type, known as the demi-tailleur, make themselves apparent in the richly braided waistcoat, the embroidered buttons, and the extreme, though graceful, fullness of the skirt.

The vogue that attends the combination of plain and plaided goods is observed in the use of a smart shade of sapphire blue chiffon broadcloth for the coat, and a plaided broadcloth, in which this same color is the dominant tone, for the skirt. The latter is further enhanced by an overplaid effect in a black satin stripe, which serves to block out the squares of soft blue coloring. No touch of the plaid appears on the coat, where the revers are faced with black satin, and bands of the same serve to make a border all around the coat skirts and cuffs.

Some Dainty Accessories.

There is evident a very strong liking for chiffon velveteen on the part of the younger section of society, especially those who have to accomplish their sartorial aims and ambitions upon a stated dress allowance. To such a pitch of perfection have the manufacturers brought this same once-despised velveteen that it often takes more than a passing glance to distinguish it from it much more expensive cousin, the chiffon silk velvet. All the bloom and softness of coloring are there, and when contrasted with a fine broadcloth, a soft silk or a filmy lace, all of the pretty effect of the more expensive fabric is gained, and without undue cost either.

One of the new blues, a bleu d'acier, or steel blue, is shown contrasted with a bleu d'argent, or silver blue satin merveilleux. The littl blouse of an allover Valenciennes is strapped with tiny folds of the velveteen used upon slightly wider ones of the satin to delightful effect. The short and loose Eton shows a puff of satin showing out from a scant cape effect of the velveteen; while the skirt is one of those extremely full circular affairs that demands deep and goodly pleats at the waistline, continued down to the hem, to adjust the fulness.

There is scarcely any occasion of formal intent for which this exquisite costume will not prove itself appropriate, save, perhaps an appearance in a box at the opera upon a gala night. The chiffon velvet gown is in a deep gray, that shade rich velvet, real laces and luxurious furs that borders upon a brownish-yellow fog tone and is locally known as taupe or moleskin. Although exceedingly fashionable, this shade is a trying one to wear close to the face and hence the best makers are posing a yoke of lace usually in white or cream to relieve the dull coloring between the material of the bodice and the complexion. Such a mode is followed here, the collar and yoke being of tucked and shirred bolue de neige net, the velvet applied to simulate a bolero, and edged with a broad band of heavy Irish crochet of exquisitely fine workmanship. The sleeve is short but puffy, and finished below the elbow with three tiny upstanding frills of the same net as makes the yoke. The skirt is exceedingly full, with soft pleats tucked into the waistband; and the hem made slightly stiff with a bias band posed flat on the hem and topped with two thick cable cords covered plain with the velvet. The ermine is elaborately trimmed with a combination of Irish crochet and tierre apliqus while the chapeau is a white felt.

TUESDAY, NOV. 6TH

Is Election Day in Ohio. Do Not Forget it.

On Tuesday, November 6th will be election day in Ohio, and upon that date the democrats will present for the suffrages of the people of Allen County the following named county ticket. All the gentlemen named are candidates for re-election:

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—A. L. CONRAD.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR—C. H. MOSIER.

FOR SURVEYOR—CHAS. E. CRAIG.

SKILLED IN HIS CRAFT.

The early bird was chuckling over having caught the worm.

"Of course," said the bird, "I got a good deal of credit for thrift, and enterprise, and all that, but to tell the truth about it I was merely doing a holiday, and my experience is that the early morning is the safest time to do that."—Chicago Tribune.

UNREASONABLE KICK.

"Say," complained the new tenant, "I find that the people who had this flat before we came here pasted cheap pictures all over the wall in one of the roms."

"Well," said the agent, "did you expect oil paintings, for $15 a month?"—Chicago Tribune.

MORNING AND EVENING GIRL.

O, say can you see by the dawn's early
light
What so proudly you praised at the
twilight's last gleaming?
Well, not much you can't, for a girl's
a sight
In the morning that knocks your
pipe dreaming. The Bohemian.

PRACTICAL.

"I'm sure my 2-year-old son is going to have good business ability," said the proud father.

"What's the reason?" asked a friend.

"We tried every way to force him to stop putting his thumb in his mouth, but he never paid the least attention to us till we offered to buy him off."—Detroit Free Press.

The smell of nutmeg always reminds some men of the Tom and Jerry season.

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